

THE  
HISTORY  
OF  
*TOM JONES,*  
A  
FOUNDLING.

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By HENRY FIELDING, Esq.

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....MORES HOMINUM MULTORUM VIDIT....

VOLUME III.

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## INTRODUCTION

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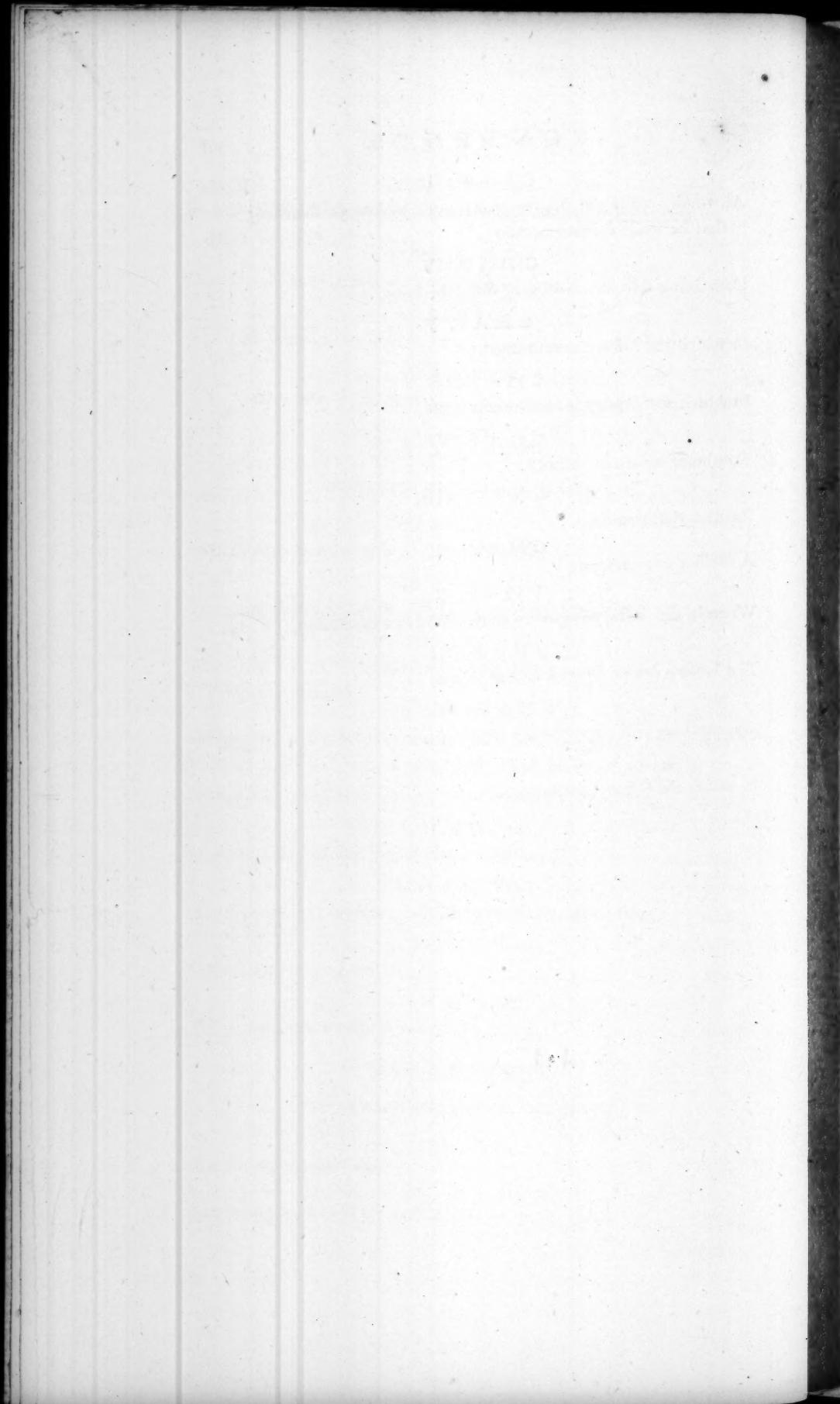
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and it would not be possible to say that the said 1000 acres

are not fit for cultivation and for the purpose of

agriculture and for the purpose of

TO MORTALITY.

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THE  
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FOUNDLING.

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BOOK XIII.

CONTAINING THE SPACE OF TWELVE DAYS.

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CHAP. I.

*An Invocation.*

**C**OME, bright Love of Fame, inspire my glowing breast: not thee I call, who, over swelling tides of blood and tears, dost bear the hero on to glory, while sighs of millions waft his spreading sails; but thee, fair, gentle maid, whom Mnesis, happy nymph, first on the banks of Hebrus did produce; thee, whom Mæonia educated, whom Mantua charmed, and who, on that fair hill which overlooks the proud metropolis of Britain, sat'st, with thy Milton, sweetly tuning thy heroic lyre; fill my ravished fancy with the hopes of charming ages yet to come. Foretel me, that some tender maid, whose grandmother is yet unborn, hereafter, when under the fictitious name of Sophia, she reads the real worth which once existed in my Charlotte, shall from her sympathetic breast send forth the heaving sigh. Do thou teach me, not only to foresee, but to enjoy, nay even to feed on future praise. Comfort me by a solemn assurance, that, when the little parlour, in which I sit at this instant,

VOL. III. A t. shall

shall be reduced to a worse furnished box, I shall be read with honour by those who never knew nor saw me, and whom I shall never know nor see.

And thou, much plumper dame, whom no airy forms nor phantoms of imagination clothe ; whom the well-seasoned beef, and pudding richly stained with plums, delight : Thee I call, of whom in a Treckschuyte, in some Dutch canal, the fat ufrow gelt, impregnated by a jolly merchant of Amsterdam, was delivered ; in Grub-street school didst thou suck in the elements of thy erudition. Here hast thou, in thy maturer age, taught poetry to tickle, not the fancy, but the pride of the patron. Comedy from thee learns a grave and solemn air ; while Tragedy storms loud, and rends the affrighted theatres with its thunder. To sooth thy wearied limbs in slumber, Alderman History tells his tedious tale ; and again, to awaken thee, Monsieur Romance performs his surprising tricks of dexterity. Nor less thy well-fed bookseller obeys thy influence. By thy advice, the heavy unread, folio lump, which long had dozed on the dusty shelf, piece-mealed into numbers, runs nimbly through the nation. Instructed by thee, some books, like quacks, impose upon the world by promising wonders ; while others turn beaux, and trust all their merits to a gilded outside. Come, thou jolly substance, with thy shining face, keep back thy inspiration, but hold forth thy tempting rewards ; thy shining, chinking heap, thy quickly-convertible bank-bill, big with unseen riches, thy often-varying stock, the warm, the comfortable house, and lastly, a fair portion of that bounteous mother, whose flowing breasts yield redundant sustenance for all her numerous offspring, did not some too greedily and wantonly drive their brethren from the treat. Come thou, and, if I am too tasteless of thy valuable treasures, warm my heart with the transporting thought of conveying them to others. Tell me that, through thy bounty, the prattling babes, whose innocent play hath often been interrupted by my labours, may one time be amply rewarded for them.

And now this ill-yoked pair, this lean shadow, and this fat substance, have prompted me to write, whose assistance shall I invoke to direct my pen ?

First,

First, Genius, thou gift of heaven, without whose aid in vain we struggle against the stream of nature. Thou, who dost sow the generous seeds which art nourishes, and brings to perfection; do thou kindly take me by the hand, and lead me through all the mazes, the winding labyrinths of nature. Initiate me into all those mysteries, which profane eyes never beheld. Teach me, which to thee is no difficult task, to know mankind better than they know themselves. Remove that mist which dims the intellects of mortals, and causes them to adore men for their art, or to detest them for their cunning in deceiving others, when they are in reality the objects only of ridicule for deceiving themselves. Strip off the thin disguise of wisdom from self-conceit, of plenty from avarice, and of glory from ambition. Come thou that hast inspired thy Aristophanes, thy Lucian, thy Cervantes, thy Rabelais, thy Moliere, thy Shakespeare, thy Swift, thy Marivaux, fill my pages with humour, till mankind learn the good nature to laugh only at the follies of others, and the humility to grieve at their own.

And thou, almost the constant attendant on true genius, Humanity, bring all thy tender sensations. If thou hast already disposed of them all between thy Allen and thy Lyttleton, steal them a little while from their bosoms. Not without these the tender scene is painted. From these alone proceed the noble disinterested friendship, the melting love, the generous sentiment, the ardent gratitude, the soft compassion, the candid opinion, and all those strong energies of a good mind, which fill the moistened eyes with tears, the glowing cheeks with blood, and swell the hearts with tides of grief, joy, and benevolence.

And thou, O Learning, (for without thy assistance nothing pure, nothing correct, can genius produce,) do thou guide my pen. Thee in thy favourite fields, where the limpid, gently-rolling Thames washes thy Etonian banks, in early youth I have worshipped. To thee at thy birchen altar, with true Spartan devotion, I have sacrificed my blood. Come, then, and from the vast luxuriant stores, in long antiquity piled up, pour forth the rich profusion. Open thy Mæonian and thy Mantuan coffers, with whatever else includes thy philosophic, thy

and thy historical treasures, whether with Greek or Roman characters thou hast chosen to inscribe the ponderous chests: give me a while that key to all thy treasures, which to thy Warburton thou hast entrusted.

Lastly, come, Experience, long conversant with the wife, the good, the learned, and the polite; nor with them only, but with every kind of character, from the minister at his levee, to the bailiff in his spunging-house; from the duchess at her drum, to the landlady behind her bar. From thee only can the manners of mankind be known; to which the recluse pedant, however great his parts, or extensive his learning may be, hath ever been a stranger.

Come all these, and more, if possible: for arduous is the task I have undertaken, and, without all your assistance, will, I find, be too heavy for me to support. But, if you all smile on my labours, I hope still to bring them to a happy conclusion.

## CHAP. II.

*What befel Mr Jones on his Arrival in London.*

THE learned Dr Misaubin used to say, that the proper direction to him was, *To Dr Misaubin in the World*; intimating, that there were few people in it to whom his great reputation was not known. And perhaps upon a very nice examination into the matter, we shall find that this circumstance bears no inconsiderable part among the many blessings of grandeur.

The great happiness of being known to posterity, with the hopes of which we so delighted ourselves in the preceding chapter, is the portion of few. To have the several elements which compose our names, as Sydenham expresseth it, repeated a thousand years hence, is a gift beyond the power of title and wealth, and is scarce to be purchased, unless by the sword and the pen. But to avoid the scandalous imputation, while we yet live, of being *one whom nobody knows*, (a scandal by the by as old as the days of Homer\*,) will always be the envied portion

\* See the 2d Odysssey, ver. 175.

tion of those, who have a legal title either to honour or estate.

From the figure, therefore, which the Irish peer, who brought Sophia to town, hath already made in this history, the reader will conclude, doubtless, it must have been an easy matter to have discovered his house in London, without knowing the particular street or square which he inhabited, since he must have been *one whom every body knows*. To say the truth, so it would have been to any of those tradesmen who were accustomed to attend the regions of the great; for the doors of the great are generally no less easy to find, than it is difficult to get entrance into them. But Jones, as well as Partridge, was an entire stranger in London; and as he happened to arrive first in a quarter of the town, the inhabitants of which have very little intercourse with the householders of Hanover or Grosvenor-square, (for he entered thro' Gray's Inn-Lane,) so he rambled about some time, before he could even find his way to those happy mansions, where fortune segregates from the vulgar those magnanimous heroes, the descendants of ancient Britons, Saxons, or Danes, whose ancestors, being born in better days, by sundry kinds of merit, have entailed riches and honour on their posterity.

Jones, being at length arrived at those terrestrial Elysian fields, would now soon have discovered his lordship's mansion; but the peer unluckily quitted his former house when he went for Ireland; and, as he was just entered into a new one, the fame of his equipage had not yet sufficiently blazed in the neighbourhood: so that, after a successless inquiry till the clock had struck eleven, Jones at last yielded to the advice of Partridge, and retreated to the Bull and Gate in Holburn, that being the inn where he had first alighted, and where he retired to enjoy that kind of repose which usually attends persons in his circumstances.

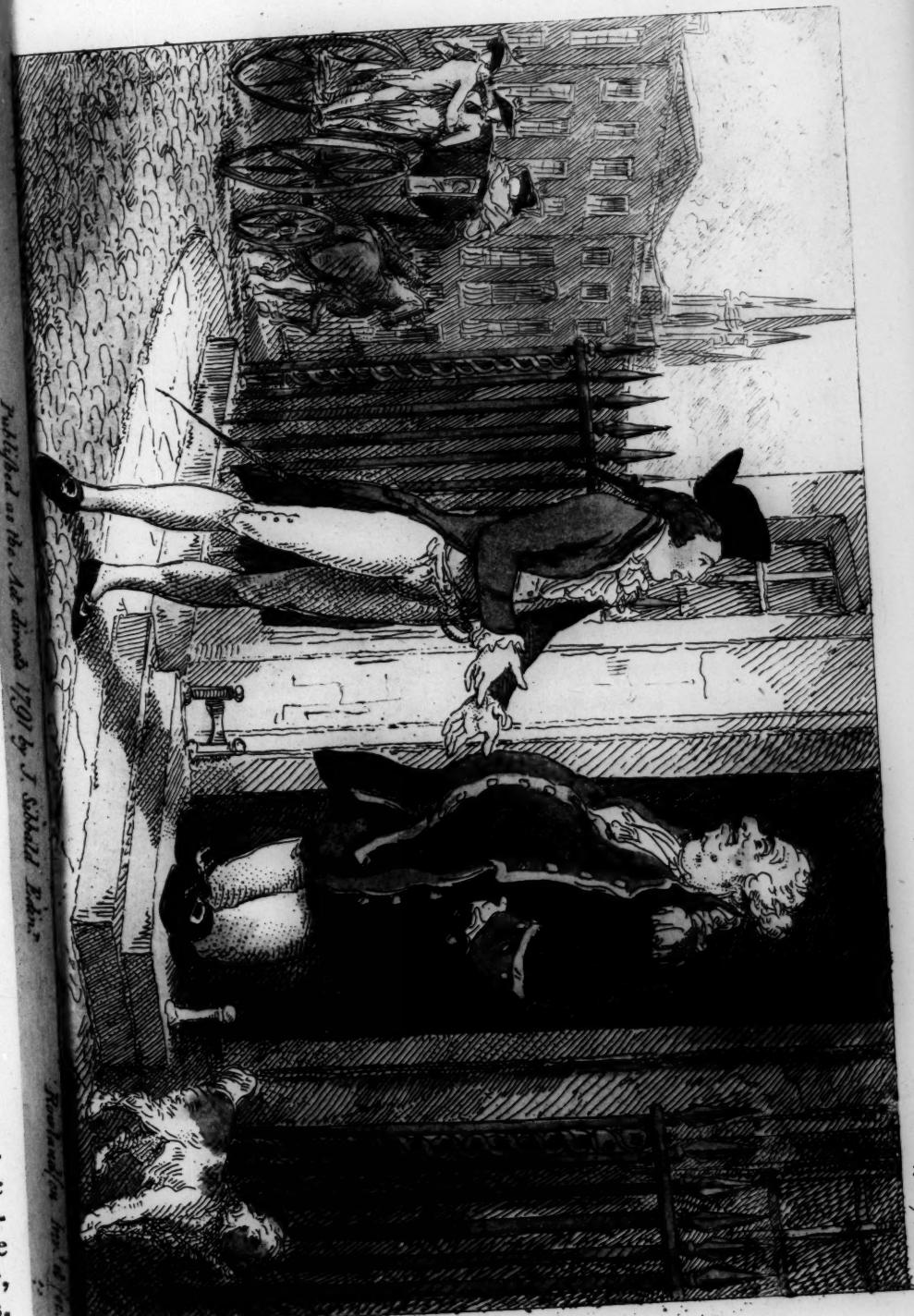
Early in the morning he again set forth in pursuit of Sophia; and many a weary step he took to no better purpose than before. At last, whether it was that fortune relented, or whether it was no longer in her power to disappoint him, he came into the very street which was honoured by his lordship's residence; and, being directed

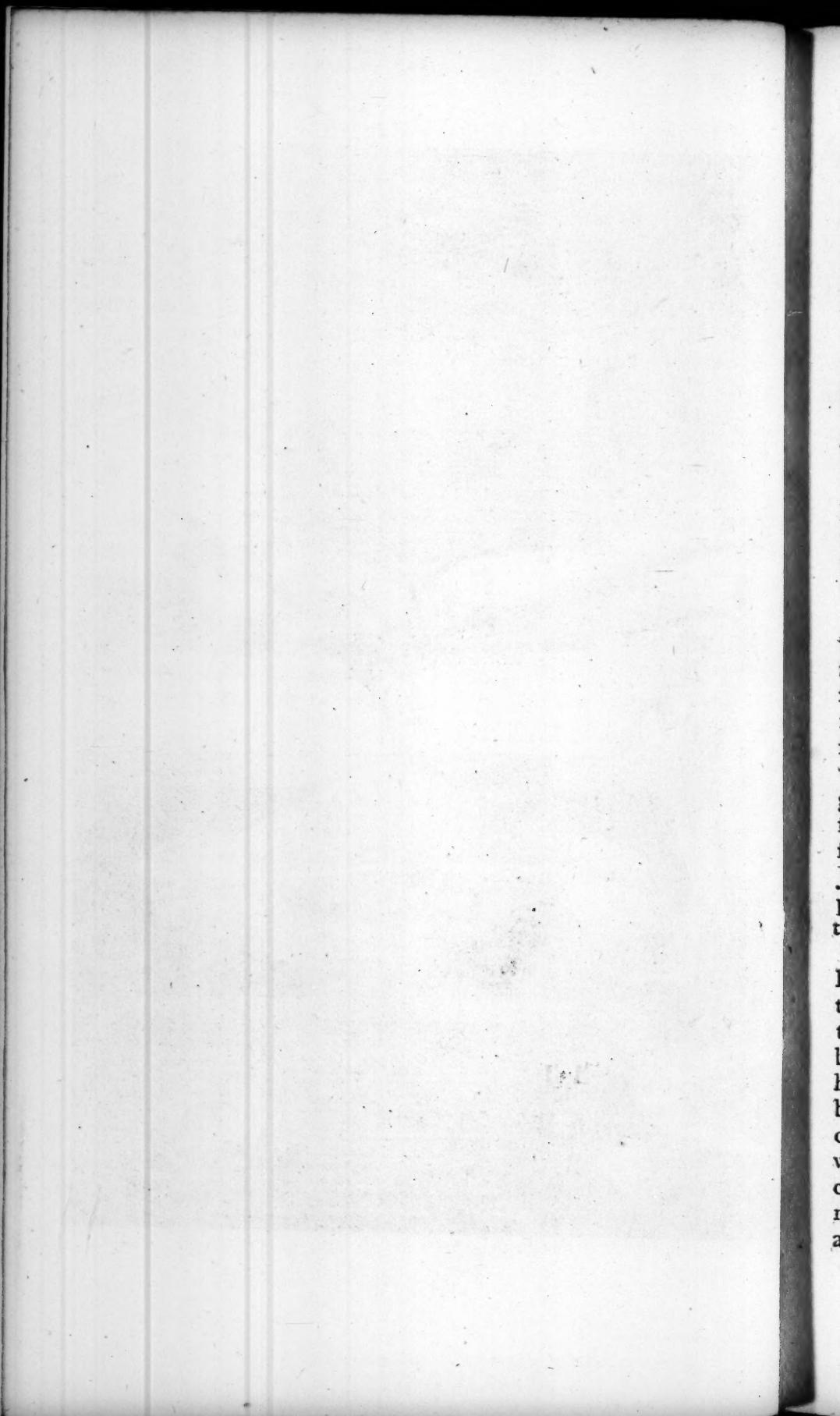
directed to the house, he gave one gentle rap at the door.

The porter, who from the modesty of the knock had conceived no high idea of the person approaching, conceived but little better from the appearance of Mr Jones, who was dressed in a suit of fustian, and had by his side the weapon formerly purchased of the serjeant ; of which, though the blade might be composed of well-tempered steel, the handle was composed only of brass, and that none of the brightest. When Jones, therefore, inquired after the young lady, who had come to town with his lordship, this fellow answered furlily, “ That there were no ladies there.” Jones then desired to see the master of the house ; but was informed that his lordship would see nobody that morning. And upon growing more pressing, the porter said, “ he had positive orders to let no person in ; but if you think proper,” said he, “ to leave your name, I will acquaint his lordship ; and, if you call another time, you shall know when he will see you.”

Jones now declared, “ that he had very particular business with the young lady, and could not depart without seeing her.” Upon which the porter, with no very agreeable voice or aspect, affirmed, “ that there was no young lady in the house, and consequently none could he see ;” adding, “ sure you are the strangest man I ever met with, for you will not take an answer.”

I have often thought, that, by the particular description of Cerberus, the porter of hell, in the 6th *Aeneid*, Virgil might possibly intend to satirize the porters of the great men in his time ; the picture at least resembles those who have the honour to attend at the doors of our great men. The porter in his lodge answers exactly to Cerberus in his den, and, like him, must be appeased by a sop, before access can be gained to his master. Perhaps Jones might have seen him in that light, and have recollected the passage, where the Sybil, in order to procure an entrance for *Aeneas*, presents the keeper of the Stygian avenue with such a sop. Jones, in like manner, now began to offer a bribe to the human Cerberus, which a footman overhearing, instantly advanced, and declared,





declared, "if Mr Jones would give him the sum proposed, he would conduct him to the lady." Jones instantly agreed, and was forthwith conducted to the lodging of Mrs Fitzpatrick, by the very fellow who had attended the ladies thither the day before.

Nothing more aggravates ill success than the *near approach* to good. The gamester, who loses his party at piquet by a single point, laments his bad luck ten times as much as he who never came within a prospect of the game. So in a lottery, the proprietors of the next numbers to that which win the great prize, are apt to account themselves much more unfortunate than their fellow-sufferers. In short, these kind of hair-breadth misings of happiness look like the insults of fortune, who may be considered as thus playing tricks with us, and wantonly diverting herself at our expence.

Jones, who more than once already had experienced this frolicsome disposition of the heathen goddes, was now again doomed to be tantalized in the like manner: for he arrived at the door of Mrs Fitzpatrick, about ten minutes after the departure of Sophia. He now addressed himself to the waiting-woman belonging to Mrs Fitzpatrick, who told him the disagreeable news that the lady was gone, but could not tell him whither; and the same answer he afterwards received from Mrs Fitzpatrick herself. For as that lady made no doubt but that Mr Jones was a person detached from her uncle Western, in pursuit of his daughter, so she was too generous to betray her.

Though Jones had never seen Mrs Fitzpatrick, yet, he had heard that a cousin of Sophia was married to a gentleman of that name. This, however, in the present tumult of his mind, never once recurred to his memory: but when the footman, who had conducted him from his lordship's, acquainted him with the great intimacy between the ladies, and with their calling each other cousin, he then recollect<sup>ed</sup> the story of the marriage which he had formerly heard; and as he was presently convinced that this was the same woman, he became more surprised at the answer which he had received, and very earnestly desired leave to wait on the lady herself,

herself, but she as positively refused him that honour.

Jones, who, though he had never seen a court, was better bred than most who frequent it, was incapable of any rude or abrupt behaviour to a lady. When he had received therefore, a peremptory denial, he retired for the present, saying to the waiting-woman, “ That, if this was an improper hour to wait on the lady, he would return in the afternoon, and that he then hoped to have the honour of seeing her.” The civility with which he uttered this, added to the great comeliness of his person, made an impression on the waiting-woman, and she could not help answering, “ Perhaps, Sir, you may ;” and, indeed, she afterwards said every thing to her mistress, which she thought most likely to prevail upon her to admit a visit from the handsome young gentleman, for so she called him.

Jones very shrewdly suspected, that Sophia herself was now with her cousin, and was denied to him ; which he imputed to her resentment of what had happened at Upton. Having, therefore, dispatched Partridge to procure him lodgings, he remained all day in the street, watching the door where he thought his angel lay concealed ; but no person did he see issue forth, except a servant of the house ; and in the evening he returned to pay his visit to Mrs Fitzpatrick, which that good lady at last condescended to admit.

There is a certain air of natural gentility, which it is neither in the power of dress to give, nor to conceal. Mr Jones, as hath been before hinted, was possessed of this in a very eminent degree. He met, therefore, with a reception from the lady, somewhat different from what his apparel seemed to demand ; and, after he had paid her his proper respects, was desired to sit down.

The reader will not, I believe, be desirous of knowing all the particulars of this conversation, which ended very little to the satisfaction of poor Jones : for though Mrs Fitzpatrick soon discovered the lover, (as all women have the eyes of hawks in those matters,) yet she still thought it was such a lover, as a generous friend of the lady should not betray her to. In short, she suspected this

was

was the very Mr Blifil from whom Sophia had flown ; and all the answers, which she artfully drew from Mr Jones concerning Mr Allworthy's family, confirmed her in this opinion. She therefore strictly denied any knowledge concerning the place whither Sophia was gone, nor could Jones obtain more than a permission to wait upon her again the next evening.

When Jones was departed, Mrs Fitzpatrick communicated her suspicion concerning Mr Blifil to her maid, who answered, " Sure, Madam, he is too pretty a man, " in my opinion, for any woman in the world to run away from. I had rather fancy it is Mr Jones." — " Mr Jones," said the lady ; " what Jones ?" For Sophia had not given the least hint of any such person in all their conversation : but Mrs Honour had been much more communicative, and had acquainted her sister Abigail with the whole history of Jones, which this now again related to her mistress.

Mrs Fitzpatrick no sooner received this information, than she immediately agreed with the opinion of her maid ; and what is very unaccountable, saw charms in the gallant happy lover, which she had overlooked in the slighted 'squire. " Betty," says she, " you are certainly " in the right ; he is a very pretty fellow, and I don't " wonder that my cousin's maid should tell you so many " women are fond of him. I am sorry now I did not " inform him where my cousin was ; and yet, if he be " so terrible a rake as you tell me, it is a pity she should " see him any more ; for what but her ruin can happen " from marrying a rake and a beggar against her father's " consent. I protest, if he be such a man as the wench " described him to you, it is but an office of charity " to keep her from him ; and, I am sure, it would be " unpardonable in me to do otherwise, who have tasted " so bitterly of the misfortunes attending such marriages."

Here she was interrupted by the arrival of a visitor, which was no other than his lordship ; and as nothing passed at this visit either new or extraordinary, or any ways material to this history, we shall here put an end to this chapter.

## CHAP. III.

*A Project of Mrs Fitzpatrick, and her Visit to Lady Bellaston.*

WHEN Mrs Fitzpatrick retired to rest, her thoughts were entirely taken up by her cousin Sophia and Mr Jones. She was indeed a little offended with the former for the disingenuity which she now discovered. In which meditation she had not long exercised her imagination, before the following conceit suggested itself ; that, could she possibly become the means of preserving Sophia from this man, and of restoring her to her father, she should, in all human probability, by so great a service to the family, reconcile herself both to her uncle and her aunt Western.

As this was one of her most favourite wishes, so the hope of success seemed so reasonable, that nothing remained but to consider of proper methods to accomplish her scheme. To attempt to reason the case with Sophia, did not appear to her one of those methods ; for as Betty had reported from Mrs Honour, that Sophia had a violent inclination to Jones, she conceived, that to dissuade her from the match was an endeavour of the same kind, as it would be very heartily and earnestly to entreat a moth not to fly into a candle.

If the reader will please to remember, that the acquaintance which Sophia had with Lady Bellaston was contracted at the house of Mrs Western, and must have grown at the very time when Mrs Fitzpatrick lived with this latter lady, he will want no information, that Mrs Fitzpatrick must have been acquainted with her like-wife. They were, besides, both equally her distant relations.

After much consideration, therefore, she resolved to go early in the morning to that lady, and endeavour to see her, unknown to Sophia, and to acquaint her with the whole affair : for she did not in the least doubt but that this prudent lady, who had often ridiculed romantic love and indiscreet marriages in her conversation, would very readily concur in her sentiments concerning this match,

match, and would lend her utmost assistance to prevent it.

This resolution she accordingly executed, and the next morning, before the sun, she huddled on her clothes, and, at a very unfashionable, unseasonable, unvisitable hour, went to Lady Bellaston, to whom she got access, without the least knowledge or suspicion of Sophia, who, though not asleep, lay at that time awake in her bed, with Honour snoring by her side.

Mrs Fitzpatrick made many apologies for any early abrupt visit, at an hour when, she said, 'she should not "have thought of disturbing her ladyship, but upon business of the utmost consequence." She then opened the whole affair, told all she had heard from Betty, and did not forget the visit which Jones had paid to herself the preceding evening.

Lady Bellaston answered with a smile, "Then you "have seen this terrible man, Madam: pray is he so very "fine a figure as he is represented? for Etoff entertained me last night almost two hours with him. The "wench I believe is in love with him by reputation." Here the reader will be apt to wonder; but the truth is, that Mrs Etoff, who had the honour to pin and unpin the Lady Bellaston, had received compleat information concerning the said Mr Jones, and had faithfully conveyed the same to her lady last night, (or rather that morning,) while she was undressing; on which account she had been detained in her office above the space of an hour and an half.

The lady, indeed, though generally well enough pleased with the narratives of Mrs Etoff at those seasons, gave an extraordinary attention to her account of Jones; for Honour had described him as a very handsome fellow, and Mrs Etoff in her hurry added so much to the beauty of his person to her report, that lady Bellaston began to conceive him to be a kind of miracle in nature.

The curiosity which her woman had inspired was now greatly increased by Mrs Fitzpatrick, who spoke as much in the favour of the person of Jones, as she had before spoken in dispraise of his birth, character, and fortune.

When lady Bellaston had heard the whole, she answered gravely, "Indeed, Madam, this is a matter of great consequence. Nothing can certainly be more commendable than the part you act; and I shall be very glad to have my share in the preservation of a young lady of so much merit, and for whom I have so much esteem."

"Doth not your ladyship think," says Mrs Fitzpatrick eagerly, "that it would be the best way to write immediately to my uncle, and acquaint him where my cousin is?"

The lady pondered a little upon this, and thus answered;—"Why, no, Madam, I think not. D<sup>r</sup> Western hath described her brother to me to be such a brute, that I cannot consent to put any woman under his power who hath escaped from it. I have heard he behaved like a monster to his own wife; for he is one of those wretches who think they have a right to tyrannize over us, and from such I shall ever esteem it the cause of my sex to rescue any woman who is so unfortunate to be under their power.—The business, dear cousin, will be only to keep Miss Western from seeing this young fellow, till the good company, which she will have an opportunity of meeting here, give her a proper turn."

"If he should find her out, Madam," answered the other, "your ladyship may be assured he will leave nothing unattempted to come at her."

"But, Madam," replied the lady, "it is impossible he should come here—though indeed it is possible he may get some intelligence where she is, and then may lurk about the house—I wish therefore I knew his person."

"Is there no way, Madam, by which I could have a sight of him? for otherwise you know, cousin, she may contrive to see him here without my knowledge." Mrs Fitzpatrick answered, "That he had threatened her with another visit that afternoon, and that, if her ladyship pleased to do her the honour of calling upon her then, she would hardly fail of seeing him between six and seven; and if he came earlier, she would by some means or other detain him till her ladyship's ar-  
" rival."

“ rival.”—Lady Bellafton replied, “ she would come the moment she could get from dinner, which she supposed would be by seven at the farthest ; for that it was absolutely necessary she should be acquainted with his person, “ Upon my word, Madam,” says she, “ it was very good to take this care of Miss Western : but common humanity, as well as regard to our family, requires it of us both ; for it would be a dreadful match indeed.”

Mrs Fitzpatrick failed not to make a proper return to the compliment which Lady Bellafton had bestowed on her cousin, and, after some little immaterial conversation, withdrew ; and, getting as fast as she could into her chair, unseen by Sophia or Honour, returned home.

## CHAP. IV.

*Which consists of Visiting.*

**M**R Jones had walked within sight of a certain door during the whole day, which, though one of the shortest, appeared to him to be one of the longest in the whole year. At length the clock having struck five, he returned to Mrs Fitzpatrick, who, though it was a full hour earlier than the decent time of visiting, received him very civilly, but still persisted in her ignorance concerning Sophia.

Jones, in asking for his angel, had dropped the word cousin ; upon which Mrs Fitzpatrick said, “ Then, Sir, “ you know we are related ; and, as we are, you will permit me the right of inquiring into the particulars of “ your business with my cousin.” Here Jones hesitated a good while, and at last answered, “ He had a considerable sum of money of hers in his hands which he “ desired to deliver to her.” He then produced the pocket-book, and acquainted Mrs Fitzpatrick with the contents, and with the method in which they came into his hands. He had scarce finished his story, when a violent noise shook the whole house. To attempt to describe this noise to those who have heard it, would be in vain,

vain, and to aim at giving any idea of it to those who have never heard the like, would be still more vain : for it may be truly said,

— *Zon acuta*  
*Sic geminau corybantes era.*

The priests of Cybele do not so rattle their sounding brafs.

In short, a footman knocked, or rather thundered at the door. Jones was a little surprised at the sound, having never heard it before ; but Mrs Fitzpatrick very calmly said, that, as some company were coming, she could not make him any answer now ; but, if he pleased to stay till they were gone, she intimated she had something to say to him.

The door of the room now flew open, and, after pushing in her hoop sideways before her, entered Lady Belialton, who, having first made a low curtsey to Mrs Fitzpatrick, and as low a one to Mr Jones, was ushered to the upper end of the room.

We mention these minute matters for the sake of some country ladies of our acquaintance, who think it contrary to the rules of modesty to bend their knees to a man.

The company were hardly well settled, before the arrival of the peer, lately mentioned, caused a fresh disturbance, and a repetition of ceremonials.

These being over, the conversation began to be (as the phrase is) extremely brilliant. However, as nothing past in it which can be thought material in itself, I shall omit the relation, the rather as I have known some very fine polite conversation grow extremely dull, when transcribed into books, or repeated on the stage. Indeed this mental repast is a dainty, of which those, who are excluded from polite assemblies, must be contented to remain as ignorant as they must of the several dainties of the French cookery, which are served only at the tables of the great. To say the truth, as neither of these are adapted to every taste, they might both be often thrown away on the vulgar.

Poor

Poor Jones was rather a spectator of this elegant scene than an actor in it ; for though, in the short interval before the peer's arrival, Lady Bellaston first, and afterwards Mrs Fitzpatrick, had addressed some of their discourse to him, yet no sooner was the noble lord entered, than he engrossed the whole attention of the two ladies to himself ; and as he took no more notice of Jones, than if no such person had been present, unless by now and then staring at him, the ladies followed his example.

The company had now staid so long, that Mrs Fitzpatrick plainly perceived they all designed to stay out each other. She therefore resolved to rid herself of Jones, he being the visitant to whom she thought the least ceremony was due. Taking therefore an opportunity of a cessation of chat, she addressed herself gravely to him, and said, "Sir, I shall not possibly be able to give you an answer to-night as to that business ; but if you please to leave word where I may send to you to-morrow." —

Jones had natural, but not artificial good-breeding. Instead therefore of communicating the secret of his lodgings to a servant, he acquainted the lady herself with it particularly, and soon after very ceremoniously withdrew.

He was no sooner gone, than the great personages, who had taken no notice of him present, began to take much notice of him in his absence ; but if the reader hath already excused us from relating the more brilliant part of this conversation, he will surely be very ready to excuse the repetition of what may be called vulgar abuse, though perhaps it may be material to our history to mention an observation of Lady Bellaston, who took her leave in a few minutes after him, and then said to Mrs Fitzpatrick, at her departure, "I am satisfied on the account of my 'cousin ; she can be in no danger from this fellow."

Our history shall follow the example of Lady Bellaston, and take leave of the present company, which was now reduced to two persons ; between whom, as nothing passed, which in the least concerns us or our reader, we shall not suffer ourselves to be diverted by it from mat-  
ters

ters which must seem of more consequence to all those who are at all interested in the affairs of our hero.

## C H A P. V.

*An Adventure which happened to Mr Jones at his lodgings, with some account of a young gentleman, who lodged there, and of the mistress of the house, and her two daughters.*

THE next morning; as early as it was decent, Jones attended at Mrs Fitzpatrick's door, where he was answered that the lady was not at home; an answer which surprized him the more, as he had walked backwards and forwards in the street from break of day; and if she had gone out, he must have seen her. This, answer, however, he was obliged to receive, and not only now, but to five several visits, which he made her that day.

To be plain with the reader, the noble peer had, from some reason or other, perhaps from a regard for the lady's honour, insisted that he should not see Mr Jones, whom he looked on as a scrub, any more; and the lady had complied in making that promise, to which we now see her so strictly adhere.

But as our gentle reader may possibly have a better opinion of the young gentleman than her ladyship, and may even have some concern, should it be apprehended, that during this unhappy separation from Sophia, he took up his residence either at an inn, or in the street; we shall now give an account of his lodging, which was indeed a very reputable house, and in a very good part of the town.

Mr Jones then had often heard Mr Allworthy mention the gentlewoman at whose house he used to lodge when he was in town. This person, who, as Jones likewise knew, lived in Bond-street, was the widow of a clergyman, and was left by him at his decease, in possession of two daughters, and of a compleat set of manuscript sermons.

Of

Of these two daughters, Nancy, the elder, was now arrived at the age of seventeen, and Betty, the younger, at that of ten.

Hither Jones had dispatched Partridge, and in this house he was provided with a room for himself in the second floor, and with one for Partridge in the fourth.

The first floor was inhabited by one of those young gentlemen, who, in the last age, were called men of wit and pleasure about town, and properly enough: for as men are usually denominated from their business or profession, so pleasure may be said to have been the only business or profession of those gentlemen to whom fortune had made all useful occupations unnecessary—Play-houses, coffee-houses, and taverns, were the scenes of their rendezvous. Wit and humour were the entertainments of their looser hours, and love was the business of their more serious moments. Wine and the muses conspired to kindle the brightest flame in their breasts; nor did they only admire, but some were able to celebrate the beauty they admired, and all to judge of the merit of such compositions.

Such therefore were properly called the men of wit and pleasure: but I question whether the same appellation may, with the same propriety, be given to those young gentlemen of our times, who have the same ambition to be distinguished for parts. Wit, certainly, they have nothing to do with. To give them their due, they soar a step higher than their predecessors, and may be called men of wisdom and vertu; (take heed you do not read virtue.) Thus at an age when the gentlemen above-mentioned employed their time in toasting the charms of a woman, or in making sonnets in her praise; in giving their opinion of a play at the theatre, or of a poem at Will's, or Button's; these gentlemen are considering of methods to be a corporation, or meditating speeches for the House of Commons, or rather for the magazines; but the science of gaming is that which above all others employs their thoughts. These are the studies of their graver hours, while for their amusements they have the vast circle of connoisseurship, painting, music, statuary, and natural philosophy, or rather *unnatural*, which deals in the wonderful, and knows

nothing of nature, except her monsters and imperfections.

When Jones had spent the whole day in vain inquiries after Mrs Fitzpatrick, he returned at last disconsolate to his apartment. Here, while he was venting his grief in private, he heard a violent uproar below stairs; and soon after a female voice begged him for Heaven's sake to come and prevent murder. Jones, who was never backward on any occasion to help the distressed, immediately ran down stairs; when, stepping into the dining-room, whence all the noise issued, he beheld the young gentleman of wisdom and vertu, just before-mentioned, pinned close to the wall by his footman, and a young woman standing by, wringing her hands, and crying out, "He will be murdered, he will be murdered;" and indeed the poor gentleman seemed in some danger of being choaked, when Jones flew hastily to his assistance, and rescued him just as he was breathing his last, from the unmerciful clutches of the enemy.

Though the fellow had received several kicks and cuffs from the little gentleman, who had more spirit than strength, he had made it a kind of scruple of conscience to strike his master, and would have contented himself with only choaking him; but towards Jones he bore no such respect; he no sooner therefore found himself a little roughly handled by his new antagonist, than he gave him one of those punches in the guts, which, though the spectators at Broughton's amphitheatre have such exquisite delight in seeing them, convey but very little pleasure in the feeling.

The lusty youth had no sooner received this blow, than he meditated a most grateful return; and now ensued a combat between Jones and the footman, which was very fierce, but short; for this fellow was no more able to contend with Jones, than his master had before been to contend with him.

And now fortune, according to her usual custom, reversed the face of affairs. The former victor lay breathless on the ground, and the vanquished gentleman had recovered breath enough to thank Mr Jones for hisseasonable assistance: he received likewise the hearty thanks

of

of the young woman present, who was indeed no other than Miss Nancy, the eldest daughter of the house.

The footman having now recovered his legs, shook his head at Jones, and with a sagacious look cry'd,—“ O d—n me, I'll have nothing more to do with you ; you have been upon the stage, or I am d—nably mista—ken :” And indeed we may forgive this his suspicion : for such was the agility and strength of our hero, that he was perhaps a match for one of the first-rate boxers, and could, with great ease, have beaten all the muffled \* graduates of Mr Broughton's school.

The master, foaming with wrath, ordered his man immediately to strip, to which the latter very readily agreed, on condition of receiving his wages. This condition was presently complied with, and the fellow was discharged.

And now the young gentleman, whose name was Nightingale, very strenuously insisted, that his deliverer should take part of a bottle of wine with him ; to which Jones, after much intreaty, consented, though more out of complaisance than inclination ; for the uneasiness of his mind fitted him very little for conversation at this time. Miss Nancy likewise, who was the only female then in the house, her mamma and sister being both gone to the play, condescended to favour them with her company.

When the bottle and glasses were on the table, the gentleman began to relate the occasion of the preceding disturbance.

“ I hope, Sir,” said he to Jones, “ you will not from this accident conclude, that I make a custom of strik-  
C 2 ing

\* Let posterity should be puzzled by this epithet, I think proper to explain it by an advertisement which was published Feb. 1. 1747.

N. B. Mr Broughton proposes, with proper assistance, to open an academy at his house in the Hay-market, for the instruction of those who are willing to be initiated in the mystery of boxing ; where the whole theory and practice of that truly British art, with all the various stops, blows, crosses-but-ocks, &c. incident to combatants, will be fully taught and explained ; and, that persons of quality and distinction may not be deterred from entering into a course of these lectures, they will be given with the utmost tenderness and regard to the delicacy of the frame and constitution of the pupil, for which reason muffles are provided, that will effectually secure them from the inconveniency of black eyes, broken jaws, and bloody noses.

“ ing my servants ; for I assure you this is the first time  
“ I have been guilty of it in my remembrance, and I  
“ have passed by many provoking faults in this very fel-  
“ low, before he could provoke me to it ; but when  
“ you hear what hath happened this evening, you will,  
“ I believe, think me excusable, I happened to come  
“ home several hours before my usual time, when I found  
“ four gentlemen of the cloth at whist by my fire ;—and  
“ my Hoyle, Sir,—my best Hoyle, which cost me a  
“ guinea, lying open on the table, with a quantity of por-  
“ ter spilt on one of the most material leaves of the  
“ whole book. This, you will allow, was provoking ; but I  
“ said nothing till the rest of the honest company was  
“ gone, and then gave the fellow a gentle rebuke, who,  
“ instead of expressing any concern, made me a pert an-  
“ swer, That servants must have their diversions as well as  
“ other people ; that he was sorry for the accident which  
“ had happened to the book, but that several of his ac-  
“ quaintance had bought the same for a shilling ; and that  
“ I might stop as much in his wages, if I pleased.” I now  
“ gave him a severer reprimand than before, when the  
“ rascal had the insolence to—In short, he imputed  
“ my early coming home to—In short, he cast a 're-  
“ flection—He mentioned the name of a young lady  
“ in a manner—in such a manner that incensed me  
“ beyond all patience ; and, in my passion, I struck  
“ him.”

Jones answered, “ That he believed no person living  
“ would blame him : for my part, said he, “ I confess I  
“ should, on the last-mentioned provocation, have done  
“ the same thing.”

Our company had not sat long before they were joined  
ed by the mother and daughter at their return from the  
play. And now they all spent a very cheerful evening  
together ; for all but Jones were heartily merry, and  
even he put on as much constrained mirth as possible.  
indeed half his natural flow of animal spirits, joined to  
the sweetness of his temper, was sufficient to make a most  
amiable companion ; and notwithstanding the heaviness  
of his heart, so agreeable did he make himself on the  
present occasion, that, at their breaking up, the young  
gentleman earnestly desired his further acquaintance.

Miss

Miss Nancy was well pleased with him ; and the widow, quite charmed with her new lodger, invited him with the other next morning to breakfast.

Jones, on his part, was no less satisfied. As for Miss Nancy, though a very little creature, she was extremely pretty, and the widow had all the charms which can adorn a woman near fifty. As she was one of the most innocent creatures in the world, so she was one of the most cheerful. She never thought, nor spoke, nor wished any ill, and had constantly that desire of pleasing, which may be called the happiest of all desires in this, that it scarce ever fails of attaining its ends, when not disgraced by affectation. In short, though her power was very small, she was in her heart one of the warmest friends. She had been a most affectionate wife, and was a most fond and tender mother.

As our history doth not, like a news-paper, give great characters to people who never were heard of before, nor will ever be heard of again, the reader may hence conclude, that this excellent woman will hereafter appear to be of some importance in our history.

Nor was Jones a little pleased with the young gentleman himself, whose wine he had been drinking. He thought he discerned in him much good sense, though a little too much tainted with town-foppery ; but what recommended him most to Jones were some sentiments of generosity and humanity, which occasionally dropt from him, and particularly many expressions of the highest disinterestedness in the affair of love : On which subject the young gentleman delivered himself in a language, which might have very well become an Arcadian shepherd of old, and which appeared very extraordinary when proceeding from the lips of a modern fine gentleman ; but he was only one by imitation, and meant by nature for a much better character.

## C H A P. VI.

*What arrived while the Company were at Breakfast, with some hints concerning the Government of Daughters.*

OUR company brought together in the morning the same good inclinations towards each other with which they had separated the evening before ; but poor Jones was extremely disconsolate ; for he had just received information from Partridge, that Mrs Fitzpatrick had left her lodging, and that he could not learn whether she was gone. This news highly afflicted him, and his countenance, as well as his behaviour, in defiance of all his endeavours to the contrary, betrayed manifest indications of a disordered mind.

The discourse turned at present, as before, on love ; and Mr Nightingale again expressed many of those warm, generous, and disinterested sentiments upon this subject, which wise and sober men call romantic, but which wise and sober women generally regard in a better light. Mrs Miller (for so the Mistress of the house was called,) greatly approved these sentiments ; but, when the young gentleman applied to Miss Nancy, she answered only, “ That she believed the gentleman, who had spoke the least, was capable of feeling the most.”

This compliment was so apparently directed to Jones, that we should have been sorry had he passed it by unregarded. He made her indeed a very polite answer, and concluded with an oblique hint, that her own silence subjected her to a suspicion of the same kind ; for indeed she had scarce opened her lips either now, or the last evening.

“ I am glad, Nancy,” says Mrs Miller, “ the gentleman hath made the observation ; I protest I am almost of his opinion. What can be the matter with you, child ? I never saw such an alteration. What is become of all your gaiety ? Would you think, Sir, I used to call her my little prattler ? She hath not spoke twenty words this week.”

Here their conversation was interrupted by the entrance of a maid servant, who brought a bundle in her hands,

hands, which, she said, "was delivered by a porter for Mr Jones. She added "that the man immediately went away, saying it required no answer."

Jones expressed some surprise on this occasion, and declared it must be some mistake; but, the maid persisting that she was certain of the name, all the women were desirous of having the bundle immediately opened; which operation was at length performed by little Betsey, with the consent of Mr Jones; and the contents were found to be a domino, a mask, and a masquerade ticket.

Jones was now more positive than ever, in asserting, that these things must have been delivered by mistake; and Mrs Miller herself expressed some doubt, and said, "she knew not what to think." But when Mr Nightingale was asked, he delivered a very different opinion. "All I can conclude from it, Sir," said he, "is, that you are a very happy man; for I make no doubt but these were sent you by some lady whom you will have the happiness of meeting at the masquerade."

Jones had not a sufficient degree of vanity to entertain any such flattering imagination; nor did Mrs Miller herself give much assent to what Mr Nightingale had said, till Miss Nancy, having lifted up the domino, a card dropped from the sleeve, in which was written as follows:

"To Mr Jones:

"The Queen of the fairies sends you this;  
"Use her favours not amiss."

Mrs Miller and Miss Nancy now both agreed with Mr Nightingale; nay, Jones himself was almost persuaded to be of the same opinion; and, as no other lady but Mrs Fitzpatrick, he thought, knew his lodgings, he began to flatter himself with some hopes that it came from her, and that he might possibly see his Sophia. These hopes had surely very little foundation; but as the conduct of Mrs Fitzpatrick, in not seeing him according to her promise, and in quitting her lodgings, had been very odd and unaccountable, he conceived some faint hopes, that she (of whom he had formerly heard a very whimsical character)

racter) might possibly intend to do him that service in a strange manner, which she declined doing by more ordinary methods. To say the truth, as nothing certain could be concluded from so odd and uncomon an incident, he had the greater latitude to draw what imaginary conclusions from it he pleased. As his temper, therefore, was naturally sanguine, he indulged it on this occasion, and his imagination worked up a thousand conceits, to favour and support his expectations of meeting his dear Sophia in the evening.

Reader, if thou hast any good wishes towards me, I will fully repay them, by wishing thee to be possessed of this sanguine disposition of mind, since, after having read much, and considered long on that subject of happiness, which hath employed so many great pens, I am almost inclined to fix it in the possession of this temper, which puts us in a manner out of the reach of fortune, and makes us happy without her assistance. Indeed the sensations of pleasure it gives are much more constant, as well as much keener, than those which that blind lady bestows, nature having wisely contrived, that some satiety and languor should be annexed to all our real enjoyments, lest we should be so taken up by them, as to be stopped from further pursuits. I make no manner of doubt, but that in this light we may see the imaginary future chancellor just called to the bar, the archbishop in crape, and the prime minister at the tail of an opposition, more truly happy than those who are invested with all the power and profit of those respective offices.

Mr Jones having now determined to go to the masquerade that evening, Mr Nightingale offered to conduct him thither. The young gentleman at the same time offered tickets to Miss Nancy and her mother; but the good woman would not accept them. She said, "She did not conceive the harm which some people imagined in a masquerade, but that such extravagant diversions were proper only for persons of quality and fortune, and not for young women, who were to get their living, and could at best hope to be married to a good tradesman!"— "A tradesman!" cries Nightingale, "you shan't undervalue my Nancy. There is not a nobleman

bleman upon earth above her merit." "O fie, Mr Nightingale," answered Mrs Miller, "you must not fill the girl's head with such fancies; but, if it were her good luck," says her mother with a simper, "to find a gentleman of your generous way of thinking, I hope she would make a better return to his generosity, than to give her mind up to extravagant pleasures. Indeed, where young ladies bring great fortunes themselves, they have some right to insist on spending what is their own; and, on that account, I have heard the gentlemen say, a man has sometimes a better bargain with a poor wife than with a rich one.—But let my daughters marry whom they will, I shall endeavour to make them blessings to their husbands: I beg, therefore, I may hear of no more masquerades. Nancy is, I am certain, too good a girl to desire to go; for she must remember, when you carried her thither last year, it almost turned her head; and she did not return to herself, or to her needle, in a month afterwards."

Though a gentle sigh, which stole from the bosom of Nancy, seemed to argue some secret disapprobation of these sentiments, she did not dare openly to oppose them: For as this good woman had all the tenderness, so she had preserved all the authority of a parent, and as her indulgence to the desires of her children was restrained only by her fears for their safety and their future welfare, so she never suffered those commands, which proceeded from such fears, to be either disobeyed or disputed; and this the young gentleman, who had lodged two years in the house, knew so well, that he presently acquiesced in the refusal.

Mr Nightingale, who grew every minute fonder of Jones, was very desirous of his company that day to dinner at the tavern, where he offered to introduce him to some of his acquaintance; but Jones begged to be excused, "as his clothes," he said, "were not yet come to town."

To confess the truth, Mr Jones was now in a situation which sometimes happens to be the case of young gentlemen of much better figure than himself. In short, he had not one penny in his pocket; a situation in much

greater credit among the ancient philosophers, than among the modern wise men who live in Lombard-street, or those who frequent White's chocolate-house: And perhaps the great honours, which those philosophers have ascribed to an empty pocket, may be one of the reasons of that high contempt, in which they are held in the aforesaid street and chocolate-house.

Now, if the ancient opinion, that men might live very comfortably on virtue only, be, as the modern wise men just above-mentioned pretend to have discovered, a notorious error, no less false is, I apprehend, that position of some writers of romance, that a man can live altogether on love; for, however delicious repasts this may afford to some of our senses or appetites, it is most certain it can afford none to others. Those, therefore, who have placed too great a confidence in such writers, have experienced their error when it was too late, and have found that love was no more capable of allaying hunger, than a rose is capable of delighting the ear, or a violin of gratifying the smell.

Notwithstanding, therefore, the delicacies which love had set before him, namely, the hopes of seeing Sophia at the masquerade; on which, however ill-founded his imagination might be, he had voluptuously feasted during the whole day, the evening no sooner came, than Mr Jones began to languish for some food of a grosser kind. Partridge discovered this by intuition, and took the occasion to give some oblique hints concerning the bank-bill; and when these were rejected with disdain, he collected courage enough once more to mention a return to Mr Allworthy.

“ Partridge,” cries Jones, “ you cannot see my fortune in a more desperate light than I see it myself; and I begin heartily to repent, that I suffered you to leave a place where you was settled, and to follow me. However, I insist now on your returning home; and, for the expence and trouble which you have so kindly put yourself to on my account, all the clothes I left behind in your care, I desire you would take as your own. I am sorry I can make you no other acknowledgment.”

He spoke these words with so pathetic an accent, that Partridge, among whose vices ill-nature or hardness of heart were not numbered, burst into tears; and after swearing he would not quit him in this distress, he began with the most earnest entreaties to urge his return home.

" For Heaven's sake, Sir," says he, " do but consider: " what can your honour do? How is it possible you can live in this town without money? Do what you will, " Sir, or go where-ever you please, I am resolved not to desert you.—But pray, Sir, consider,—do pray, Sir, " for your own sake, take it into your consideration; " and I am sure," says he, " that your own good sense will bid you return home."

" How often shall I tell thee," answered Jones, " that I have no home to return to? Had I any hopes that Mr Allworthy's doors would be open to receive me, I want no distress to urge me:—nay, there is no other cause upon earth, which could detain me a moment from flying to his presence; but, alas! that I am forever banished from. His last words were,—O Partridge, they still ring in my ears—His last words were, when he gave me a sum of money; what it was I know not, but considerable I am sure it was.—His last words were—" I am resolved from this day forward, on no account, to converse with you any more."

Here passion stopt the mouth of Jones, as surprize, for a moment, did that of Partridge: but he soon recovered the use of speech, and after a short preface, in which he declared he had no inquisitiveness in his temper, inquired, what Jones meant by a considerable sum; he knew not how much; and what was become of the money.

In both these points he now received full satisfaction; on which he was proceeding to comment, when he was interrupted by a message from Mr Nightingale, who desired his master's company in his apartment.

When the two gentlemen were both attired for the masquerade, and Mr Nightingale had given orders for chairs to be sent for, a circumstance of distress occurred to Jones, which will appear very ridiculous to many of

my readers ; this was, how to procure a shilling ; but, if such readers will reflect a little on what they have themselves felt from the want of a thousand pounds, or perhaps of ten or twenty to execute a favourite scheme, they will have a perfect idea of what Mr Jones felt on this occasion. For this sum, therefore, he applied to Partridge, which was the first he had permitted him to advance, and was the last he intended the poor fellow should advance in his service. To say the truth, Partridge had lately made no offer of this kind ; whether it was that he desired to see the bank-bill broke in upon, or that distress would prevail upon Jones to return home, or from what other motive it proceeded, I will not determine.

## C H A P. VII.

*Containing the whole humours of a Masquerade.*

OUR cavaliers now arrived at that temple, where Heydegger, the great *arbiter deliciarum*, the great high-priest of pleasure presides ; and, like other heathen priests, imposes on his votaries by the pretended presence of the deity, when in reality no such deity is there.

Mr Nightingale, having taken a turn or two with his companion, soon left him, and walked off with a female, saying, "Now you are here, Sir, you must beat about " for your own game."

Jones began to entertain strong hopes that his Sophia was present ; and these hopes gave him more spirits than the lights, the music, and the company ; though these are pretty strong antidotes against the spleen. He now accosted every woman he saw, whose stature, shape, or air, bore any resemblance to his angel : To all of whom he endeavoured to say something smart, in order to engage an answer, by which he might discover that voice which he thought it impossible he should mistake. Some of these answered, by a question, in a squeaking voice, Do you know me ? Much the greater numbers said, I don't know you, Sir ; and nothing more. Some called him an impertinent fellow ; some made him no answer

at all; some said, Indeed I don't know your voice, and I shall have nothing to say to you; and many gave him as kind answers as he could wish, but not in the voice he desired to hear.

Whilst he was talking with one of these last, (who was in the habit of a shepherdess,) a lady in a domino came up to him, and slapping him on the shoulder, whispered him at the same time in the ear, " If you talk " any longer with that trollop, I will acquaint Miss " Western."

Jones no sooner heard that name, than, immediately quitting his former companion, he applied to the domino, begging and entreating her to shew him the lady she had mentioned, if she was then in the room.

The mask walked hastily to the upper end of the innermost apartment before she spoke; and then instead of answering him, sat down and declared she was tired. Jones sat down by her, and still persisted in his entreaties; at last the lady coldly answered, " I imagined Mr " Jones had been a more discerning lover, than to suffer " any disguise to conceal his mistress from him." " Is " she here, then Madam?" replied Jones, with some vehemence: Upon which the lady cried,—" Hush, Sir, you " will be observed.—I promise you upon my honour, " Miss Western is not here."

Jones now taking the mask by the hand, fell to entreating her, in the most earnest manner, to acquaint him where he might find Sophia, and, when he could obtain no direct answer, he began to upbraid her gently for having disappointed him the day before; and concluded, saying, " Indeed, my good fairy queen, I know " your Majesty very well, notwithstanding the affected " disguise of your voice. Indeed, Mrs Fitzpatrick, it is " a little cruel to divert yourself at the expence of my " torments."

The mask answered, " though you have so ingeniously " discovered me, I must still speak in the same voice, " lest I should be known by others. And do you think, " good Sir, that I have no greater regard for my cousin, " than to assist in carrying on an affair between you two " which must end in her ruin as well as your own? " Besides, I promise you, my cousin is not mad enough " to

“ to consent to her own destruction, if you are so much  
“ her enemy as to tempt her to it.”

“ Alas, Madam,” said Jones, “ you little know my  
“ heart, when you call me an enemy of Sophia.”

“ And yet to ruin any one,” cries the other, “ you  
“ will allow, is the act of an enemy; and, when by  
“ the same act you must knowingly and certainly bring  
“ ruin on yourself, is it not folly or madness, as well as  
“ guilt? Now, Sir, my cousin hath very little more  
“ than her father will please to give her; very little for  
“ one of her fashion;—you know him, and you know  
“ your own situation.”

Jones vowed he had no such designs on Sophia: “ That he would rather suffer the most violent of deaths,  
“ than sacrifice her interest to his desires. He said, he  
“ knew how unworthy he was of her every way; that  
“ he had long ago resolved to quit all such aspiring  
“ thoughts, but that some strange accidents had made  
“ him desirous to see her once more, when he promised  
“ he would take leave of her for ever. No, Madam,”  
concluded he, “ my love is not of that kind, which seeks  
“ its own satisfaction, at the expence of what is most  
“ dear to its object. I would sacrifice every thing to  
“ the possession of my Sophia, but Sophia herself.”

Though the reader may have already conceived no very sublime idea of the virtue of the lady in the mask; and though possibly she may hereafter appear not to deserve one of the first characters of her sex; yet, it is certain, these generous sentiments made a strong impression upon her, and greatly added to the affection she had before conceived for our young hero.

The lady now, after a silence of a few moments, said,  
“ She did not see his pretensions to Sophia so much in  
“ the light of presumption, as of imprudence. Young  
“ fellows,” says she, “ can never have too aspiring  
“ thoughts. I love ambition in a young man, and I  
“ would have you cultivate it as much as possible. Per-  
“ haps you may succeed with those who are infinitely su-  
“ perior in fortune; nay, I am convinced there are wo-  
“ men—But don’t you think me a strange creature,  
“ Mr Jones, to be thus giving advice to a man, with  
“ whom

“ whom I am so little acquainted, and one with whose behaviour to me I have so little reason to be pleased?”

Here Jones began to apologize, and to hope he had not offended in any thing he had said of her cousin.— To which the mask answered, “ And are you so little versed in the sex, to imagine you can well affront a lady more, than by entertaining her with your passion for another woman? If the fairy queen had conceived no better opinion of your gallantry, she would scarce have appointed you to meet her at a masquerade.”

Jones had never less inclination to an amour than at present; but gallantry to the ladies was among his principles of honour; and he held it as much incumbent on him to accept a challenge to love, as if it had been a challenge to fight. Nay, his very love to Sophia made it necessary for him to keep well with the lady, as he made no doubt but she was capable of bringing him into the presence of the other.

He began therefore to make a very warm answer to her last speech, when a mask, in the character of an old woman, joined them. This mask was one of those ladies who go to a masquerade only to vent ill-nature, by telling people rude truths, and by endeavouring, as the phrase is, to spoil as much sport as they are able. This good lady, therefore, having observed Jones, and his friend, whom she well knew, in close consultation together in a corner of the room, concluded she could no where satisfy her spleen better than by interrupting them. She attacked them, therefore, and soon drove them from their retirement; nor was she contented with this, but pursued them to every place which they shifted to avoid her; till Mr Nightingale seeing the distress of his friend, at last relieved him, and engaged the old woman in another pursuit.

While Jones and his mask were walking together about the room, to rid themselves of the teaser, he observed the lady speak to several masks, with the freedom of acquaintance, as if they had been barefaced. He could not help expressing his surprize at this, saying, “ Sure, “ Madam, you must have infinite discernment to know “ people in all disguises.” To which the lady answered, “ You cannot conceive any thing more insipid and child-

“ ijk

“ ish than a masquerade to people of fashion, who  
“ in general know one another as well here, as when  
“ they meet in an assembly or a drawing-room; nor  
“ will any woman of condition converse with a per-  
“ son with whom she is not acquainted. In short,  
“ the generality of persons whom you see here, may more  
“ properly be said to kill time in this place than in any  
“ other, and generally retire from hence more tired  
“ than from the longest sermon. To say the truth, I  
“ begin to be in that situation myself; and if I have any  
“ faculty at guessing, you are not much better pleased. I  
“ protest it would be almost charity in me to go home  
“ for your sake.” “ I know but one charity equal to  
“ it,” cries Jones, “ and that is to suffer me to wait  
“ on you home.” “ Sure,” answered the lady, “ you  
“ have a strange opinion of me, to imagine that, upon  
“ such an acquaintance, I would let you into my doors  
“ at this time o’night. I fancy you impute the friend-  
“ ship I have shewn my cousin, to some other motive.  
“ Confess honestly; don’t you consider this contrived in-  
“ terview as little better than a downright assignation?  
“ Are you used, Mr Jones, to make these sudden con-  
“ quests?” “ I am not used, Madam,” said Jones,  
“ to submit to such sudden conquests; but as you have  
“ taken my heart by surprise, the rest of my body has  
“ a right to follow; so you must pardon me if I resolve  
“ to attend you wherever you go.” He accompanied  
these words with some proper actions; upon which the  
lady, after a gentle rebuke, and saying their familiarity  
would be observed, told him, “ She was going to sup  
“ with an acquaintance, whither the hoped he would  
“ not follow her; for if you should,” said she, “ I shall  
“ be thought an unaccountable creature, though my  
“ friend indeed is not censorious, yet I hope you won’t  
“ follow me; I protest I shall not know what to say, if  
“ you do.”

The lady presently after quitted the masquerade, and  
Jones, notwithstanding the severe prohibition he had re-  
ceived presumed to attend her. He was now reduced to  
the same dilemma we have mentioned before, namely, the  
want of a shilling, and could not relieve it by borrowing as  
before. He therefore walked boldly on after the chair in  
which

which his lady rode, pursued by a grand huzza, from all the chairmen present, who wisely take the best care they can to discountenance all walking a-foot by their betters. Luckily, however, the gentry who attend at the opera-house were too busy to quit their stations, and as the lateness of the hour prevented him from meeting many of their brethren in the street, he proceeded without molestation, in a dress, which, at another season, would have certainly raised a mob at his heels.

The lady was set down in a street, not far from Hanover-square, where the door being presently opened, she was carried in; and the gentleman, without any ceremony, walked in after her.

Jones and his companion were now together in a well-furnished and well-warmed room, when the female, still speaking in her masquerade voice, said, she was surprised at her friend, who must absolutely have forgot her appointment; at which, after venting much resentment, she suddenly express some apprehension from Jones, and asked him what the world would think of their having been alone together in a house at that time of the night? But instead of a direct answer to so important a question, Jones began to be very importunate with the lady to unmask; and at length having prevailed, there appeared,—not Mrs Fitzpatrick, but the Lady Bellafton herself.

It would be tedious to give the particular conversation, which consisted of very common and ordinary occurrences, and which lasted from two till six o'clock in the morning. It is sufficient to mention all of it that is any-wise material to this history. And this was a promise that the lady would endeavour to find out Sophia, and in a few days bring him to an interview with her, on condition that he would then take his leave of her. When this was thoroughly settled, and a second meeting in the evening appointed at the same place, they separated; the lady returned to her house, and Jones to his lodgings.

## CHAP. VIII.

*Containing a scene of distress, which will appear very extraordinary to most of our Readers.*

JONES, having refreshed himself with a few hours sleep, summoned Partridge to his presence; and delivering him a bank-note of fifty pounds, ordered him to go and change it. Partridge received this with sparkling eyes, though when he came to reflect farther, it raised in him some suspicions not very advantageous to the honour of his master: to these the dreadful idea he had of the masquerade, the disguise in which his master had gone out and returned, and his having been abroad all night, contributed. In plain language, the only way he could possibly find to account for the possession of this note was by robbery: and, to confess the truth, the reader, unless he should suspect it was owing to the generosity of Lady Bellaston, can hardly imagine any other.

To clear therefore the honour of Mr Jones, and to do justice to the liberality of the lady, he had really received this present from her, who, though she did not give much into the hackney charities of the age, such as building hospitals, &c. was not, however, entirely void of that christian virtue, and conceived, (very rightly I think,) that a young fellow of merit, without a shilling in the world, was no improper object of this virtue.

Mr Jones and Mr Nightingale had been invited to dine this day with Mrs Miller. At the appointed hour therefore the two young gentlemen, with the two girls, attended in the parlour, where they waited from three till almost five before the good woman appeared. She had been out of town to visit a relation, of whom, at her return, she gave the following account:

“ I hope, gentlemen, you will pardon my making  
“ you wait; I am sure if you knew the occasion.—I  
“ have been to see a cousin of mine, about six miles  
“ off, who now lies in.—It should be a warning to all  
“ persons (says she, looking at her daughters,) how they  
“ marry

“ marry indiscreetly. There is no happiness in this world without a competency. O Nancy ! how shall I describe the wretched condition in which I found your poor cousin ; she hath scarce lain in a week, and there was she, this dreadful weather, in a cold room, without any curtains to her bed, and not a bushel of coals in her house to supply her with fire ; her second son, that sweet little fellow, lies ill of a quinzy in the same bed with his mother ; for there is no other bed in the house. Poor little Tommy ! I believe, Nancy, you will never see your favourite any more ; for he is really very ill. The rest of the children are in pretty good health ; but Molly, I am afraid, will do herself an injury : she is but thirteen years old, Mr Nightingale, and yet in my life I never saw a better nurse : she tends both her mother and her brother ; and, what is wonderful in a creature so young, she shews all the cheerfulness in the world to her mother ; and yet I saw her—I saw the poor child, Mr Nightingale, turn about, and privately wipe the tears from her eyes.”

Here Mrs Miller was prevented by her own tears from going on, and there was not, I believe, a person present who did not accompany her in them ; at length she a little recovered herself, and proceeded thus : “ In all this distress the mother supports her spirits in a surprising manner. The danger of her son sits heaviest upon her, and yet she endeavours as much as possible to conceal even this concern, on her husband’s account. Her grief, however, sometimes gets the better of all her endeavours ; for she was always extravagantly fond of this boy, and a most sensible, sweet-tempered creature it is. I protest I was never more affected in my life, than when I heard the little innocent, who is hardly yet seven years old, while his mother was wetting him with her tears, beg her to be comforted.—“ Indeed mamma,” cried the child, “ I shan’t die ; God Almighty, I am sure, won’t take Tommy away ; let heaven be ever so fine a place, I had rather stay here, and starve with you and my pappa, than go to it.”—“ Pardon me, gentlemen, I can’t help it,” says she, wiping her eyes, “ such sensibility and affection in a child—“ And yet perhaps he is least the object of pity ; for a

“ day or two will perhaps place him beyond the reach  
“ of all human evils. The father is indeed most wor-  
“ thy of compassion. Poor man! his countenance is  
“ the very picture of horror, and he looks rather like  
“ one dead than alive. Oh heavens! what a scene did  
“ I behold at my first coming into the room! The  
“ good creature was lying behind the bolster, support-  
“ ing at once both his child and his wife. He had no-  
“ thing on but a thin waistcoat; for his coat was spread  
“ over the bed to supply the want of blankets.—When  
“ he rose up at my entrance, I scarce knew him: As  
“ comely a man, Mr Jones, within this fortnight, as you  
“ ever beheld; Mr Nightingale hath seen him: his eyes  
“ sunk, his face pale, with a long beard; his body  
“ shivering with cold, and worn with hunger too; for  
“ my cousin says, she can hardly prevail upon him to  
“ eat.—He told me himself in a whisper; he told me—  
“ I can’t repeat it—he said, he could not bear to eat  
“ the bread his children wanted. And yet, (can you  
“ believe it, gentlemen?) in all this misery, his wife has as  
“ good candle, as if she lay in in the midst of the great-  
“ est affluence; I tasted it, and I scarce ever tasted bet-  
“ ter.—The means of procuring her this, he said, he  
“ believed was sent him by an angel from heaven. I  
“ know not what he meant; for I had not spirits enough  
“ to ask a single question.

“ This was a love match, as they call it, on both  
“ sides; that is, a match between two beggars. I must  
“ indeed say, I never saw a fonder couple; but what is  
“ their fondness good for but to torment each other?”  
“ Indeed, mamma,” cries Nancy, “ I have always look-  
“ ed on my cousin Anderson,” (for that was her name,) “ as one of the happiest of women.” “ I am sure,”  
says Mrs Miller, “ the case at present is much otherwise;  
“ for any one might have discerned, that the tender  
“ consideration of each other’s sufferings makes the  
“ most intolerable part of their calamity, both to the  
“ husband and the wife: Compared to which, hunger  
“ and cold, as they affect their own persons only, are  
“ scarce evils. Nay, the very children, the youngest,  
“ which is not two years old, excepted, feel in the same  
“ manner; for they are a most loving family, and, if  
“ they

“ they had but a bare competency, would be the happiest people in the world.” “ I never saw the least sign of misery at her house,” replied Nancy ; “ I am sure my heart bleeds for what you now tell me.”—“ O child,” answered the mother, “ she hath always endeavoured to make the best of every thing. They have always been in great distress ; but indeed this absolute ruin hath been brought upon them by others. The poor man was bail for the villain his brother ; and about a week ago, the very day before her lying in, their goods were all carried away, and sold by an execution. He sent a letter to me of it by one of the bailiffs, which the villain never delivered.—What must he think of my suffering a week to pass before he heard of me ?”

It was not with dry eyes that Jones heard this narrative ; when it was ended, he took Mrs Miller apart with him into another room, and, delivering her his purse, in which was the sum of 50*l.* desired her to send as much of it as she thought proper to these poor people. The look which Mrs Miller gave Jones on this occasion is not easy to be described. She burst into a kind of agony of transport, and cried out,—“ Good Heavens ! is there such a man in the world ?”—But recollecting herself, she said, “ Indeed I know one such ; but can there be another ?” “ I hope, Madam,” cries Jones, “ there are many who have common humanity ; for to relieve such distresses in our fellow-creatures can hardly be called more.” Mrs Miller then took ten guineas, which were the utmost he could prevail with her to accept, and said, “ She would find some means of conveying them early the next morning,” adding, “ that she had herself done some little matter for the poor people, and had not left them in quite so much misery as she found them.”

They then returned to the parlour, where Nightingale expressed much concern at the dreadful situation of these wretches, whom indeed he knew ; for he had seen them more than once at Mrs Miller’s. He inveighed against the folly of making one’s self liable for the debts of others, vented many bitter execrations against the brother, and concluded with wishing something could be done for the

“ unfortunate

unfortunate family. "Suppose, Madam," said he, "you should recommend them to Mr Allworthy? or what think you of a collection? I will give them a guinea with all my heart."

Mrs Miller made no answer; and Nancy, to whom her mother had whispered the generosity of Jones, turned pale upon the occasion; though, if either of them was angry with Nightingale, it was surely without reason; for the liberality of Jones, if he had known it, was not an example which he had any obligation to follow; and there are thousands who would not have contributed a single halfpenny; as indeed he did not in effect, for he made no tender of any thing, and therefore as the others thought proper to make no demand, he kept his money in his pocket.

I have in truth observed, and shall never have a better opportunity than at present to communicate my observation, that the world are in general divided into two opinions concerning charity, which are the very reverse of each other. One party seems to hold, that all acts of this kind are to be esteemed as voluntary gifts, and however little you give, (if indeed no more than your good wishes,) you acquire a great degree of merit in so doing. Others, on the contrary, appear to be as firmly persuaded, that beneficence is a positive duty, and that, whenever the rich fall greatly short of their ability in relieving the distresses of the poor, their pitiful largesses are so far from being meritorious, that they have only performed their duty by halves, and are in some sense more contemptible than those who have entirely neglected it.

To reconcile these different opinions is not in my power. I shall only add, that the givers are generally of the former sentiment, and the receivers are almost universally inclined to the latter.

## C H A P. IX.

*Which treats of matters of a very different kind from those in the preceding chapter.*

**I**N the evening Jones met his lady again, and a long conversation again ensued between them ; but, as it consisted only of the same ordinary occurrences as before, we shall avoid mentioning particulars, which we despair of rendering agreeable to the reader, unless he is one whose devotion to the fair sex, like that of the papists to their saints, wants to be raised by the help of pictures. But I am so far from desiring to exhibit such pictures to the public, that I would wish to draw a curtain over those that have been lately set forth in certain French novels ; very bungling copies of which have been presented us here, under the name of translations.

Jones grew still more and more impatient to see Sophia ; and finding, after repeated interviews with lady Bellaston, no likelihood of obtaining this by her means, (for on the contrary, the lady began to treat even the mention of the name of Sophia with resentment,) he resolved to try some other method. He made no doubt but that lady Bellaston knew where his angel was, so he thought it most likely, that some of her servants should be acquainted with the same secret. Partridge therefore was employed to get acquainted with those servants, in order to fish this secret out of them.

Few situations can be imagined more uneasy, than that to which his poor master was at present reduced ; for, besides the difficulties he had met with in discovering Sophia, the fears he had of having disengaged her, and the assurances he had received from lady Bellaston of the resolution which Sophia had taken against him, and of her having purposely concealed herself from him, which he had sufficient reason to believe might be true, he had still a difficulty to combat, which was not in the power of his mistress to remove, however kind her inclination might have been. This was the exposing of her to be disinherited of all her father's estate, the almost inevitable

vitable consequence of their coming together without a consent, which he had no hopes of ever obtaining.

Add to all these the many obligations which lady Bellaston, whose violent fondness we can no longer conceal, had heaped upon him ; so that by her means he was now become one of the best dress'd men about town, and was not only relieved from those ridiculous distresses we have before mentioned, but was actually raised to a state of affluence, beyond what he had ever known.

Now though there are many gentlemen, who very well reconcile it to their consciences to possess themselves of the whole fortune of a woman, without making her any kind of return, yet, to a mind the proprietor of which doth not deserve to be hang'd, nothing is, I believe, more irksome, than to support love with gratitude only, especially where inclination pulls the heart a contrary way. Such was the unhappy case of Jones ; for, though the virtuous love he bore to Sophia, and which left very little affection for any other woman, had been entirely out of the question, he could never have been able to make an adequate return to the generous passion of this lady, who had indeed been once an object of desire, but was now entered at least into the autumn of life, though she wore all the gaiety of youth both in her dress and manner ; nay, she contrived still to maintain the roses in her cheeks ; but these, like flowers forced out of season by art, had none of that lively blooming freshness with which nature, at the proper time, bedecks her own productions. She had besides a certain imperfection, which renders some flowers, though very beautiful to the eye, very improper to be placed in a wilderness of sweets, and what above all others is most disagreeable to the breath of love.

Though Jones saw all these discouragements on the one side, he felt his obligations full as strongly on the other ; nor did he less plainly discern the ardent passion whence those obligations proceeded, the extreme violence of which, if he had failed to equal, he well knew the lady would think him ungrateful ; and, what is worse, he would have thought him if so. He knew the tacit consideration upon which all her favours were conferred,

and,

and, as his necessity obliged him to accept them, so his honour, he concluded, forced him to pay the price. This therefore, he resolved to do, whatever misery it cost him, and to devote himself to her, from that great principle of justice, by which the laws of some countries oblige a debtor, who is no otherwise capable of discharging his debt, to become the slave of his creditor.

While he was meditating on these matters, he received the following note from the lady.

“ A very foolish, but a very perverse accident, hath  
“ happened since our last meeting, which makes it im-  
“ proper I should see you any more at the usual place.  
“ I will, if possible, contrive some other place by to-mor-  
“ row. In the mean time adieu.”

This disappointment perhaps the reader may conclude was not very great ; but, if it was, he was quickly relieved ; for, in less than an hour afterwards, another note was brought him from the same hand, which contained as follows.

“ I have altered my mind since I wrote, a change  
“ which, if you are no stranger to the tenderness of all  
“ passions, you will not wonder at. I am now resolved  
“ to see you this evening at my own house, whatever  
“ may be the consequence. Come to me exactly at  
“ seven ; I dine abroad, but will be at home by that time.  
“ A day, I find, to those that sincerely love, seems  
“ longer than I imagined.

“ If you should accidentally be a few moments be-  
“ fore me, bid them shew you into the drawing-room.”

To confess the truth, Jones was less pleased with this last epistle, than he had been with the former, as he was prevented by it from complying with the earnest entreaties of Mr Nightingale, with whom he had now contracted much intimacy and friendship. These entreaties were to go with that young gentleman and his company to a new play, which was to be acted that evening, and which a very large party had agreed to damn, from some dif-

like they had taken to the author, who was a friend to Mr Nightingale's acquaintance. And this sort of fun our hero, we are ashamed to confess, would willingly have preferred to the above kind appointment; but his honour got the better of his inclination.

Before we attend him to this intended interview with the lady, we think proper to account for both the preceding notes, as the reader may possibly be not a little surprized at the imprudence of lady Bellaston in bringing her lover to the very house where her rival was lodged.

First then, the mistress of the house where these lovers had hitherto met, and who had been for some years a pensioner to that lady, was now become a methodist, and had that very morning waited upon her ladyship, and, after rebuking her very severely for her past life, had positively declared, that she would, on no account, be instrumental in carrying on any of her affairs for the future.

The hurry of spirits into which this accident threw the lady, made her despair of possibly finding any other convenience to meet Jones that evening; but as she began a little to recover from her uneasiness at the disappointment, she set her thoughts to work, when luckily it came into her head to propose to Sophia to go to the play, which was immediately consented to, and a proper lady provided for her companion. Mrs Honour was likewise dispatched with Mrs Etoff on the same errand of pleasure; and thus her own house was left free for the safe reception of Mr Jones, with whom she promised herself two or three hours of uninterrupted conversation, after her return from the place where she dined, which was at a friend's house in a pretty distant part of the town, near her old place of assignation, where she had engaged herself before she was well apprized of the revolution that had happened in the mind and morals of her late confidante.

CHAP.

## C H A P. X.

*A Chapter, which, though short, may draw tears from some eyes.*

**M**R Jones was just dressed to wait on Lady Bellaf-ton, when Mrs Miller rapped at his door; and, being admitted, very earnestly desired his company below stairs to drink tea in the parlour.

Upon his entrance into the room, she presently introduced a person to him, saying, “ This, Sir, is my “ cousin, who hath been so greatly beholden to your “ goodness, for which he begs to return you his since-“ rest thanks.”

The man had scarce entered upon that speech which Mrs Miller had so kindly prefaced, when both Jones and he, looking steadfastly at each other, shewed at once the utmost tokens of surprise. The voice of the latter began instantly to falter: and, instead of finishing his speech, he sunk down into a chair, crying, “ It is so; I “ am convinced it is so!”

“ Blefs me, what’s the meaning of this,” cries Mrs Miller; “ you are not ill, I hope cousin? Some water; “ a dram this instant.”

“ Be not frightened, Madam,” cries Jones; “ I have “ almost as much need of a dram as your cousin. We “ are equally surprised at this unexpected meeting. “ Your coulin is an acquaintance of mine, Mrs Mil-“ ler.”

“ An acquaintance!” cries the man.—“ O Hea-“ ven!”

“ Ay an acquaintance,” repeated Jones, “ and an “ honoured acquaintance too. When I do not love and “ honour the man who dares venture every thing to pre-“ serve his wife and his children from instant destruction, “ may I have a friend capable of disowning me in ad-“ verity.”

“ Q you are an excellent young man,” cries Mrs Mil-ler;—“ yes, indeed, poor creature! he hath ventured “ every thing; if he had not had one of the best “ constitutions, it must have killed him.”

“ Cousin,” cries the man, “ who had now pretty well recovered himself: this is the angel from heaven whom I meant. This is he to whom, before I saw you, I owed the preservation of my Peggy. He it was to whose generosity every comfort, every support, which I have procured for her, was owing. He is indeed the worthiest, bravest, noblest of all human beings. O cousin, I have obligations to this gentleman of such a nature!—

“ Mention nothing of obligations,” cries Jones eagerly; “ not a word: I insist upon it, not a word;” (meaning, I suppose, that he would not have him betray the affair of the robbery to any person)—“ If, by the trifles you have received from me, I have preserved a whole family, sure pleasure was never bought so cheap.”

“ O, Sir,” cries the man, “ I wish you could this instant see my house. If any person had ever a right to the pleasure you mention, I am convinced it is yourself. My cousin tells me, she acquainted you with the distress in which she found us. That, Sir, is all greatly removed, and chiefly by your goodness.—My children have now a bed to lie on,—and they have —they have—eternal blessings reward you for it— they have bread to eat. My little boy is recovered; my wife is out of danger, and I am happy. All, all owing to you, Sir, and to my cousin here, one of the best of women. Indeed, Sir, I must see you at my house.—Indeed my wife must see you, and thank you.—My children too must express their gratitude.—Indeed, Sir, they are not without a sense of their obligation; but what is my feeling when I reflect to whom I owe, that they are now capable of expressing their gratitude.—O, Sir! the little hearts which you have warmed had now been cold as ice without your assistance”—

Here Jones attempted to prevent the poor man from proceeding; but indeed the overflowing of his own heart would of itself have stopped his words. And now Mrs Miller likewise began to pour forth thanksgivings, as well in her own name as in that of her cousin, and concluded with

with saying, "she doubted not but such goodness would meet a glorious reward."

Jones answered, "He had been sufficiently rewarded already. Your cousin's account, Madam," said he, "hath given me a sensation more pleasing than I have ever known. He must be a wretch who is unmoved at hearing such a story; how transporting then must be the thought of having happily acted a part in this scene! If there are men who cannot feel the delight of giving happiness to others, I sincerely pity them; as they are incapable of tasting what is, in my opinion, a greater honour, a higher interest, and a sweeter pleasure, than the ambitious, the avaritious, or the voluptuous man can ever obtain."

The hour of appointment being now come, Jones was forced to take a hasty leave, but not before he had heartily shaken his friend by the hand, and desired to see him again as soon as possible, promising, that he would himself take the first opportunity of visiting him at his own house. He then stept into his chair, and proceeded to Lady Bellaston's, greatly exulting in the happiness which he had procured to this poor family; nor could he forbear reflecting without horror on the dreadful consequences, which must have attended them, had he listened rather to the voice of strict justice than to that of mercy, when he was attacked on the high road.

Mrs Miller sung forth the praises of Jones during the whole evening, in which Mr Anderson, while he stayed, so passionately accompanied her, that he was often on the very point of mentioning the circumstances of the robbery. However, he luckily recollect ed himself, and avoided an indiscretion, which would have been so much the greater, as he knew Mrs Miller to be extremely strict and nice in her principles. He was likewise well apprized of the loquacity of this lady; and yet such was his gratitude, that it had almost got the better both of discretion and shame, and made him publish that which would have defamed his own character, rather than omit any circumstances which might do the fullest honour to his benefactor.

## CHAP. XI.

*In which the Reader will be surprised.*

**M**R Jones was rather earlier than the time appointed, and earlier than the lady, whose arrival was hindered not only by the distance of the place where she dined, but by some other cross accidents, very vexatious to one in her situation of mind. He was accordingly shewn into the drawing-room, where he had not been many minutes before the door opened, and in came—no other than Sophia herself, who had left the play before the end of the first act; for this, as we have already said, being a new play, at which two large parties met, the one to damn, and the other to applaud, a violent uproar, and an engagement between the two parties, had so terrified our heroine, that she was glad to put herself under the protection of a young gentleman, who safely conveyed her to her chair.

As Lady Bellaston had acquainted her that she should not be at home till late, Sophia, expecting to find no one in the room, came hastily in, and went directly to a glass which almost fronted her, without once looking towards the upper end of the room, where the statue of Jones now stood motionless.—In this glass it was, after contemplating her own lovely face, that she first discovered the said statue; when, instantly turning about, she perceived the reality of the vision; upon which she gave a violent scream, and scarce preserved herself from fainting, till Jones was able to move to her and support her in his arms.

To paint the looks or thoughts of either of these lovers is beyond my power. As their sensations, from their mutual silence, may be judged to have been too big for their own utterance, it cannot be supposed, that I should be able to express them; and the misfortune is, that few of my readers have been enough in love to feel by their own hearts what past at this time in theirs.

After a short pause, Jones with faltering accents said, —“ I see, Madam, you are surprised.” —“ Surprised” —“ ed

“ ed !” answered she ; “ Oh heavens ! Indeed I am surprised. I almost doubt whether you are the person you seem.” “ Indeed,” cries he, “ my Sophia, (pardon, me Madam, for this once calling you so,) I am that very wretched Jones, whom fortune, after so many disappointments, hath at last kindly conducted to you. Oh ! my Sophia, did you know the thousand torments I have suffered in this long fruitless pursuit”— “ Pursuit of whom,” said Sophia, a little recollecting herself, and assuming a reserved air.—“ Can you be so cruel to ask that question ?” cries Jones : “ Need I say of you ?” “ Of me !” answered Sophia : “ Hath Mr Jones then any such important business with me ? To some, Madam,” cries Jones, this might seem an important business, (giving her the pocket-book.) “ I hope, Madam, you will find it of the same value, as when it was lost.” Sophia took the pocket-book, and was going to speak, when he interrupted her thus ;— “ Let us not, I beseech you lose one of those precious moments which fortune hath so kindly sent us.—O my Sophia, I have business of a much superiour kind, —Thus, on my knees, let me ask your pardon.” —“ My pardon,” cries she :—“ Sure, Sir, after what is past you cannot expect, after what I have heard”—“ I scarce know what I say,” answered Jones, “ By heavens ! I scarce wish you should pardon me. O my Sophia, henceforth never cast away a thought on such a wretch as I am. If any remembrance of me should ever intrude to give a moment’s uneasiness to that tender bosom, think of my unworthiness ; and let the remembrance of what past at Upton blot me for ever from your mind.”

Sophia stood trembling all this while. Her face was whiter than snow, and her heart was throbbing through her stays. But, at the mention of Upton, a blush arose in her cheeks, and her eyes, which before she had scarce lifted up, were turned upon Jones with a glance of disdain. He understood this silent reproach, and replied to it thus : “ O my Sophia, my only love, you cannot hate or despise me more for what happened there, than I do myself : but yet do me the justice to think, that my heart was never unfaithful to you. That had no share in the folly I was guilty of : it was even then

“ unalterably

“ unalterably yours. Though I despaired of possessing  
“ you, nay almost of ever seeing you more, I doated still  
“ on your charming idea, and could seriously love no  
“ other woman. But if my heart had not been engag-  
“ ed, she, into whose company I accidentally fell at that  
“ cursed place, was not an object of serious love. Be-  
“ lieve me, my angel, I never have seen her from that  
“ day to this, and never intend, or desire, to see her  
“ again.” Sophia in her heart was very glad to hear  
this; but forcing into her face an air of more coldness  
than she had yet assumed, “ Why,” said she, “ Mr  
“ Jones, do you take the trouble to make a defence,  
“ where you are not accused? If I thought it worth  
“ while to accuse you, I have a charge of an unpardon-  
“ able nature indeed.” “ What is that, for Heaven’s sake?”  
answered Jones, trembling and pale, expecting to hear of  
his amour with Lady Bellaston. “ Oh,” said she, “ how  
“ is it possible? can every thing noble, and every thing  
“ base, be lodged together in the same bosom?” Lady  
Bellaston, and the ignominious circumstance of having  
been kept, rose again in his mind, and stopt his mouth  
from any reply. “ Could I have expected,” proceeded  
“ Sophia, such treatment from you, nay, from any gentle-  
“ man, from any man of honour? To have my name  
“ traduced in public, in inns among the meanest vulgar!  
“ to have any little favours, that my unguarded heart  
“ may have too lightly betrayed me to grant, boasted  
“ of there! nay even to hear, that you had been forced  
“ to fly from my love?”

Nothing could equal Jones’s surprise at these words  
of Sophia; but yet, not being guilty, he was much less  
embarrassed how to defend himself, than if she had  
touched that tender string, at which his conscience had  
been alarmed. By some examination he presently found,  
that her supposing him guilty of so shocking an outrage  
against his love, and her reputation, was entirely owing  
to Partridge’s talk at the inns before the landlords and  
servants; for Sophia confessed to him, it was from them  
that she received her intelligence. He had no very  
great difficulty to make her believe, that he was entirely  
innocent of an offence so foreign to his character: but  
she had a great deal to hinder him from going instantly  
home,

home, and putting Partridge to death, which he more than once swore he would do. This point being cleared up, they soon found themselves so well pleased with each other, that Jones quite forgot he had begun the conversation with conjuring her to give up all thoughts of him; and she was in a temper to have given ear to a petition of a very different nature; for, before they were aware, they had both gone so far, that he let fall some words that sounded like a proposal of marriage; to which she replied, "That, did not her duty to her father forbid "her to follow her own inclinations, ruin with him "would be more welcome to her, than the most affluent "fortune with another man." At the mention of the word *ruin* he started, let drop her hand, which he held for some time, and striking his breast with his own, cried out, "Oh, Sophia, can I then ruin thee? No; by hea- "vens, no! I never will act so base a part. Dearest "Sophia, whatever it costs me, I will renounce you; "I will give you up; I will tear all such hopes from my "heart, as are inconsistent with your real good. My "love I will ever retain, but it shall be in silence; it "shall be at a distance from you; in some fo- "reign, land from whence no voice, no sigh of "my despair, shall every reach and disturb your ears: "And when I am dead"—He would have gone on, but was stopt by a flood of tears which Sophia let fall in his bosom, upon which she leaned, without being able to speak one word. He kissed them off, which for some time she allowed him to do without any resistance; but then recollecting herself, gently withdrew out of his arms; and, to turn the discourse from a subject too tender, and which she found she could not support, bethought herself to ask him a question she never had time to put to him before, "How he came into that room?" He began to stammer, and would in all probability have raised her suspicions by the answer he was going to give, when at once the door opened, and in came Lady Belaston.

Haying advanced a few steps, and seeing Jones and Sophia together, she suddenly stopt; when, after a pause of a few moments, recollecting herself, with admirable presence of mind, she said,—though with sufficient indi-

cations of surprise both in voice and countenance—"I thought, Miss Western, you had been at the play!"

Though Sophia had no opportunity of learning of Jones by what means he had discovered her, yet as she had not the least suspicion of the real truth, or that Jones and Lady Bellafton were acquainted, so she was very little confounded; and the less, as the lady had, in all their conversations upon the subject, entirely taken her side against her father. With very little hesitation, therefore, she went through the whole story of what had happened at the play house, and the cause of her hasty return.

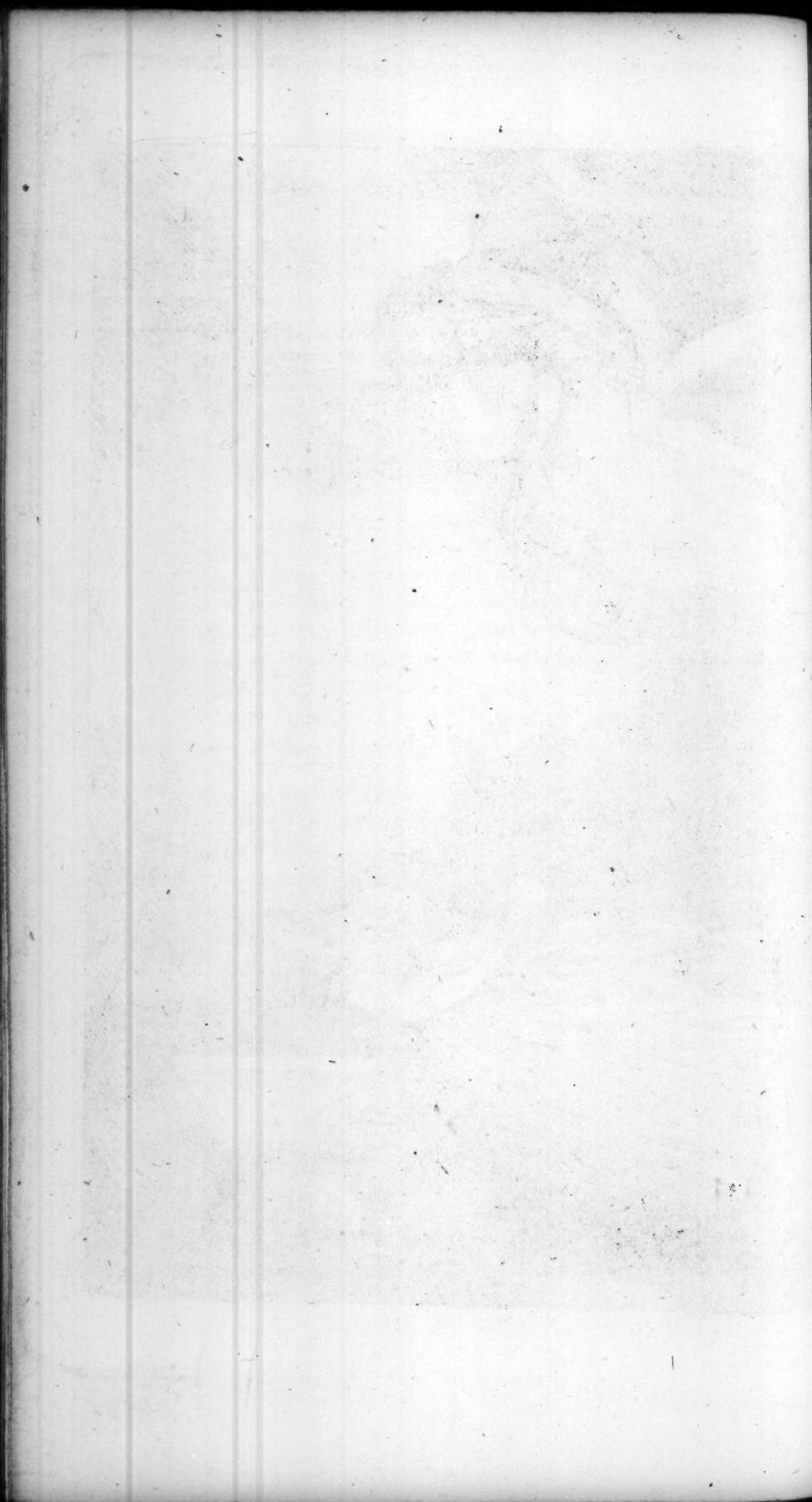
The length of this narrative gave Lady Bellafton an opportunity of rallying her spirits, and of considering in what manner to act. And as the behaviour of Sophia gave her hopes that Jones had not betrayed her, she put on an air of good humour, and said, "I should not have broke in so abruptly upon you, Miss Western, if I had known you had company."

Lady Bellafton fixed her eyes on Sophia, whilst she spoke these words. To which that poor young lady, having her face overspread with blushes and confusion, answered in a stammering voice, "I am sure, Madam, I shall always think the honour of your ladyship's company"—"I hope at least," cries Lady Bellafton, "I interrupt no busines."—"No, Madam," answered Sophia, "our busines was at an end. Your Ladyship may be pleased to remember, I have often mentioned the loss of my pocket-book, which this gentleman having very luckily found, was so kind to return it to me, with the bill in it."

Jones, ever since the arrival of Lady Bellafton, had been ready to sink with fear. He sat kicking his heels, playing with his fingers, and looking more like a fool, if it be possible, than a young booby squire, when he is first introduced into a polite assembly. He began, however, now to recover himself; and taking a hint from the behaviour of Lady Bellafton, who he saw did not intend to claim any acquaintance with him, he resolved as entirely to affect the stranger on his part. He said, "Ever since he had the pocket-book in his possession, he had used great diligence in inquiring out the lady whose

"name





“ name was writ in it, but never till that day could be  
“ so fortunate as to discover her.”

Sophia had indeed mentioned the loss of her pocket-book to Lady Bellaston ; but as Jones, for some reason or other, had never once hinted to her that it was in his possestions, he believed not one syllable of what Sophia now said, and wonderfully admired the extreme quickness of the young lady in inventing such an excuse. The reason of Sophia’s leaving the play-house met with no better credit ; and though she could not account for the meeting between these two lovers, she was firmly persuaded it was not accidental.

With an affected smile, therefore, she said—“ Indeed, “ Miss Western, you have had very good luck in recovering your money ; not only as it fell into the hands of a gentleman of honour, but as he happened to discover to whom it belonged. I think you would not consent to have it advertised. It was great good fortune, Sir, that you found out to whom the note belonged.”

“ O, Madam,” cries Jones, “ it was inclosed in a pocket-book, in which the young lady’s name was written.”

“ That was very fortunate indeed,” cries the lady :—“ and it was no less so that you heard Miss Western was at my house, for she is very little known.”

Jones had at length perfectly recovered his spirits ; and as he had conceived he had now an opportunity of satisfying Sophia as to the question she had asked him just before Lady Bellaston came in, he proceeded thus : “ Why, Madam,” answered he, “ it was by the luckiest chance imaginable I made this discovery. I was mentioning what I had found, and the name of the owner, the other night, to a lady at the masquerade, who told me, she believed she knew where I might see Miss Western, and if I would come to her house the next morning she would inform me. I went according to her appointment, but she was not at home ; nor could I ever meet with her till this morning, when she directed me to your ladyship’s house. I came accordingly, and did myself the honour to ask for your

“ ladyship ; and upon my saying that I had very particular business, a servant shewed me into this room, where I had not been long before the young lady turned from the play.”

Upon his mentioning the masquerade, he looked very slyly at Lady Bellaston, without any fear of being remarked by Sophia ; for she was visibly too much confounded to make any observations. This hint a little alarmed the lady, and she was silent ; when Jones, who saw the agitations of Sophia’s mind, resolved to take the only method of relieving her, which was by retiring ; but before he did this, he said, “ I believe, Madam, it is customary to give some reward on these occasions ;—I must insist on a very high one for my honesty ;—it is, Madam, no less than the honour of being permitted to pay another visit here.”

“ Sir,” replied the lady, “ I make no doubt that you are a gentleman, and my doors are never shut to people of fashion.”

Jones then, after proper ceremonials, departed, highly to his own satisfaction, and no less to that of Sophia ; who was terribly alarmed lest Lady Bellaston should discover what she knew already but too well.

Upon the stairs Jones met his old acquaintance Mrs Honour, who, notwithstanding all she had said against him, was now so well-bred as to behave with great civility. This meeting indeed proved a lucky circumstance, as he communicated to her the house where he lodged, with which Sophia was unacquainted.

## CHAP. XII.

*In which the thirteenth Book is concluded.*

**T**HE elegant Lord Shaftesbury somewhere objects to telling too much truth ; by which it may be fairly inferred, that, in some cases, to lie, is not only excusable, but commendable.

And surely there are no persons who may so properly challenge a right to this commendable deviation from truth, as young women in the affair of love ; for which they

they may plead precept, education, and above all, the sanction, nay, I may say, the necessity of custom, by which they are restrained, not from submitting to the honest impulses of nature (for that would be a foolish prohibition.) but from owning them.

We are not, therefore, ashamed to say, that our heroine now pursued the dictates of the above-mentioned right honourable philosopher. As she was perfectly satisfied then, that Lady Bellaston was ignorant of the person of Jones, so she determined to keep her in that ignorance, though at the expence of a little fibbing.

Jones had not been long gone, before Lady Bellaston cry'd, "Upon my word, a good pretty young fellow; " I wonder who he is; for I don't remember ever to have seen his face before."

"Nor I neither, Madam," cries Sophia; "I must say he behaved very handsomely in relation to my note."

"Yes; and he is a very handsome fellow," said the lady: "don't you think so?"

"I did not take much notice of him," answered Sophia, "but I thought he seemed rather aukward and ungenteel than otherwise."

"You are extremely right," cries Lady Bellaston: "you may see by his manner, that he hath not kept good company. Nay, notwithstanding his returning your note, and refusing the reward, I almost question whether he is a gentleman.—I have always observed there is a something in persons well-born, which others can never acquire.—I think I will give orders not to be at home to him."

"Nay, sure, Madam," answered Sophia, "one can't suspect after what he hath done; —besides, if your ladyship observed him, there was an elegance in his discourse, a delicacy, a prettiness of expression, that, that—".

"I confess," said Lady Bellaston, "the fellow hath words—And indeed Sophia, you must forgive me; indeed you must."

"I forgive your ladyship!" said Sophia.

"Yes indeed you must," answered she laughing; "for I had a horrible suspicion when I first came into the room

“ room——I vow you must forgive it; but I suspected  
“ it was Mr Jones himself.”

“ Did your ladyship indeed?” cries Sophia, blushing,  
and affecting a laugh.

“ Yes, I vow I did,” answered she; “ I can’t imagine  
what put it into my head; for, give the fellow  
his due, he was genteelly drest, which I think, dear  
Sophy, is not commonly the case with your friend.”

“ This raillery,” cries Sophia, “ is a little cruel, lady  
Bellaston, after my promise to your ladyship.”

“ Not at all, child!” said the lady.—“ It would  
have been cruel before; but, after you promised me  
never to marry without your father’s consent, in which  
you know is implied your giving up Jones, sure you  
can bear a little raillery on a passion, which was par-  
donable enough in a young girl in the country and  
of which you tell me you have so entirely got the  
better. What must I think, my dear Sophy, if you  
cannot bear a little ridicule even on his dress? I shall  
begin to fear you are very far gone indeed; and al-  
most question whether you have dealt ingenuously  
with me.”

“ Indeed Madam,” cries Sophia, “ your ladyship mis-  
takes me, if you imagine I had any concern on his  
account.”

“ On his account!” answered the lady: “ You must  
have mistaken me; I went no farther than his dress;  
—for I would not injure your taste by any other  
comparison—I don’t imagine, my dear Sophy, if your  
Mr Jones had been such a fellow as this—”

“ I thought,” says Sophia, “ your ladyship had allowed  
“ ed him to be handsome.”—

“ Whom, pray?” cried the lady hastily.

“ Mr Jones,” answered Sophia;—and immediately  
recollecting herself, “ Mr Jones!—no, no; I ask your  
“ pardon;—I mean the gentleman who was just now  
“ here.”

“ O Sophy! Sophy!” cries the lady; “ this Mr Jones,  
“ I am afraid, still runs in your head.”

“ Then upon my honour, madam,” said Sophia, Mr  
Jones is as entirely indifferent to me as the gentleman  
“ who just now left us.”

“ Upon

" Upon my honour," said lady Bellafton, " I believe " it. Forgive me, therefore, a little innocent raillery; " but I promise you I will never mention his name any " more."

And now the two ladies separated, infinitely more to the delight of Sophia than of Lady Bellafton, who would willingly have tormented her rival a little longer, had not busines of more importance called her away. As for Sophia, her mind was not perfectly easy under this first practice of deceit: upon which, when she retired to her chamber, she reflected with the highest uneasiness and conscious shame. Nor could the peculiar hardship of her situation, and the necessity of the case, at all reconcile her mind to her conduct; for the frame of her mind was too delicate to bear the thought of having been guilty of a falsehood, however qualified by circumstances. Nor did this thought once suffer her to close her eyes during the whole fucceeding night.

THE

## ОПЕРАТОРЫ

## BOOK XIV

CONTAINING TWO DAYS.

CHAP. I.

*An Essay to prove that an Author will write the better  
for having some knowledge of the subject on which he  
writes.*

**A**S several gentlemen in these times, by the wonderful force of genius only, without the least assistance of learning, perhaps without being well able to read, have made a considerable figure in the republic of letters; the modern critics, I am told, have lately begun to assert, that all kinds of learning are entirely useless to a writer; and, indeed, no other than a kind of fetters on the natural sprightliness and activity of the imagination, which is thus weighed down, and prevented from soaring to those high flights which otherwise it would be able to reach.

This doctrine, I am afraid, is at present carried much too far : for why should writing differ so much from all other arts ? The nimbleness of a dancing-master is not at all prejudiced by being taught to move ; nor doth any mechanic, I believe, exercise his tools the worse by having

learnt to use them. For my own part, I cannot conceive that Homer or Virgil would have writ with more fire, if, instead of being masters of all the learning of their times, they had been as ignorant as most of the Authors of the present age. Nor do I believe that all the imagination, fire, and judgment of Pitt, could have produced those orations that have made the senate of England in these our times a rival in eloquence of Greece and Rome, if he had not been so well read in the writings of Demosthenes and Cicero, as to have transferred their whole spirit into his speeches, and with their spirit their knowledge too.

I would not here be understood to insist on the same fund of learning in any of my brethren, as Cicero persuades us is necessary to the composition of an orator. On the contrary, very little reading is, I conceive, necessary to the poet, less to the critic, and the least of all to the politician. For the first, perhaps, Bysshe's *Art of Poetry*, and a few of our modern poets, may suffice; for the second, a moderate heap of plays; and for the last, an indifferent collection of political journals.

To say the truth, I require no more than that a man should have some little knowledge of the subject on which he treats, according to the old maxim of law, *Quam quisque norit artem in ea se exerceat*. With this alone a writer may sometimes do tolerably well; and indeed without this, all the other learning in the world will stand him in little stead.

For instance, let us suppose that Homer and Virgil, Aristotle and Cicero, Thucydides and Livy, could have met altogether, and have clubbed their several talents to have composed a treatise on the art of dancing; I believe it will be readily agreed they could not have equalled the excellent treatise which Mr Essex hath given us on that subject, entitled, *The Rudiments of genteel Education*. And, indeed, should the excellent Mr Broughton be prevailed on to set fist to paper, and to compleat the abovesaid rudiments, by delivering down the true principles of Athletics, I question whether the world will have any cause to lament, that none of the great writers, either ancient or modern, have ever treated about that noble and useful art.

To avoid a multiplicity of examples in so plain a case, and to come at once to my point, I am apt to conceive, that one reason why many English writers have totally failed in describing the manners of upper life, may possibly be, that in reality they know nothing of it.

This is a knowledge unhappily not in the power of many Authors to arrive at. Books will give us a very imperfect idea of it; nor will the stage a much better: the fine gentleman formed upon reading the former, will almost always turn out a pedant, and he who forms himself upon the latter, a coxcomb.

Nor are the characters drawn from these models better supported. Vanburgh and Congreve copied nature; but they who copy them draw as unlike the present age, as Hogarth would do if he was to paint a rout or a drum in the dresses of Titian and of Vandyke. In short, imitation here will not do the business. The picture must be after nature herself. A true knowledge of the world is gained only by conversation, and the manners of every rank must be seen in order to be known.

Now it happens that this higher order of mortals is not to be seen, like all the rest of the human-species, for nothing, in the streets, shops, and coffee-houses; nor are they shewn like the upper rank of animals, for so much a-piece. In short, this is a sight to which no persons are admitted, without one or other of these qualifications, viz. either birth or fortune; or, what is equivalent to both, the honourable profession of a gamester. And, very unluckily for the world, persons so qualified very seldom care to take upon themselves the bad trade of writing; which is generally entered upon by the lower and poorer sort, as it is a trade which many think requires no kind of stock to set up with.

Hence those strange monsters in lace and embroidery, in silks and brocades, with vast wigs and hoops; which, under the name of lords and ladies, strut the stage, to the great delight of attorneys clerks in the pit, and of the citizens and their apprentices in the galleries; and which are no more to be found in real life, than the centaur, the chimera, or any other creature of mere fiction. But, to let my reader into a secret, this knowledge of upper life, though very necessary for preventing mistakes,

takes, is no very great resource to a writer, whose province is comedy, or that kind of novels, which, like this I am writing, is of the comic class.

What Mr Pope says of women is very applicable to most in this station, who are indeed so entirely made up of form and affectation, that they have no character at all, at least none which appears. I will venture to say, the highest life is much the dullest, and affords very little humour or entertainment. The various callings in lower spheres produce the great variety of humorous characters; whereas here, except among the few who are engaged in the pursuit of ambition, and the fewer still who have a relish for pleasure, all is vanity and servile imitation. Dressing and cards, eating and drinking, bowing and curtseying, make up the busines of their lives.

Some there are, however of this rank, upon whom passion exercises its tyranny, and hurries them far beyond the bounds which decorum prescribes; of these, the ladies are as much distinguished by their noble intrepidity, and a certain superior contempt of reputation, from the frail ones of meaner degree, as a virtuous woman of quality is, by the elegance and delicacy of her sentiments, from the honest wife of a yeoman or shop-keeper. Lady Bellaston was of this intrepid character; but let not my country readers conclude from her, that this is the general conduct of women of fashion, or that we mean to represent them as such. They might as well suppose, that every clergyman was represented by Thwackum, or every soldier by ensign Northerton.

There is not indeed a greater error than that which universally prevails among the vulgar, who, borrowing their opinion from some ignorant satyrists, have affixed the character of lewdness to these times. On the contrary, I am convinced there never was less love intrigue carried on among persons of condition, than now. Our present women have been taught by their mothers to fix their thoughts only on ambition and vanity, and to despise the pleasures of love as unworthy their regard; and, being afterwards by the care of such mothers married without having husbands, they seem pretty well confirmed

sirmed in the justness of those sentiments; whence they content themselves, for the dull remainder of life, with the pursuit of more innocent, but, I am afraid, more childish amusements, the bare mention of which would ill suit with the dignity of this history. In my humble opinion, the true characteristic of the present beau monde is rather folly than vice, and the only epithet which it deserves is that of frivolous.

## C H A P. II.

*Containing letters and other matters which attend  
amours.*

JONES had not long been at home before he received the following letter:

“ I was never more surprised than when I found you  
“ was gone. When you left the room, I little imagined  
“ you intended to have left the house without seeing me  
“ again. Your behaviour is all of a piece, and convinces  
“ me how much I ought to despise a heart which  
“ can doat upon an idiot; though I know not whether  
“ I should not admire her cunning more than her sim-  
“ plicity: wonderful both! for though she understood  
“ not a word of what passed between us, she yet had  
“ the skill, the assurance, the——what shall I call it?  
“ to deny to my face, that she knows you, or ever saw  
“ you before——was this a scheme laid between  
“ you, and have you been base enough to betray me?  
“ O how I despise her, you, and all the world, but chief-  
“ ly myself! for——I dare not write what I should af-  
“ terwards run mad to read; but remember, I can de-  
“ test as violently as I have loved.”

Jones had but little time given him to reflect on this letter, before a second was brought him from the same hand; and this likewise we shall set down in the precise words:

“ When you consider the hurry of spirits in which I  
“ must have writ; you cannot be surprised at any expres-  
“ sions in my former note.——Yet, perhaps, on re-  
“ flection,

“ fection, they were rather too warm ; at least I would, “ if possible, think all owing to the odious play-house, “ and to the impertinence of a fool, which detained me “ beyond my appointment. How easy is it to think well “ of those we love ?—Perhaps you desire I should think “ so. I have resolved to see you to-night, so come to “ me immediately.

“ P. S. I have ordered to be at home to none but “ yourself.

“ P. S. Mr Jones will imagine I shall assist him in “ his defence ; for I believe, he cannot desire to im- “ pose on me more than I desire to impose on my- “ self.

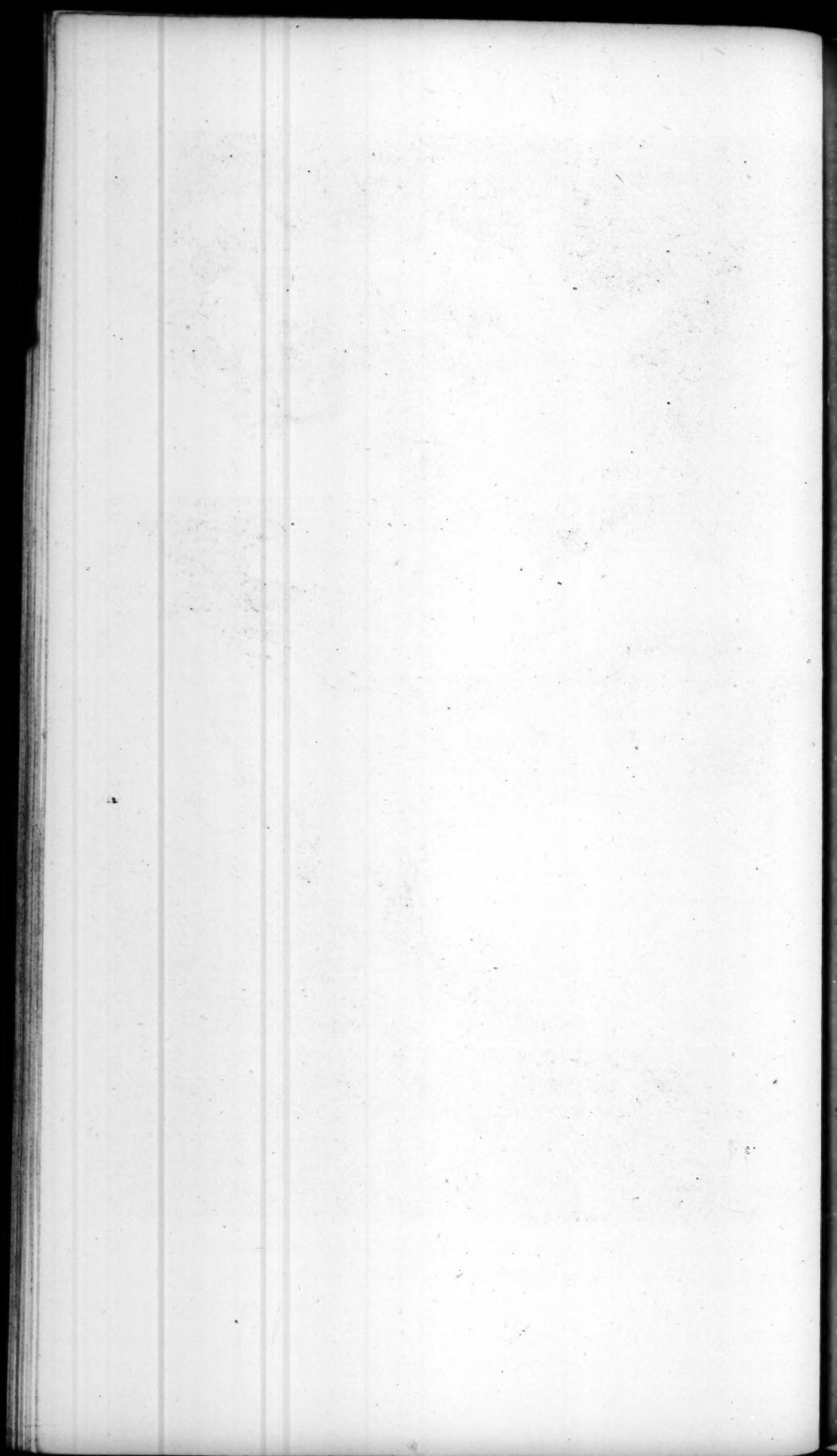
“ P. S. Come immediately.

To the men of intrigue I refer the determination, whether the angry or the tender letter gave the greatest uneasiness to Jones. Certain it is, he had no violent inclination to pay any more visits that evening, unless to one single person. However, he thought his honour engaged, and, had not this been motive sufficient, he would not have ventured to blow the temper of lady Bellaston into that flame of which he had reason to think it susceptible, and of which he feared the consequence might be a discovery to Sophia, which he dreaded. After some discontented walks, therefore, about the room, he was preparing to depart, when the lady kindly prevented him, not by another letter, but by her own presence. She entered the room very disordered in her dress, and very discomposed in her looks, and threw herself into a chair, where having recovered her breath, she said—  
“ You see, Sir, when women have gone one length too far, they will stop at none. If any person would have sworn this to me a week ago, I would not have believed it of myself.” “ I hope Madam,” said Jones, “ my charming lady Bellaston will be as difficult to believe any thing against one who is so sensible of the many obligations she has conferred upon him.” “ Indeed !” says she, “ sensible of obligations ! Did I expect to hear “ such

“ such cold language from Mr Jones?” “ Pardon me, “ my dear angel,” said he, “ if, after the letters I have “ received, the terrors of your anger, though I know “ not how I have deserved it.” — “ And have I then,” says she, with a smile, “ so angry a countenance? — “ Have I really brought a chiding face with me? — “ If there be honour in man,” said he, “ I have done “ nothing to merit your anger. — You remember “ the appointment you sent me: — I went in pursu- “ ance” — “ I beseech you,” cried she, “ do not run “ through the odious recital. — Answer me but one “ question, and I shall be easy. — Have you not be- “ trayed my honour to her?” — Jones fell upon his knees, and began to utter the most violent protesta- tions, when Partridge came dancing and capering into the room, like one drunk with joy, crying out, “ She’s found, “ she’s found!” — “ Here, Sir, here, she’s here. — “ Mrs Honour is upon the stairs.” “ Stop her a mo- “ ment,” cries Jones. — “ Here, Madam, step behind “ the bed: I have no other room, nor closet, nor place “ on earth to hide you in; sure never was so damn’d an “ accident.” — “ D—n’d indeed!” said the lady, as she went to her place of concealment; and presently afterwards in came Mrs Honour. “ Hey-day!” says she, “ Mr Jones, what’s the matter? — That impudent “ rascal, your servant, would scarce let me come up “ stairs. I hope he hath not the same reason to keep “ me from you as he had at Upton. — I suppose “ you hardly expected to see me; but you have certain- “ ly bewitched my lady. Poor dear young lady! To be “ sure, I loves her as tenderly as if she was my own sis- “ ter. Lord have mercy upon you, if you don’t make “ her a good husband; and to be sure, if you do not, “ nothing can be bad enough for you.” Jones begged her only to whisper, “ for that there was a lady dying “ in the next room.” “ A lady!” cries she; “ ay, I “ suppose one of your ladies. — O, Mr Jones, there are “ too many of them in the world! I believe we are “ got into the house of one; for my lady Bellafton, I “ dares to say, is no better than she should be.” — “ Hush, hush,” cries Jones, every word is overheard in “ the



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“the next room.” “I don’t care a farthing,” cries Honour, “I speaks no scandal of any one; but to be sure, the servants make no scruple of saying as how her ladyship meets men at another place——where the house goes under the name of a poor gentlewoman; but her ladyship pays the rent, and many the good thing besides, they say, she hath of her.”—Here Jones, after expressing the utmost uneasiness, offered to stop her mouth.—“Hey-day! why sure Mr Jones you will let me speak; I speaks no scandal, for I only says what I heard from others;——and thinks I to myself, much good may it do the gentlewoman with her riches, if she comes by it in such a wicked manner—To be sure it is better to be poor and honest.” The servants are villains:” cries Jones, “and abuse their lady unjustly.”—“Ay to be sure, servants are always villains; and so my lady says, and won’t hear a word of it?”—“No, I am convinced,” says Jones, “my Sophia is above listening to such base scandal.” “Nay, I believe, it is no scandal neither,” cries Honour, “for why should she meet men at another house?—It can never be for any good; for, if she had a lawful design of being courted, as to be sure any lady may lawfully give her company to men upon that account, why where can be the sense?”—“I protest,” cries Jones, “I can’t hear all this of a lady of such honour, and a relation of Sophia; besides you will distract the poor lady in the next room.—Let me entreat you to walk with me down stairs.”—“Nay, Sir, if you won’t let me speak, I have done.—Here, Sir, is a letter from my young lady:—What would some men give to have this? But, Mr Jones, i think, you are not over and above generous, and yet I have heard some servants say——But I am sure you will do me the justice to own I never saw the colour of your money.” Here Jones hastily took the letter, and presently after slipped five pieces into her hand. He then returned a thousand thanks to his dear Sophia in a whisper, and begged her to leave him to read her letter: She presently departed, not without expressing much grateful sense of his generosity.

Lady

Lady Bellaston now came from behind the curtain. How shall I describe her rage? Her tongue was at first incapable of utterance; but streams of fire darted from her eyes; and well indeed they might, for her heart was all in a flame. And now, as soon as her voice found way, instead of expressing any indignation against Honour, or her own servants, she began to attack poor Jones. "You see," said she, "what I have sacrificed to you; my reputation, my honour, — gone for ever! " And what return have I found? Neglected, slighted for a country girl, for an idiot." "What neglect, Madam, or what flight," cries Jones, "have I been guilty of? — " Mr Jones," said she, "it is in vain to differable; if you will make me easy, you must entirely give her up; and, as a proof of your intention, shew me the letter." "What letter, Madam?" said Jones. "Nay, surely," said she, "you cannot have the confidence to deny your having received a letter by the hands of that trollop." "And can your ladyship," cries he, "ask of me what I must part with my honour before I grant? Have I acted in such a manner by your ladyship? Could I be guilty of betraying this poor innocent girl to you, what security could you have, that I should not act the same part by yourself? A moment's reflection will, I am sure, convince you, that a man, with whom the secrets of a lady are not safe, must be the most contemptible of wretches." "Very well," said she, — "I need not insist on your becoming this contemptible wretch in your own opinion; for the inside of the letter could inform me of nothing more than I know already, I see the footing you are upon." — Here ensued a long conversation, which the reader, who is not too curious, will thank me for not inserting at length. It shall suffice therefore to inform him, that lady Bellaston grew more and more pacified, and at length believed, or affected to believe, his protestations, that his meeting with Sophia that evening was merely accidental, and every other matter which the reader already knows, and which, as Jones set before her in the strongest light, it is plain that she had in reality no reason to be angry with him.

She

She was not, however, in her heart, perfectly satisfied with his refusal to shew her the letter ; so deaf are we to the clearest reason, when it argues against our prevailing passions. She was indeed well convinced that Sophia possessed the first place in Jones's affections ; and yet haughty and amorous as this lady was, she submitted at last to bear the second place, or, to express it more properly in a legal phrase, was contented with the possession of that of which another woman had the reversion.

It was at length agreed, that Jones should for the future visit at the house ; for that Sophia, her maid, and all the servants would place these visits to the account of Sophia, and that she herself would be considered as the person imposed upon.

This scheme was contrived by the lady, and highly relished by Jones, who was indeed glad to have a prospect of seeing his Sophia at any rate ; and the lady herself was not a little pleased with the imposition on Sophia, which Jones, she thought, could not possibly discover to her for his own sake.

The next day was appointed for the first visit, and then, after proper ceremonials, the lady Bellafton returned home.

### CHAP. III.

*Containing various matters.*

JONES was no sooner alone, than he eagerly broke open his letter, and read as follows :

“ Sir, It is impossible to express what I have suffered, since you left this house ; and, as I have reason to think you intend coming here again, I have sent Honour, though so late at night, as she tells me she knows your lodgings, to prevent you. I charge you, by all the regard you have for me, not to think of visiting here ; for it will certainly be discovered ; nay, I almost doubt, from some things which have dropt from her ladyship, that she is not already without some suspicion. Something favourable, perhaps, may happen : we must wait with patience ; but I once more intreat you, if

“ you have any concern for my ease, do not think of  
“ returning hither.”

This letter administered the same kind of consolation to poor Jones, which Job formerly received from his friends. Besides disappointing all the hopes which he promised to himself from seeing Sophia, he was reduced to an unhappy dilemma, with regard to lady Bellaston; for there are some certain engagements, which, as he well knew, do very difficultly admit of any excuse for the failure; and to go, after the strict prohibition from Sophia, he was not to be forced by any human power. At length, after much deliberation, which, during that night, supplied the place of sleep, he determined to feign himself sick; for this suggested itself as the only means of failing the appointed visit, without incensing lady Bellaston, which he had more than one reason of desiring to avoid.

The first thing, however, which he did in the morning, was to write an answer to Sophia, which he inclosed in one to Honour. He then dispatched another to lady Bellaston, containing the above-mentioned excuse, and to this he soon received the following answer :

“ I am vexed that I cannot see you here this afternoon, but more concerned for the occasion; take great care of yourself, and have the best advice, and I hope there will be no danger.—I am so tormented all this morning with fools, that I have scarce a moment’s time to write you. Adieu.

“ P. S. I will endeavour to call on you this evening at nine.—Be sure to be alone.

Mr Jones now received a visit from Mrs Miller, who, after some formal introduction, began the following speech : “ I am very sorry, Sir, to wait upon you on such an occasion; but I hope you will consider the ill consequence which it must be to the reputation of my poor girls, if my house should once be talked of as a house of ill fame. I hope you won’t think me therefore guilty of impertinence, if I beg you not to bring any

“ any more ladies in at that time of night. The clock had  
“ struck two before one of them went away.” “ I do  
“ assure you, Madam,” said Jones, “ the lady who was  
“ here last night, and who staid the latest, (for the other  
“ only brought me a letter), is a woman of very great  
“ fashion, and my near relation.” “ I don’t know what  
“ fashion she is of,” answered Mrs Miller, “ but I am  
“ sure no woman of virtue, unless a very near relation in-  
“ deed, would visit a young gentleman at ten at night,  
“ and stay four hours in his room with him alone: be-  
“ sides, Sir, the behaviour of her chairmen shews what  
“ she was; for they did nothing but make jests all the  
“ evening in the entry, and asked Mr Partridge, in the  
“ hearing of my own maid, if Madam intended to stay  
“ with his master all night; with a great deal of stuff  
“ not proper to be repeated. I have really a great re-  
“ spect for you, Mr Jones, upon your own account; nay,  
“ I have a very high obligation to you for your generosi-  
“ ty to my cousin. Indeed I did not know how very  
“ good you had been till lately. Little did I imagine to  
“ what dreadful courses the poor man’s distress had  
“ driven him. Little did I think, when you gave me  
“ the ten guineas, that you had given them to a high-  
“ wayman! O heavens! What goodness have you  
“ shewn! How you have preserved this family!—The  
“ character which Mr Allworthy hath formerly given  
“ me of you, was, I find, strictly true.—And indeed, if I  
“ had no obligation to you, my obligations to him are  
“ such, that on his account I should shew you the ut-  
“ most respect in my power.—Nay, believe me, dear Mr  
“ Jones, if my daughters and my own reputation were  
“ out of the case, I should for your own sake be sorry,  
“ that so pretty a young gentleman should converse with  
“ these women; but if you are resolved to do it, I must  
“ beg you to take another lodging; for I do not myself  
“ like to have such things carried on under my roof, but  
“ more especially upon the account of my girls, who  
“ have little, heaven knows, besides their characters, to  
“ recommend them.” Jones started, and changed colour  
at the name of Allworthy. “ Indeed, Mrs Miller,” an-  
swered he a little warmly, “ I do not take this at all

“ kind. I will never bring any slander on your house ;  
“ but I must insist on seeing what company I please in  
“ my own room ; and, if that gives you any offence, I  
“ shall, as soon as I am able, look for another lodging.”  
“ I am sorry we must part then, Sir,” said she, “ but I  
“ am convinced Mr Allworthy himself would never come  
“ within my doors, if he had the least suspicion of my  
“ keeping an ill house.” — “ Very well, Madam,” said  
Jones. — “ I hope, Sir,” said she, “ you are not angry,  
“ for I would not for the world offend any of Mr All-  
“ worthy’s family. I have not slept a wink all night  
“ about this matter.” — “ I am sorry I have disturb-  
“ ed your rest, Madam,” said Jones ; “ but I beg you  
“ will send Partridge up to me immediately ;” which she  
promised to do, and then with a very low curtsey re-  
tired.

As soon as Partridge had arrived, Jones fell upon him in the most outrageous manner. — “ How often,” said he, “ am I to suffer for your folly, or rather for  
“ my own in keeping you ? Is that tongue of yours re-  
“ solved ‘on’ my destruction ?” — “ What have I  
“ done, Sir ?” answered affrighted Partridge. “ Who  
“ was it gave you authority to mention the story of  
“ the robbery, or that the man you saw here was the  
“ person ?” — “ I, Sir !” cries Partridge. “ Now don’t  
“ be guilty of a falsehood in denying it ;” said Jones, —  
“ If I did mention such a matter,” answers Partridge,  
“ I am sure I thought no harm ; for I should not have  
“ opened my lips, if it had not been to his own friends  
“ and relations, who, I imagined, would let it go no far-  
“ ther.” — “ But I have a much heavier charge against  
“ you,” cries Jones, “ than this. How durst you, after  
“ all the precautions I gave you, mention the name of  
“ Mr Allworthy in this house ? Partridge denied that  
“ he ever had, with many oaths. “ How else,” said Jones,  
“ should Mrs Miller be acquainted that there was any  
“ connection between him and me ? and it is but this mo-  
“ ment she told me she respected me on his account.—  
“ O Lord, Sir,” said Partridge, “ I desire only to be  
“ heard out ; and to be sure, never was any thing so un-  
“ fortunate ; hear me but cut, and you will own how  
“ wrongfully

“ wrongfully you have accused me. When Mrs Honour came down stairs last night, she met me in the entry, and asked me when my master had heard from Mr Allworthy; and to be sure Mrs Miller heard the very words; and the moment Madam Honour was gone, she called me into the parlour to her.” “ Mr Partridge,” says she, “ what Mr Allworthy is that the gentlewoman mentioned? Is it the great Mr Allworthy of Somersetshire?” “ Upon my word, Madam,” says I, “ I know nothing of the matter.” — “ Sure,” says she, “ your master is not the Mr Jones I have heard Mr Allworthy talk of?” — “ Upon my word, Madam,” says I, “ I know nothing of the matter.” — “ Then,” says she, turning to her daughter Nancy, “ as sure as tenpence this is the very young gentleman, and he agrees exactly with the ‘squire’s description.” The Lord above knows who it was told her; for I am the arrantest villain that ever walked upon two legs if ever it came out of my mouth — — I promise you, Sir, I can keep a secret when I am desired. — — Nay, Sir, so far was I from telling her any thing about Mr Allworthy, that I told her the very direct contrary; for tho’ I did not contradict it at that moment, yet, as second thoughts they say are best, so, when I came to consider that some body must have informed her, thinks I to myself, I will put an end to the story; and so I went back again into the parlour some time afterwards, and, says I, upon my word, says I, whoever, says I, told you that this gentleman was Mr Jones; that is, says I, that this Mr Jones was that Mr Jones, told you a confounded lie: and I beg, says I, you will never mention any such matter, says I; for my master, says I, will think I must have told you so; and I defy any body in the house ever to say I mentioned any such word. To be certain, Sir, it is a wonderful thing, and I have been thinking with myself ever since, how it was she came to know it; not but I saw an old woman here t’other day a-begging at the door, who looked as like her we saw in Warwickshire, that caused all that mischief to us. To be sure it is never good to pass by

“ by an old woman without giving her something, especially if she looks at you; for all the world shall never persuade me but that they have a great power to do mischief, and to be sure I shall never see an old woman again, but I shall think to myself, *Infandum, Regina, jubes renovare dolorem.*”

The simplicity of Partridge set Jones a laughing, and put a final end to his anger, which had indeed seldom any long duration in his mind: and, instead of commenting on his defence, he told him, he intended presently to leave those lodgings, and ordered him to go and endeavour to get him others.

#### C H A P. IV.

*Which we hope will be very attentively perused by young people of both sexes.*

PARTRIDGE had no sooner left Mr Jones, than Mr Nightingale, with whom he had now contracted a great intimacy, came to him, and after a short salutation said, “ So, Tom, I hear you had company very late last night. “ Upon my soul you are a happy fellow, who have not “ been in town above a fortnight, and can keep chairs “ waiting at your door till two in the morning.” He then ran on with much common-place raillery of the same kind, till Jones at last interrupted him, saying, “ I suppose you have received all this information from Mrs Miller, who hath been up here a little while ago to give me warning. The good woman is afraid, it seems, of the reputation of her daughters.” “ O she is wonderfully nice,” says Nightingale, “ upon that account; if you remember, she would not let Nancy go with us to the masquerade.” “ Nay, upon my honour, I think she’s in the right of it,” says Jones; “ however, I have taken her at her word, and have sent Partridge to look for another lodging.” “ If you will,” says Nightingale, “ we may, I believe, be again together; for, to tell you a secret, which I desire you won’t mention in the family, I intend to quit the house to-day.” — “ What! hath Mrs Miller given you warning too, my friend?” cries Jones. “ No,” answered the other;

other ; " but the rooms are not convenient enough.— " Besides, I am grown weary of this part of the town. " I want to be nearer the places of diversion ; so I am " going to Pall-mall."—" And do you intend to make " a secret of your going away ?" said Jones. " I pro- " mise you," answered Nightingale, " I don't intend to " bilk my lodgings ; but I have a private reason for not " taking a formal leave." " Not so private," answered Jones ; " I promise you, I have seen it ever since the " second day of my coming to the house.—Here will be " some wet eyes on your departure.—Poor Nancy ; I " pity her, faith !—Indeed, Jack, you have played the fool " with that girl.——You have given her a longing, " which I am afraid nothing will ever cure her of."— Nightingale answered, " What the devil would you have " me do ? Would you have me marry her to cure " her ?" " No," answered Jones, " I would not have " had you make love to her, as you have often done " in my presence. I have been astonished at the blind- " ness of her mother in never seeing it." " Pugh, " fee it !" cries Nightingale : what the devil should the " fee ? " Why, fee," said Jones, " that you have made " her daughter distractedly in love with you. The poor " girl cannot conceal it a moment : her eyes are never " off from you, and she always colours every time you " come into the room. Indeed I pity her heartily, for " she seems to be one of the best-natured and honestest " of human creatures." " And so," answered Night- ingale, " according to your doctrine, one must not amuse " one's self by any common gallantries with women, for " fear they should fall in love with us." " Indeed, " Jack," said Jones, " you wilfully misunderstand me ; " I do not fancy women are so apt to fall in love ; but " you have gone far beyond common gallantries."— " What ! do you suppose," says Nightingale, " that we " have been a-bed together ?" " No, upon my honour," answered Jones very seriously, " I do not suppose so ill " of you ; nay, I will go farther ; I do not imagine you " have laid a regular premeditated scheme for the de- " struction of the quiet of a poor little creature, or have " even foreseen the consequence ; for I am sure thou art

" a very

“ a very good-natured fellow ; and such a one can never be guilty of a cruelty of that kind : but at the same time, you have pleased your own vanity, without considering that this poor girl was made a sacrifice to it ; and, while you have had no design but of amusing an idle hour, you have actually given her reason to flatter herself, that you had the most serious designs in her favour. Prithee, Jack, answer me honestly ; to what have tended all those elegant and luscious descriptions of happiness arising from violent and mutual fondness, all those warm professions of tenderness and generous disinterested love ? Did you imagine she would not apply them ? or, speak ingenuously, did not you intend she should ? Upon my soul, Tom,” cries Nightingale, “ I did not think this was in thee. Thou wilt make an admirable parson.—So, I suppose, you would not go to bed to Nancy now, if she would let you ?”—“ No,” cries Jones, “ may I be d—n’d if I would.” “ Tom, Tom,” answered Nightingale, “ last night ; remember last night,

“ —When ev’ry eye was clos’d, and the pale moon,  
“ And silent stars, shone conscious of the theft.”

“ Looke, Mr Nightingale,” said Jones, “ I am no canting hypocrite, nor do I pretend to the gift of chastity more than my neighbours. I have been guilty with women ; I own it ; but am not conscious that I have ever injured any.—Nor would I, to procure pleasure to myself, be knowingly the cause of misery to any human being.”

“ Well, well,” said Nightingale, “ I believe you, and I am convinced you acquit me of any such thing.”

“ I do, from my heart,” answered Jones, “ of having debauched the girl, but not from having gained her affections.”

“ If I have,” said Nightingale, “ I am sorry for it ; but time and absence will soon wear off such impressions. It is a receipt I must take myself ; for, to confess the truth to you,—I never liked any girl half so much in my whole life ; but I must let you into the

“ whole

“ whole secret, Tom. My father hath provided a match for me with a woman I never saw; and she is now coming to town, in order for me to make my addresses to her.”

At these words Jones burst into a loud fit of laughter; when Nightingale cried,—“ Nay, prithee don’t turn me into ridicule. The Devil take me if I am not half mad about this matter! my poor Nancy! Oh Jones, Jones, I wish I had a fortune in my own possession.”

“ I heartily wish you had,” cries Jones; “ for, if this be the case, I sincerely pity you both; but surely you don’t intend to go away without taking your leave of her!”

“ I would not,” answered Nightingale, “ undergo the pain of taking leave for ten thousand pound; besides, I am convinced, instead of answering any good purpose, it would only serve to inflame my poor Nancy the more. I beg therefore you would not mention a word of it to-day, and in the evening, or to-morrow morning, I intend to depart.”

Jones promised he would not, and said, upon reflection, he thought, as he had determined and was obliged to leave her, he took the most prudent method. He then told Nightingale, he should be very glad to lodge in the same house with him; and it was accordingly agreed between them, that Nightingale should procure him either the ground floor, or the two pair of stairs; for the young gentleman himself was to occupy that which was between them.

This Nightingale, of whom we shall be presently obliged to say a little more, was in the ordinary transactions of life a man of strict honour, and, what is more rare among young gentlemen of the town, one of strict honesty too; yet in affairs of love, he was somewhat loose in his morals: not that he was even here as void of principle as gentlemen sometimes are, and oftener affect to be; but it is certain he had been guilty of some indefensible treachery to women, and had in a certain mystery, called *making love*, practised many deceipts, which if he had used in trade, he would have been counted the greatest villain upon earth.

But as the world, I know not well for what reason, agree to see this treachery in a better light, he was so far from being ashamed of his iniquities of this kind, that he gloried in them, and would often boast of his skill in gaining of women, and his triumphs over their hearts, for which he had before this time received some rebukes from Jones, who always exprest great bitterness against any misbehaviour to the fair part of the species, who, if considered, he said, as they ought to be, in the light of the dearest friends, were to be cultivated, honoured, and careffed with the utmost love and tenderness, but if regarded as enemies, were a conquest of which a man ought rather to be ashamed, than to value himself upon it.

## CHAP. V.

*A short Account of the History of Mrs Miller.*

JONES this day eat a pretty good dinner for a sick man, that is to say, the larger half of a shoulder of mutton. In the afternoon he received an invitation from Mrs Miller to drink tea ; for that good woman having learnt, either by means of Partridge, or by some other means natural or supernatural, that he had a connection with Mr Allworthy, could not endure the thoughts of parting with him in an angry manner.

Jones accepted the invitation ; and no sooner was the tea-kettle removed, and the girls sent out of the room, than the widow, without much preface, began as follows : " Well, there are very surprising things happen in this world ; but certainly it is a wonderful busines, that I should have a relation of Mr Allworthy in my house, and never know any thing of the matter. Alas! Sir, you little imagine what a friend that best of gentlemen hath been to me and mine. Yes, Sir, I am not ashamed to own it ; it is owing to his goodness, that I did not long since perish for want, and leave my poor little wretches, two destitute, helpless, friendles orphans, to the care or rather to the cruelty of the world.

" You

“ You must know, Sir, though I am now reduced to  
“ get my living by setting lodgings, I was born and bred  
“ a gentlewoman. My father was an officer of the ar-  
“ my, and died in a considerable rank; but he lived up  
“ to his pay; and as that expired with him, his family,  
“ at his death, became beggars. We were three sisters.  
“ One of us had the good luck to die soon after of the  
“ small-pox: a lady was so kind as to take the second  
“ out of charity, as she said, to wait upon her. The  
“ mother of this lady had been a servant to my grand-  
“ mother; and having inherited a vast fortune from  
“ her father, which she had got by pawnbroking, was  
“ married to a gentleman of great estate and fashion.  
“ She used my sister so barbarously, often upbraiding  
“ her with her birth and poverty, calling her in derision  
“ a gentlewoman, that I believe she at length broke the  
“ heart of the poor girl. In short, she likewise died  
“ within a twelvemonth after my father. Fortune  
“ thought proper to provide better for me, and within a  
“ month from his decease I was married to a clergyman,  
“ who had been my lover a long time before, and who  
“ had been very ill-used by my father on that account:  
“ for though my poor father could not give any of us a  
“ shilling, yet he bred us up as delicately, considered us,  
“ and would have us consider ourselves, as highly as  
“ if we had been the richest heiresses. But my dear  
“ husband forgot all this usage, and the moment we  
“ were become fatherless, he immediately renewed his  
“ addresses to me so warmly, that I, who always liked,  
“ and now more than ever esteemed him, soon com-  
“ plied. Five years did I live in a state of perfect hap-  
“ piness with that best of men, 'till at last—Oh! cruel,  
“ cruel fortune, that ever separated us, that deprived  
“ me of the kindest of husbands, and my poor girls of  
“ the tenderest parent.—O my poor girls! ye  
“ never knew the blessing which you lost.—I am ashamed,  
“ Mr Jones, of this womanish weakness; but I shall  
“ never mention him without tears.”—“ I ought rather,  
“ Madam,” said Jones, “ to be ashamed that I do not  
“ accompany you.”—“ Well, Sir,” continued she, “ I  
“ was now left a second time in a much worse condition

“ than before ; besides the terrible affliction I was to encounter, I had now two children to provide for ; and was, if possible, more penniless than ever, when that great, that good, that glorious man, Mr Allworthy, who had some little acquaintance with my husband, accidentally heard of my distress, and immediately writ this letter to me. Here, Sir,—here it is ; I put it into my pocket to shew it you. This is the letter, Sir ; I must and will read it to you.

“ **MADAM,**

“ **I** Heartily condole with you on your late grievous loss, which your own good sense, and the excellent lessons you must have learnt from the worthiest of men, will better enable you to bear, than any advice which I am capable of giving. Nor have I any doubt that you, whom I have heard to be the tenderest of mothers, will suffer any immoderate indulgence of grief to prevent you from discharging your duty to those poor infants, who now alone stand in need of your tenderness.

“ However, as you must be supposed at present to be incapable of much worldly consideration, you will pardon my having ordered a person to wait on you, and to pay you twenty guineas, which I beg you will accept 'till I have the pleasure of seeing you, and believe me to be, Madam, &c.”

“ This letter, Sir, I received within a fortnight after the irreparable loss I have mentioned, and within a fortnight afterwards, Mr Allworthy,—the blessed Mr Allworthy, came to pay me a visit, when he placed me in the house where you now see me, gave me a large sum of money to furnish it, and settled an annuity of 50l. a-year upon me, which I have constantly received ever since. Judge then, Mr Jones, in what regard I must hold a benefactor, to whom I owe the preservation of my life, and of those dear children, for whose sake alone my life is valuable.—Do not, therefore, think me impertinent, Mr Jones, (since I must esteem one for whom I know Mr Allworthy hath so much value)

“value) if I beg you not to converse with these wicked women. You are a young gentleman, and do not know half their artful wiles. Do not be angry with me, Sir, for what I said upon account of my house; you must be sensible it would be the ruin of my poor dear girls. Besides, Sir, you cannot but be acquainted, that Mr Allworthy himself would never forgive my conniving at such matters, and particularly with you.”

“Upon my word, Madam,” said Jones, “you need make no farther apology; nor do I in the least take any thing ill you have said: but give me leave, as no one can have more value than myself for Mr Allworthy, to deliver you from one mistake, which perhaps, would not be altogether for his honour; I do assure you, I am no relation of his.”

“Alas! Sir,” answered she, “I know you are not. I know very well who you are; for Mr Allworthy hath told me all: but I do assure you, had you been twenty times his son, he could not have expressed more regard for you than he hath often expressed in my presence. You need not be ashamed, Sir, of what you are; I promise you no good person will esteem you the less on that account. No, Mr Jones; the words, “dishonourable birth,” are nonsense, as my dear, dear husband used to say, unless the word “dishonourable” be applied to the parents; for the children can derive no real dishonour from an act of which they are entirely innocent.”

Here Jones heaved a deep sigh, and then said, “Since I perceive, Madam, you really do know me, and Mr Allworthy hath thought proper to mention my name to you; and since you have been so explicit with me as to your own affairs, I will acquaint you with some more circumstances concerning myself.” And these Mrs Miller having expressed great desire and curiosity to hear, he began and related to her his whole history, without once mentioning the name of Sophia.

There is a kind of sympathy in honest minds, by means of which they give an easy credit to each other. Mrs Miller believed all which Jones told her to be true, and expressed

expressed much pity and concern for him. She was beginning to comment on the story, but Jones interrupted her; for as the hour of assignation now drew nigh, he began to stipulate for a second interview with the lady that evening, which he promised should be the last at her house; swearing, at the same time, that she was one of great distinction, and that nothing but what was entirely innocent was to pass between them; and I do firmly believe he intended to keep his word.

Mrs Miller was at length prevailed on, and Jones departed to his chamber, where he sat alone till twelve o'clock, but no Lady Bellaston appeared.

As we have said that this lady had a great affection for Jones, and it must have appeared that she really had so, the reader may perhaps wonder at the first failure of her appointment, as she apprehended him to be confined by sickness, a season when friendship seems most to require such visits. This behaviour, therefore, in the lady, may, by some, be condemned as unnatural; but that is not our fault, for our business is only to record truth.

### C H A P. VI.

*Containing a scene which we doubt not will affect all our readers.*

**M**R Jones closed not his eyes during all the former part of the night; not owing it to any uneasiness which he conceived at being disappointed by lady Bellaston; nor was Sophia herself, though most of his waking hours were justly to be charged to her account, the present cause of dispelling his slumbers. In fact, poor Jones was one of the best natured fellows alive, and had all that weakness which is called compassion, and which distinguishes this imperfect character from that noble firmness of mind which rolls a man, as it were, within himself, and, like a polished bowl, enables him to run through the world, without being once stopped by the calamities which happen to others. He could not help, therefore, compassionating the situation of poor Nancy, whose

whose love for Mr Nightingale seemed to him so apparent that he was astonished at the blinlnes of her mother, who had more than once, the preceding evening, remarked to him, the great change in the temper of her daughter, " who from being," she said, " one of the liveliest, merriest girls in the world, was, on a sudden, become all gloom and melancholy."

Sleep, however, at length got the better of all resistance; and now, as if he had already been a deity, as the ancients imagined, and an offended one too, he seemed to enjoy his dear-bought conquest.—To speak simply, and without any metaphor, Mr Jones slept till eleven the next morning, and would perhaps have continued in the same quiet situation much longer, had not a violent uproar awakened him.

Partridge was now summoned, who, being asked what was the matter, answered, " that there was a dreadful hurricane below stairs; that Miss Nancy was in fits; and " that the other sister, and the mother, were both crying " and lamenting over her." Jones expressed much concern at this news, which Partridge endeavoured to relieve, by saying with a smile, " he fancied the young lady was in no " danger of death; for that Susan (which was the name " of the maid) had given him to understand, it was no- " thing more than a common affair. In short," said he, " Miss Nancy hath had a mind to be as wife as her mother, that's all; she was a little hungry, it seems, and " sat down to dinner before grace was said; and so there " is a child coming for the foundling-hospital." " Prithee " leave thy stupid jesting," cries Jones. " Is the misery of these poor wretches a subject of mirth? Go " immediately to Mrs Miller, and tell her, I beg leave— " Stay, you will make some blunder; I will go myself; " for the desired me to breakfast with her." He then rose, and dressed himself as fast as he could; and while he was dressing, Partridge, notwithstanding many severe rebukes, could not avoid throwing forth certain pieces of brutality, commonly called jests, on this occasion. Jones was no sooner dressed, than he walked down stairs, and knocking at the door, was presently admitted, by the maid, into the outward parlour, which was as empty

of

of company as it was of any apparatus for eating. Mrs Miller was in the inner room with her daughter, whence the maid presently brought a message to Mr Jones, "that  
" her mistress hoped he would excuse the disappointment,  
" but an accident had happened, which made it impossible  
" for her to have the pleasure of his company at breakfast  
" that day; and begged his pardon for not sending him  
" up notice sooner." Jones desired she would give her-  
" self no trouble about any thing so trifling as his dis-  
" pointment; that he was heartily sorry for the occasion;  
" and that if he could be of any service to her, she might  
" command him."

He had scarce spoke these words, when Mrs Miller, who heard them all, suddenly threw open the door, and coming out to him, in a flood of tears, said, O  
" Mr Jones, you are certainly one of the best young  
" men alive. I give you a thousand thanks for your  
" kind offer of your service; but, alas! Sir, it is out of  
" your power to preserve my poor girl.—O my child,  
" my child! she is undone, she is ruined for ever!" "I  
" hope, Madam," said Jones, "no villain,"—"O Mr  
" Jones," said she, "that villain who yesterday left my  
" lodgings hath betrayed my poor girl; hath destroyed  
" her,—I know you are a man of honour. You have  
" a good—a noble heart, Mr Jones. The actions to  
" which I have been myself a witness, could proceed  
" from no other. I will tell you all; nay, indeed, it is  
" impossible, after what hath happened, to keep it a se-  
" cret. That Nightingale, that barbarous villain hath  
" undone my daughter. She is—she is—oh! Oh Mr  
" Jones, my girl is with child by him; and in that con-  
" dition he hath deserted her. Here! here, Sir, is his  
" cruel letter: read it Mr Jones, and tell me if such an-  
" other monster lives."

The letter was as follows:

" Dear Nancy,  
" AS I found it impossible to mention to you what,  
" **A** I am afraid, will be no less shocking to you,  
" than it is to me, I have taken this method to inform  
" you,

“ you, that my father insists upon my immediately paying my addressees to a young lady of fortune, whom he hath provided for me—I need not write the detested word. Your own good understanding will make you sensible, how entirely I am obliged to an obedience, by which I shall be for ever excluded from your dear arms. The fondness of your mother may encourage you to trust her with the unhappy consequence of our love, which may be easily kept a secret from the world, and for which I will take care to provide, as I will for you. I wish you may feel less on this account than I have suffered: but summon all your fortitude to your assistance, and forgive and forget the man, whom nothing but the prospect of certain ruin could have forced to write this letter. I bid you forget me, I mean only as a lover; but the best of friends you shall ever find in

“ Your faithful, though unhappy,

“ J. N.”

When Jones had read this letter, they both stood silent during a minute looking at each other; at last he began thus: “ I cannot express, Madam, how much I am shocked at what I have read; yet let me beg you, in one particular, to take the writer’s advice. Consider the reputation of your daughter.”—“ It is gone, it is lost, Mr Jones,” cry’d she, “ as well as her innocence. She received the letter in a room full of company, and immediately swooning away upon opening it, the contents were known to every one present. But the loss of her reputation, bad as it is, is not the worst; I shall lose my child; she hath attempted twice to destroy herself already; and, tho’ she hath hitherto been prevented, vows she will not outlive it; nor could I myself outlive any accident of that nature.—What then will become of my little Betsey, a helpless infant-orphan? And the poor little wretch will, I believe, break her heart at the miseries with which she sees her sister and myself distracted, while she is ignorant of the cause.—O ’tis the most sensible and best-natured little thing. The barbarous

“ cruel——hath destroyed us all. O my poor children !  
“ Is this the reward of all my cares ? Is this the fruit of  
“ all my prospects ? Have I so cheerfully undergone all  
“ the labours and duties of a mother ? Have I been  
“ so tender of their infancy, so careful of their educa-  
“ tion ? Have I been toiling so many years, denying my-  
“ self even the conveniences of life, to provide some little  
“ sustenance for them, to lose one or both in such a  
“ manner ? ” “ Indeed, Madam,” said Jones with tears in  
his eyes, “ I pity you from my soul.” — “ O Mr Jones,”  
answered she, “ even you, though I know the goodness  
“ of your heart, can have no idea of what I feel. The  
“ best, the kindest, and most dutiful of children ! — O my  
“ poor Nancy, the darling of my soul ! the delight of  
“ my eyes ! the pride of my heart ! too much indeed  
“ my pride ; for to those foolish, ambitious hopes, arising  
“ from her beauty, I owe her ruin. Alas ! I saw with  
“ pleasure the liking which this young man had for her.  
“ I thought it an honourable affection, and flattered my  
“ foolish vanity with the thoughts of seeing her mar-  
“ ried to one so much her superior : and a thousand  
“ times in my presence, nay often in yours, he hath  
“ endeavoured to sooth and encourage these hopes by  
“ the most generous expressions of disinterested love,  
“ which he hath always directed to my poor girl, and  
“ which I, as well as she, believed to be real. Could I  
“ have believed, that these were only snares laid to be-  
“ tray the innocence of my child, and for the ruin of us  
“ all ? ” — At these words little Betsey came running into  
the room, crying, “ Dear Mamma, for Heaven’s sake  
“ come to my sister ; for she is in another fit, and my  
“ cousin can’t hold her.” Mrs Miller immediately obeyed  
the summons, but first ordered Betsey to stay with  
Mr Jones, and begged him to entertain her a few mi-  
nutes, saying in the most pathetic voice, “ Good Heaven !  
“ let me preserve one of my children at the least.”

Jones, in compliance with this request, did all he could  
to comfort the little girl, though he was in reality him-  
self very highly affected with Mrs Miller’s story. He  
told her, “ Her sister would be soon very well again ;  
“ that, by taking on in that manner, she would not on-  
“ ly make her sister worse, but make her mother ill too.”

“ Indeed,

"Indeed, Sir," said she, "I would not do any thing to hurt them for the world. I would rather burst my heart than they should see me cry.—But my poor sister can't see me cry.—I am afraid she will never be able to see me any more. Indeed I can't part with her; indeed I can't.—And then poor mamma too, what will become of her?—She says she will die too, and leave me: but I am resolved I won't be left behind." "And are you not afraid to die, my little Betsey?" said Jones. "Yes," answered she, "I was always afraid to die, because I must have left my mamma and my sister; but I am not afraid to go any where with those I love."

Jones was so pleased with this answer, that he eagerly kissed the child; and soon after Mrs Miller returned, saying, "She thanked Heaven Nancy was now come to herself. And now, Betsey," says she, "you may go in; for your sister is better, and longs to see you." She then turned to Jones, and began to renew her apologies for having disappointed him of his breakfast:

"I hope, Madam," said Jones, "I shall have a more exquisite repast than any you could have provided for me. This, I assure you, will be the case, if I can do any service to this little family of love. But, whatever success may attend my endeavours, I am resolved to attempt it. I am very much deceived in Mr Nightingale, if, notwithstanding what hath happened, he hath not much goodness of heart at the bottom, as well as a very violent affection for your daughter. If this be the case, I think the picture, which I shall lay before him, will affect him. Endeavour, Madam, to comfort yourself and Miss Nancy as well as you can: I will go instantly in quest of Mr Nightingale; and I hope to bring you good news."

Mrs Miller fell upon her knees, and invoked all the blessings of heaven upon Mr Jones; to which she afterwards added the most passionate expressions of gratitude. He then departed to find Mr Nightingale, and the good woman returned to comfort her daughter, who was somewhat cheered at what her mother told her; and both joined in resounding the praises of Mr Jones.

## C H A P. VII.

*The interview between Mr Jones and Mr Nightingale.*

THE good or evil we confer on others, very often, I believe, recoils on ourselves: for as men of a benign disposition enjoy their own acts of beneficence equally with those to whom they are done, so there are scarce any natures so entirely diabolical, as to be capable of doing injuries, without paying themselves some pangs for the ruin which they bring upon their fellow-creatures.

Mr Nightingale at least was not such a person. On the contrary, Jones found him in his new lodgings, sitting melancholy by the fire, and silently lamenting the unhappy situation in which he had placed poor Nancy. He no sooner saw his friend appear, than he arose hastily to meet him, and after much congratulation said, "Nothing could be more opportune than this kind visit, for I was never more in the spleen in my life." "I am sorry," answered Jones, "that I bring news very unlikely to relieve you, nay what I am convinced must, of all others, shock you the most. However, it is necessary you should know it. Without further preface then, I come to you, Mr Nightingale, from a worthy family, which you have involved in misery and ruin." Mr Nightingale changed colour at these words: but Jones, without regarding it, proceeded in the liveliest manner to paint the tragical story, with which the reader was acquainted in the last chapter.

Nightingale never once interrupted the narration, though he discovered violent emotions at many parts of it. But, when it was concluded, after fetching a deep sigh, he said, "What you tell me, my friend, affects me in the tenderest manner. Sure there never was so cursed an accident as the poor girl's betraying my letter. Her reputation might otherwise have been safe, and the affair might have remained a profound secret; and then the girl might have gone off never the worse; for many such things happen in this town; and if the husband

" husband should suspect a little when it is too late, it will be his wiser conduct to conceal his suspicion both from his wife and the world."

" Indeed, my friend," answered Jones, " this could not have been the case with your poor Nancy. You have so entirely gained her affection, that it is the loss of you, and not of her reputation, which afflicts her, and will end in the destruction of her and her family." " Nay, for that matter, I promise you," cries Nightingale, " she hath my affections so absolutely, that my wife, whoever she is to be, will have very little share in them." " And is it possible then," said Jones, " you can think of deserting her?" " Why, what can I do?" answered the other. " Ask Miss Nancy," replied Jones warmly. " In the condition to which you have reduced her, I sincerely think she ought to determine what reparation you shall make her. Her interest alone, and not yours, ought to be your sole consideration. But, if you ask me what you shall do, what can you do less," cries Jones, " than fulfil the expectations of her family and her own? Nay, I sincerely tell you, they were mine too, ever since I first saw you together. You will pardon me, if I presume on the friendship you have favoured me with, moved as I am with compassion for those poor creatures. But your own heart will best suggest to you, whether you have never intended by your conduct to persuade the mother, as well as the daughter, into an opinion, that you designed honourably; and if so, though there may have been no direct promise of marriage in the case, I will leave to your own good understanding, how far you are bound to proceed."

" Nay, I must not only confess what you have hinted," said Nightingale; " but I am afraid even that very promise you mention I have given." " And can you, after owning that," said Jones, " hesitate a moment?" " Consider, my friend," answered the other; " I know you are a man of honour, and would advise no one to act contrary to its rules; if there were no other objection, can I, after this publication of her disgrace, think of such an alliance with honour?" " Undoubtedly,"

“doubtedly,” replied Jones; “and the very best and truest honour, which is goodness, requires it of you. As you mention a scruple of this kind, you will give me leave to examine it. Can you with honour be guilty of having, under false pretences, deceived a young woman and her family; and of having by these means treacherously robbed her of her innocence? Can you with honour be the knowing, the wilful occasion, nay the artful contriver of the ruin of a human being? Can you with honour destroy the fame, the peace, nay probably both the life and soul of this creature? Can honour bear the thought, that this creature is a tender, helpless, defenceless, young woman? a young woman who loves, who doats on you, who dies for you, who hath placed the utmost confidence in your promises, and to that confidence hath sacrificed every thing which is dear to her? Can honour support such contemplations as these a moment?”

“Common sense, indeed,” said Nightingale, “warrants all you say; but yet you well know the opinion of the world is so contrary to it, that if I was to marry a whore, though my own, I should be ashamed of ever shewing my face aga’i’n.”

“Fie upon it, Mr Nightingale,” said Jones, “do not call her by so ungenerous a name: when you promised to marry her, she became your wife; and she hath sinned more against prudence than virtue. And what is this world, which you would be ashamed to face, but the vile, the foolish, and the profligate? Forgive me, if I say such a shame must proceed from false modesty, which always attends false honour as its shadow.—But I am assured, there is not a man of real sense and goodness in the world, who would not honour and applaud the action. But admit no other would, would not your own heart, my friend, applaud it? And do not the warm, the rapturous sensations, which we feel from the consciousness of an honest, noble, generous, benevolent action, convey more delight to the mind, than the undeserved praise of millions? Set the alternative fairly before your eyes. On the one side, see this poor, unhappy, tender, believing

“girl,

“ girl, in the arms of her wretched mother, breathing her last. Hear her breaking her heart in agonies, sighing out your name, and lamenting, rather than accusing, the cruelty which weighs her down to destruction. Paint to your imagination the circumstances of her fond, despairing parent, driven to madness, or perhaps to death, by the loss of her lovely daughter. View the poor, helpless, orphan-infant; and, when your mind hath dwelt a moment only on such ideas, consider yourself as the cause of all the ruin of this poor, little, worthy, defenceless family. On the other side, consider yourself as relieving them from their temporary sufferings. Think with what joy, with what transports, that lovely creature will fly to your arms. See her blood returning to her pale cheeks, the fire to her languid eyes, and raptures to her tortured breast. Consider the exultations of her mother, the happiness of all. Think of this little family made, by one act of yours, completely happy. Think of this alternative, and sure I am mistaken in my friend, if it requires any long deliberation, whether he will sink these wretches down for ever, or by one generous, noble resolution, raise them all from the brink of misery and despair to the highest pitch of human happiness. Add to this but one consideration more; the consideration that it is your duty so to do. That the misery from which you will relieve these poor people, is the misery which you yourself have wilfully brought upon them.”

“ O my dear friend,” cries Nightingale, “ I wanted not your eloquence to rouse me. I pity poor Nancy from my soul, and would willingly give any thing in my power, that no familiarities had ever passed between us. Nay, believe me, I had many struggles with my passion, before I could prevail with myself to write that cruel letter, which hath caused all the misery in that unhappy family. If I had no inclination to consult but my own, I would marry her to-morrow morning: I would, by Heaven; but you will easily imagine how impossible it would be to prevail on my father to consent to such a match; besides, he hath

“ provided.

“ provided another for me ; and to-morrow, by his express command, I am to wait on the lady.”

“ I have not the honour to know your father,” said Jones ; “ but suppose he could be persuaded, would you yourself consent to the only means of preserving these poor people ? ” “ As eagerly as I would pursue my happiness,” answered Nightingale ; “ for I never shall find it in any other woman.—O my dear friend, could you imagine what I have felt within these twelve hours for my poor girl, I am convinced she would not engross all your pity. Passion leads me only to her ; and, if I had any foolish scruples of honour, you have fully satisfied them : Could my father be induced to comply with my desires, nothing would be wanting to complete my own happiness, or that of my Nancy.”

“ Then I am resolved to undertake it,” said Jones. “ You must not be angry with me, in whatever light it may be necessary to set this affair, which, you may depend on it, could not otherwise be long hid from him ; for things of this nature make a quick progress when once they get abroad, as this unhappily hath already. Besides, should any fatal accident follow, as, upon my soul, I am afraid will, unless immediately prevented, the public would ring of your name in a manner, which, if your father hath common humanity, must offend him. If you will therefore tell me where I may find the old gentleman, I will not lose a moment in the business ; which, while I pursue, you cannot do a more generous action than by paying a visit to the poor girl. You will find I have not exaggerated in the account I have given of the wretchedness of the family.”

Nightingale immediately consented to the proposal ; and now, having acquainted Jones with his father’s lodging, and the coffee-house where he would most probably find him, he hesitated a moment, and then said, “ My dear Tom, you are going to undertake an impossibility. If you knew my father, you would never think of obtaining his consent—Stay, there is one way—Suppose you told him I was already married, it might be easier to reconcile him to the fact after it was

“ done

" done ; and, upon my honour, I am so affected with  
" what you have said, and I love my Nancy so passion-  
" ately, I almost wish it was done, whatever might be  
" the consequence."

Jones greatly approved the hint, and promised to pursue it. They then separated, Nightingale to visit his Nancy, and Jones in quest of the old gentleman.

### CHAP. VIII.

*What passed between Jones and old Mr Nightingale ;  
with the arrival of a person not yet mentioned in this  
History.*

**N**ORWITHSTANDING the sentiment of the Roman satirist, which denies the divinity of fortune, and the opinion of Seneca to the same purpose, Cicero, who was I believe a wiser man than either of them, expressly holds the contrary ; and certain it is, there are some incidents in life so very strange and unaccountable, that it seems to require more than human skill and foresight in producing them.

Of this kind was what now happened to Jones, who found Mr Nightingale the elder in so critical a minute, that fortune, if she was really worthy all the worship she received at Rome, could not have contrived such another. In short, the old gentleman, and the father of the young lady whom he intended for his son, had been hard at it for many hours ; and the latter was just now gone, and had left the former delighted with the thoughts, that he had succeeded in a long contention which had been between the two fathers of the future bride and bridegroom ; in which both endeavoured to over-reach the other, and, as it not rarely happens in such cases, both had retreated fully satisfied of having obtained the victory.

This gentleman whom Mr Jones now visited was what they call a man of the world ; that is to say, a man who directs his conduct in this world as one who, being fully persuaded there is no other, is resolved to make the most of this. In his early years he had been bred to trade ; but, having acquired a very good fortune, he had

lately declined his business, or, to speak more properly, had changed it from dealing in goods to dealing in money, of which he had always a plentiful fund at command, and of which he knew very well how to make a very plentiful advantage; sometimes of the necessities of private men, and sometimes of those of the public. He had indeed conversed so entirely with money, that it may be almost doubted, whether he imagined there was any other thing really existing in the world; this at least may be certainly averred, that he firmly believed nothing else to have any real value.

The reader will, I fancy, allow, that fortune could not have called out a more improper person for Mr. Jones to attack with any probability of success; nor could the whimsical lady have directed this attack at a more unseasonable time.

As money then was always uppermost in this gentleman's thoughts, so, the moment he saw a stranger within his doors, it immediately occurred to his imagination, that such stranger was either come to bring him money, or to fetch it from him. And, according as one or other of these thoughts prevailed, he conceived a favourable or unfavourable idea of the person who approached him.

Unluckily for Jones, the latter of these was the ascendant at present; for, as a young gentleman had visited him the day before with a bill from his son for a play-debt, he apprehended, at the first sight of Jones, that he was come on such another errand. Jones therefore had no sooner told him, that he was come on his son's account, than the old gentleman, being confirmed in his suspicion, burst forth into an exclamation, "that he would lose his labour." "Is it then possible, Sir," answered Jones, "that you can guess my business?"—"If I do guess it," replied the other, "I repeat again to you, you will lose your labour. What, I suppose you are one of those sparks who lead my son into all those scenes of riot and debauchery, which will be his destruction; but I shall pay no more of his bills I promise you. I expect he will quit all such company for the future. If I had imagined otherwise, I should not

" have

" have provided a wife for him, for I would be instrumental in the ruin of nobody." "How, Sir," said Jones, "and was this lady of your providing?" — "Pray, Sir," answered the old gentleman, "how comes it to be any concern of yours?" — "Nay, dear Sir," replied Jones, "be not offended that I interest myself in what regards your son's happiness, for whom I have so great an honour and value. It was upon that very account I came to wait upon you. I can't express the satisfaction you have given me by what you say; for I do assure you, your son is a person for whom I have the highest honour. — Nay, Sir, it is not easy to express the esteem I have for you, who could be so generous, so good, so kind, so indulgent, to provide such a match for your son; a woman, who I dare swear will make him one of the happiest men upon earth."

There is scarce any thing which so happily introduces men to our good liking, as having conceived some alarm at their first appearance; when once those apprehensions begin to vanish, we soon forget the fears which they occasioned, and look on ourselves as indebted for our present ease, to those very persons who at first raised our fears.

Thus it happened to Nightingale, who no sooner found that Jones had no demand on him, as he suspected, than he began to be pleased with his presence. — "Pray, good Sir," said he, "be pleased to sit down, I do not remember to have ever had the pleasure of seeing you before; but if you are a friend of my son, and have any thing to say concerning this young lady, I shall be glad to hear you. As to her making him happy, it will be his own fault if she doth not. I have discharged my duty, in taking care of the main article. She will bring him a fortune capable of making any reasonable, prudent, sober man, happy." "Undoubtedly," cries Jones; "for she is in herself a fortune; so beautiful, so genteel, so sweet-tempered, and so well educated; she is indeed a most accomplished young lady, sings admirably well, and hath a most delicate hand at the harpsichord" — "I did not know any of

“ these matters,” answered the old gentleman, “ for I never saw the lady; but I do not like her the worse for what you tell me: and I am the better pleased with her father for not laying any stress on these qualifications in our bargain. I shall always think it a proof of his understanding. A silly fellow would have brought in these articles as an addition to her fortune; but, to give him his due, he never mentioned any such matter, though to be sure they are no disparagements to a woman.” “ I do assure you, Sir,” cries Jones, “ she hath them all in the most eminent degree; for my part, I own I was afraid you might have been a little backward, a little less inclined to the match; for your son told me you had never seen the lady; therefore I came, Sir, in that case, to entreat you, to conjure you, as you value the happiness of your son, not to be averse to his match with a woman who hath not only all the good qualities I have mentioned, but many more.” — “ If that was your busines, Sir,” said the old gentleman, “ we are both obliged to you; and you may be perfectly easy; for I give you my word, I was very well satisfied with her fortune.” “ Sir,” answered Jones, “ I honour you every moment more and more. To be so easily satisfied, so very moderate on that account, is a proof of the soundness of your understanding, as well as the nobleness of your mind.” — “ Not so very moderate, young gentleman, not so very moderate,” answered the father. — “ Still more and more noble,” replied Jones, “ and give me leave to add, sensible: for sure it is little less than madness, to consider money as the sole foundation of happiness. Such a woman as this with her little, her nothing of a fortune” — “ I find” cries the old gentleman, “ you have a pretty just opinion of money, my friend, or else you are better acquainted with the person of the lady, than with her circumstances. Why, pray, what fortune do you imagine this lady to have?” — “ What fortune?” cries Jones; “ why, too contemptible a one to be named for your son.” “ Well, well, well,” said the other, “ perhaps he might have done better.” — “ That I deny,” said Jones; “ for she is one of the

" the best of women?" "Ay, ay, but in point of fortune I mean," answered the other. "And yet, as to that now, how much do you imagine your friend is to have?" "How much," cries Jones, "how much!—Why, at the utmost, perhaps 200l."

" Do you mean to banter me, young gentleman?" said the father a little angry. "No, upon my soul," answered Jones, "I am in earnest; nay, I believe I have gone to the utmost farthing. If I do the lady an injury, I ask her pardon." "Indeed you do," cries the father. "I am certain she hath fifty times that sum, and she shall produce fifty to that, before I consent that she shall marry my son." "Nay," said Jones, "it is too late to talk of consent now.—If she had not fifty farthings, your son is married." "My son married!" answered the old gentleman with surprise. "Nay," said Jones, "I thought you was unacquainted with it." "My son married to Miss Harris?" answered he again. "To Miss Harris!" said Jones; "no, Sir, to Miss Nancy Miller, the daughter of Mrs Miller, at whose house he lodged; a young lady, who, though her mother is reduced to let lodgings." "Are you bantering, or are you in earnest?" cries the father with a most solemn voice. "Indeed, Sir," answered Jones, "I scorn the character of a banterer. I came to you in most serious earnest, imagining, as I find true, that your son had never dared acquaint you with a match so much inferior to him in point of fortune, though the reputation of the lady will suffer it no longer to remain a secret."

While the father stood like one struck suddenly dumb at this news, a gentleman came into the room, and saluted him by the name of Brother.

But though these two were in consanguinity so nearly related, they were in their dispositions almost the opposites to each other. The brother, who now arrived, had likewise been bred to trade, in which he no sooner saw himself worth 600l. than he purchased a small estate with the greatest part of it, and retired into the country, where he married the daughter of an unbeneficed clergyman, a young lady, who, though she had

neither

neither beauty nor fortune, had recommended herself to his choice entirely by her good humour, of which she possessed a very large share.

With this woman he had, during twenty-five years, lived a life more resembling the model which certain poets ascribe to the golden age, than any of those patterns which are furnished by the present times. By her he had four children; but none of them arrived at maturity, except only one daughter, whom, in vulgar language, he and his wife, had spoiled, that is, had educated with the utmost tenderness and fondness, which she returned to such a degree, that she had actually refused a very extraordinary match with a gentleman a little turned of forty, because she could not bring herself to part with her parents.

The young lady, whom Mr Nightingale had intended for his son, was a near neighbour of his brother, and an acquaintance of this niece; and in reality it was upon the account of this projected match, that he was now come to town, not indeed to forward, but to dissuade his brother from a purpose, which he conceived would inevitably ruin his nephew; for he foresaw no other event from an union with Miss Harris, notwithstanding the largeness of her fortune, as neither her person nor mind seemed to him to promise any kind of matrimonial felicity; for she was very tall, very thin, very ugly, very affected, very silly, and very ill-natured.

His brother, therefore, no sooner mentioned the marriage of his nephew with Miss Miller, than he express the utmost satisfaction; and, when the father had very bitterly reviled his son, and pronounced sentence of beggary upon him, the uncle began in the following manner:

“ If you was a little cooler, brother, I would ask  
“ you whether you love your son for his sake, or for  
“ your own. You would answer, I suppose, and so I  
“ suppose you think, for his sake; and doubtless it is  
“ his happiness which you intended in the marriage you  
“ proposed for him.

“ Now, brother, to prescribe rules of happiness to o-  
“ thers hath always appeared to me very absurd, and to  
“ insist

“ insist on doing this, very tyrannical. It is a vulgar error, I know ; but it is nevertheless an error : and, if this be absurd in other things, it is mostly so in the affair of marriage, the happiness of which depends entirely on the affection which subsists between the parties.

“ I have therefore always thought it unreasonable in parents to desire to chuse for their children on this occasion since to force affection is an impossible attempt ; nay, so much doth love abhor force, that I know not whether through an unfortunate, but incurable perverseness in our natures, it may not be even impatient of persuasion.

“ It is however true, that though a parent will not, I think, wisely prescribe, he ought to be consulted on this occasion, and in strictness perhaps should at least have a negative voice. My nephew therefore, I own, in marrying without asking your advice, hath been guilty of a fault. But honestly speaking, brother, have you not a little promoted this fault ? Have not your frequent declarations on this subject given him a moral certainty of your refusal, where there was any deficiency in point of fortune ? nay, doth not your present anger arise solely from that deficiency ? And, if he hath failed in his duty here, did you not as much exceed that authority, when you absolutely bargained with him for a woman without his knowledge, whom you yourself never saw, and whom, if you had seen and known as well as I, it must have been madness in you to have ever thought of bringing her into your family.

“ Still I own my nephew in a fault ; but surely it is not an unpardonable fault. He hath acted indeed, without your consent, in a matter in which he ought to have asked it ; but it is in a matter in which his interest is principally concerned ; you yourself must and will acknowledge, that you consulted his interest only ; and, if he unfortunately differed from you, and hath been mistaken in his notion of happiness, will you, brother, if you love your son, carry him still wider from the point ? will you increase the ill consequences of his

“ simple

“ simple choice? will you endeavour to make an event  
“ certain misery to him, which may accidentally prove  
“ so? in a word, brother, because he hath put it out of  
“ your power to make his circumstances as affluent as  
“ you would, will you distress them as much as you can?

By the force of the true catholic faith, St Antony won upon the fishes. Orpheus and Amphion went a little farther, and by the charms of music enchanted things merely inanimate. Wonderful both! but neither history nor fable have ever yet ventured to record an instance of any one, who by force of argument and reason hath triumphed over habitual avarice.

Mr Nightingale the father, instead of attempting to answer his brother, contented himself with only observing, that they had always differed in their sentiments concerning the education of their children. “ I wish,” said he, “ brother, you would have confined your care “ to your own daughter, and never have troubled your-  
“ self with my son, who hath, I believe, as little pro-  
“ fited by your precepts, as by your example:” for young Nightingale was his uncle’s godson, and had lived more with him than with his father; so that the uncle had often declared, he loved his nephew almost equally with his own child.

Jones fell into raptures with this good gentleman; and, when after much persuasion they found the father grew still more and more irritated instead of appeased, Jones conducted the uncle to his nephew at the house of Mrs Miller.

### CHAP. IX.

*Containing strange Matters.*

**A**T his return to his lodgings, Jones found the situation of affairs greatly altered from what they had been in at his departure. The mother, her two daughters, and young Mr Nightingale, were now sat down to supper together, when the uncle was, at his own desire, introduced without any ceremony into the company, to all of whom

whom he was well known, for he had several times visited his nephew at that house.

The old gentleman immediately walked up to Miss Nancy, saluted and wished her joy, as he did afterwards the nephew and the other sister; and, lastly, he paid the proper compliments to his nephew, with the same good humour and courtesy as if his nephew had married his equal or superior in fortune, with all the previous requisites first performed.

Miss Nancy and her supposed husband both turned pale, and looked rather foolish than otherwise upon the occasion: but Mrs Miller took the first opportunity of withdrawing; and having sent for Jones into the dining-room, she threw herself at his feet, and in a most passionate flood of tears called him her good angel, the preserver of her poor little family, with many other respectful and endearing appellations, and made him every acknowledgment which the highest benefit can extract from the most grateful heart.

After the first gust of her passion was a little over, which she declared, if she had not vented, would have burst her, she proceeded to inform Mr Jones, that all matters were settled between Mr Nightingale and her daughter, and that they were to be married the next morning: at which Mr Jones having expressed much pleasure, the poor woman fell again into a fit of joy and thanksgiving, which he at length with difficulty silenced, and prevailed on her to return with him back to the company, whom they found in the same good humour in which they had left them.

This little society now passed two or three very agreeable hours together, in which the uncle, who was a very great lover of his bottle, had so well plyed his nephew, that this latter, though not drunk, began to be somewhat flustered; and now Mr Nightingale, taking the old gentleman with him up stairs into the apartment he had lately occupied, unbosomed himself as follows:

“ As you have been always the best and kindest of uncles to me, and as you have shewn such unparalleled goodness in forgiving this match, which to be sure

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“ may be thought a little improvident, I should never forgive myself if I attempted to deceive you in any thing.” He then confessed the truth, and opened the whole affair.

“ How, Jack !” said the old gentleman, “ and are you really not married to this young woman ?” — “ No, upon my honour,” answered Nightingale, “ I have told you the simple truth.” “ My dear boy, cries the uncle, kissing him, “ I am heartily glad to hear it. I never was better pleased in my life. If you had been married, I should have assisted you, as much as was in my power, to have made the best of a bad matter ; but there is a great difference between considering a thing which is already done and irrecoverable, and that which is yet to do. Let your reason have fair play, Jack, and you will see this match in so foolish and preposterous a light, that there will be no need of any dissuasive arguments.” “ How, Sir !” replies young Nightingale, “ is there this difference between having already done an act, and being in honour engaged to do it ?” — “ Pugh,” said the uncle, “ honour is a creature of the world’s making, and the world hath the power of a creator over it, and may govern and direct it as they please. Now you well know how trivial these breaches of contract are thought ; even the grossest make but the wonder and conversation of a day. Is there a man who afterwards will be more backward in giving you his sister or daughter ? or is there any sister or daughter who would be more backward to receive you ? Honour is not concerned in these engagements.” “ Pardon me, dear Sir,” cries Nightingale ; “ I can never think so ; and not only honour, but conscience and humanity are concerned. I am well satisfied, that, was I now to disappoint the young creature, her death would be the consequence, and I should look upon myself as her murderer, nay, as her murderer by the cruellest of all methods, by breaking her heart.” “ Break her heart, indeed ! no, no, Jack,” cries the uncle, “ the hearts of women are not so soon broke ; they are tough, boy, they are tough.” “ But, Sir,” answered Nightingale, “ my

“ own

“ own affections are engaged, and I never could be happy with any other woman. How often have I heard you say, that children should always be suffered to chuse for themselves, and that you would let my cousin Harriet do so?” “ Why ay,” replied the old gentleman, “ so I would have them; but then I would have them chuse wisely.——Indeed, Jack, you must, and shall leave this girl.”——“ Indeed, uncle,” cries the other, “ I must and will have her.” “ You will, young gentleman?” said the uncle; “ I did not expect such a word from you. I should not wonder if you had used such language to your father, who hath always treated you like a dog, and kept you at the distance which a tyrant preserves over his subjects; but I, who have lived with you upon an equal footing, might surely expect better usage: but I know how to account for it all! it is all owing to your preposterous education, in which I have had too little share. There is my daughter now, whom I have brought up as my friend, never doth any thing without my advice, nor ever refuses to take it when I give it her.” “ You have never yet given her advice in an affair of this kind,” said Nightingale, “ for I am greatly mistaken in my cousin, if she would be very ready to obey even your most positive commands in abandoning her inclinations.” “ Don’t abuse my girl,” answered the old gentleman with some emotion; “ don’t abuse my Harriet. I have brought her up to have no inclinations contrary to my own. By suffering her to do whatever she pleases, I have injured her to a habit of being pleased to do whatever I like.” “ Pardon me, Sir,” said Nightingale, “ I have not the least design to reflect on my cousin, for whom I have the greatest esteem; and indeed I am convinced you will never put her to so severe a trial, or lay such hard commands on her as you would do on me—But, dear Sir, let us return to the company; for they will begin to be uneasy at our long absence. I must beg one favour of my dear uncle, which is, that he would not say any thing to shock the poor girl or her mother.” “ O you need not fear me,” answered he, “ I understand myself

“ self too well to affront women ; so I will readily grant  
 “ you that favour ; and in return I must expect another of  
 “ you.” “ There are but few of your commands, Sir,”  
 said Nightingale, “ which I shall not very cheerfully o-  
 “ bey.” Nay, Sir, I ask nothing,” said the uncle, “ but  
 “ the honour of your company home to my lodging, that  
 “ I may reason the case a little more fully with you : for  
 “ I would, if possible, have the satisfaction of preserving  
 “ my family, notwithstanding the headstrong folly of my  
 “ brother, who, in his own opinion, is the wisest man in  
 “ the world.”

Nightingale, who well knew his uncle to be as headstrong as his father, submitted to attend him home, and then they both returned back into the room, where the old gentleman promised to carry himself with the same decorum which he had before maintained.

## C H A P. X.

*A short Chapter, which concludes the Book.*

THE long absence of the uncle and nephew had occasioned some disquiet in the minds of all whom they had left behind them ; and the more, as during the preceding dialogue, the uncle had more than once elevated his voice, so as to be heard down stairs, which, though they could not distinguish what he said, had caused some evil foreboding in Nancy and her mother, and indeed even in Jones himself.

When the good company therefore again assembled, there was a visible alteration in all their faces ; and the good humour which at their last meeting universally shone forth in every countenance, was now changed into a much less agreeable aspect. It was a change indeed common enough to the weather in this climate, from sunshine to clouds, from June to December.

This alteration was not however greatly remarked by any present ; for as they were all now endeavouring to conceal their own thoughts, and to act a part, they became all too busily engaged in the scene to be spectators of it. Thus neither the uncle nor nephew saw any symptoms

toms of suspicion in the mother or daughter ; nor did the mother or daughter remark the over-acted complaisance of the old man, nor the counterfeit satisfaction which grinned in the features of the young one.

Something like this, I believe frequently happens, where the whole attention of two friends being engaged in the part which each is to act, in order to impose on the other, neither sees nor suspects the art practised against himself ; and thus the thrust of both (to borrow no improper metaphor on the occasion) alike takes place.

From the same reason, it is no unusual thing for both parties to be over-reached in a bargain, though the one must be always the greater loser ; as was he who sold a blind horse, and received a bad note in payment.

Our company in about half an hour broke up, and the uncle carried off his nephew ; but not before the latter had assured Miss Nancy in a whisper, that he would attend her early in the morning, and fulfil all his engagements.

Jones, who was the least concerned in this scene, saw the most. He did indeed suspect the very fact ; for, besides observing the great alteration in the behaviour of the uncle, the distance he assumed, and his overstrained civility to Miss Nancy ; the carrying off a bridegroom from his bride at that time of night, was so extraordinary a proceeding, that it could be accounted for, only by imagining that young Nightingale had revealed the whole truth, which the apparent openness of his temper, and his being flustered with liquor, made too probable.

While he was reasoning with himself, whether he should acquaint these poor people with his suspicion, the maid of the house informed him, that a gentlewoman desired to speak to him. — He went immediately out, and taking the candle from the maid, ushered his visitor up stairs, who, in the person of Mrs Honour, acquainted him with such dreadful news concerning his Sophia, that he immediately lost all consideration for every other person ; and his whole stock of compassion was entirely

tirely swallowed up in reflections on his own misery, and on that of his unfortunate angel.

What this dreadful matter was, the reader will be informed, after we have first related the many preceding steps which produced it, and those will be the subject of the following book.

THE

THE  
HISTORY  
OF A

FOUNDLING.

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BOOK XV.

IN WHICH THE HISTORY ADVANCES ABOUT TWO DAYS.

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CHAP. I.

*Too short to need a Preface.*

**T**HREE are a set of religious, or rather moral writers, who teach that virtue is the certain road to happiness, and vice to misery, in this world. A very wholesome and comfortable doctrine, and to which we have but one objection, namely, that it is not true.

Indeed, if by virtue these writers mean the exercise of those cardinal virtues, which like good house-wives stay at home, and mind only the business of their own family, I shall very readily concede the point; for so surely do all these contribute and lead to happiness, that I could almost wish, in violation of all the ancient and modern fages, to call them rather by the name of Wisdom, than by that of Virtue: for with regard to this life, no system, I conceive, was ever wiser than that of the ancient Epicureans, who held this wisdom to constitute the chief good: nor foolisher than that of their opposites, those modern epicures, who place all felicity in the abundant gratification of every sensual appetite.

But if by virtue is meant (as I almost think it ought) a certain relative quality, which is always burying itself without

without doors, and seems as much interested in pursuing the good of others as its own; I cannot so readily agree that this is the surest way to human happiness; because I am afraid we must then include poverty and contempt, with all the mischiefs which backbiting, envy, and ingratitude can bring on mankind, in our idea of happiness; nay, sometimes perhaps we shall be obliged to wait upon the said happiness to a gaol; since many by the above virtue have brought themselves thither.

I have not now leisure to enter upon so large a field of speculation, as here seems opening upon me; my design was to wipe off a doctrine that lay in my way; since, while Mr Jones was acting the most virtuous part imaginable, in labouring to preserve his fellow-creatures from destruction, the devil, or some other evil spirit, one perhaps clothed in human flesh, was hard at work to make him completely miserable in the ruin of his Sophia.

This therefore would seem an exception to the above rule, if indeed it was a rule; but as we have in our voyage through life seen so many other exceptions to it, we chuse to dispute the doctrine on which it is founded, which we don't apprehend to be christian, which we are convinced is not true, and which is indeed destructive of one of the noblest arguments that reason alone can furnish for the belief of immortality.

But as the reader's curiosity (if he hath any) must be now awake, and hungry, we shall proceed to feed it as fast as we can.

## CHAP. II.

*In which is opened a very black design against Sophia.*

**I**Remember a wise old gentleman, who used to say, "When children are doing nothing, they are doing mischief." I will not enlarge this quaint saying to the most beautiful part of the creation in general; but so far I may be allowed, that when the effects of female jealousy do not appear openly in their proper colours of rage and fury, we may suspect that mischievous passion to be at work privately, and attempting to undermine what it doth not attack above ground.

This

This was exemplified in the conduct of Lady Bellaston, who, under all the smiles which she wore in her countenance, concealed much indignation against Sophia ; and as she plainly saw that this young lady stood between her and the full indulgence of her desires, she resolved to get rid of her by some means or other ; nor was it long before a very favourable opportunity of accomplishing this presented itself to her.

The reader may be pleased to remember, that when Sophia was thrown into that consternation at the play-house, by the wit and humour of a set of young gentlemen who call themselves the town, we informed him, that she had put herself under the protection of a young nobleman, who had very safely conducted her to her chair.

This nobleman, who frequently visited Lady Bellaston, had more than once seen Sophia there, since her arrival in town, and had conceived a very great liking to her ; which liking, as beauty never looks more amiable than in distress, Sophia had in this fright so increased, that he might now, without any great impropriety, be said to be actually in love with her.

It may easily be believed, that he would not suffer so handsome an occasion of improving his acquaintance with the beloved object as now offered itself to elapse, when even good breeding alone might have prompted him to pay her a visit.

The next morning therefore after this accident, he waited on Sophia, with the usual compliments, and hopes that she had received no harm from her last night's adventure.

As love, like fire, when once thoroughly kindled, is soon blown into a flame, Sophia in a very short time compleated her conquest. Time now fled away unperceived, and the noble lord had been two hours in company with the lady, before it entered into his head that he had made too long a visit. Though this circumstance alone would have alarmed Sophia, who was somewhat more a mistress of computation at present ; she had indeed much more pregnant evidence from the eyes of her lover of what past within his bosom ; nay, though he did

not make any open declaration of his passion, yet many of his expressions were rather too warm, and too tender, to have been imputed to complaisance, even in the age when such complaisance was in fashion; the very reverse of which is well known to be the reigning mode at present.

Lady Bellaston had been apprised of his lordship's visit at his first arrival; and the length of it very well satisfied her, that things went as she wished, and as indeed she had suspected the second time she saw this young couple together. This business she rightly, I think, concluded, that she should by no means forward by mixing in the company while they were together; she therefore ordered her servants, that when my lord was going, they should tell him she desired to speak with him; and employed the intermediate time in meditating how best to accomplish a scheme which she made no doubt but his lordship would very readily embrace the execution of.

Lord Fellamar (for that was the title of this young nobleman) was no sooner introduced to her ladyship, than she attacked him in the following strain: "Bless me, my lord, are you here yet? I thought my servants had made a mistake, and let you go away; and I wanted to see you about an affair of some importance." "Indeed, Lady Bellaston," said he, "I don't wonder you are astonished at the length of my visit: for I have staid above two hours, and I did not think I had staid above half a one." "What am I to conclude from thence, my lord?" said she: "The company must be very agreeable which can make time slide away so very deceitfully." "Upon my honour," said he, "the most agreeable I ever saw. Pray tell me, Lady Bellaston, who is this blazing star which you have produced among us all of a sudden?" "What blazing star, my lord," said she, affecting a surprise! "I mean," said he, "the lady I saw here the other day, whom I had last night in my arms at the play-house, and to whom I have been making that unreasonable visit." "O, my cousin Western!" said she: "why that blazing star, my lord, is the daughter of a coun-

"try

“ try booby ‘squire, and hath been in town about a fortnight for the first time.”—“ Upon my soul,” said he, “ I should swear she had been bred up in a court; for, besides her beauty, I never saw any thing so gentle, so sensible, so polite.”—“ O brave!” cries the lady, “ my cousin hath you, I find.”—“ Upon my honour,” answered he, “ I wish she had; for I am in love with her to distraction.”—“ Nay, my lord,” said she, “ it is not wishing yourself very ill neither; for she is a very great fortune: I assure you she is an only child, and her father’s estate is a good 3000l. a-year.” “ Then I can assure you, Madam,” answered the lord, I think her the best match in England.” “ Indeed, my lord,” replied she, “ if you like her, I heartily wish you had her.” “ If you think so kindly of me, Madam,” said he, “ as she is a relation of yours, will you do me the honour to propose it to her father?” “ And are you really then in earnest?” cries the lady with an affected gravity. “ I hope, Madam,” answered he, “ you have a better opinion of me, than to imagine I would jest with your ladyship in an affair of this kind.” “ Indeed then,” said the lady, “ I will most readily propose your lordship to her father; and I can, I believe, assure you of his joyful acceptance of the proposal; but there is a bar which I am almost ashamed to mention; and yet it is one you will never be able to conquer. You have a rival, my lord, and a rival who, though I blush to name him, neither you, nor all the world, will ever be able to conquer.” “ Upon my word, Lady Bellaston,” cries he, “ you have struck a damp to my heart, which hath almost deprived me of being.” “ Fie! my lord,” said she, “ I should rather hope I had struck fire into you. A lover, and talk of damps in your heart! I rather imagined you would have asked your rival’s name, that you might have immediately entered the lists with him.” “ I promise you, Madam,” answered he, “ there are very few things I would not undertake for your charming cousin; but pray who is this happy man?”—“ Why he is,” said she, “ what I am sorry to say most happy men with us are,

“ one of the lowest fellows in the world. He is a beggar, a bastard, a foundling, a fellow in meaner circumstances than one of your Lordship’s footmen.”—“ And is it possible,” cried he, “ that a young creature with such perfections should think of bestowing herself so unworthily!” “ Alas! my lord,” answered she, “ consider the country—The bane of all young women is the country. There they learn a set of romantic notions of love, and I know not what folly, which this town and good company can scarce eradicate in a whole winter.”—“ Indeed, Madam,” replied my lord, “ your cousin is of too immense a value to be thrown away: such ruin as this must be prevented.” “ Alas!” cries she, “ my lord, how can it be prevented? The family already have done all in their power; but the girl is, I think, intoxicated, and nothing less than ruin will content her: and, to deal more openly with you, I expect every day to hear she is run away with him.” “ What you tell me, Lady Bellaston,” answered his lordship, “ affects me most tenderly, and only raises my compassion, instead of lessening my adoration of your cousin. Some means must be found to preserve so inestimable a jewel. Hath your ladyship endeavoured to reason with her?” Here the lady affected a laugh, and cried, “ My dear lord, sure you know us better than to talk of reasoning a young woman out of her inclinations? These inestimable jewels are as deaf as the jewels you wear: time, my lord, time is the only medicine to cure their folly; but this is a medicine which I am certain she will not take; nay, I live in hourly horrors on her account. In short, nothing but violent methods will do.” “ What is to be done?” cries my lord: “ What methods are to be taken?—Is there any method upon earth?—Oh! Lady Bellaston! there is nothing which I would not undertake for such a reward.”—“ I really know not,” answered the lady after a pause: and, then pausing again, she cried out, “ Upon my soul, I am at my wit’s end on this girl’s account.—If she can be preserved, something must be done immediately; and, as I say nothing but violent methods will do.—If your lordship hath really this attachment

“ attachment to my cousin, (and to do her justice, except in this silly inclination, of which she will soon see her folly, she is every way deserving,) I think there may be one way; indeed it is a very disagreeable one, and what I am almost afraid to think of. It requires great spirit, I promise you.” “I am not conscious, Madam,” said he, “of any defect there; nor am I, I hope, suspected of any such. It must be an egregious defect, indeed, which could make me backward on this occasion.” “Nay, my lord,” answered she, “I am so far from doubting you, I am much more inclined to doubt my own courage; for I must run a monstrous risque. In short, I must place such a confidence in your honour as a wise woman will scarce ever place in a man on any consideration.” In this point likewise my lord very well satisfied her; for his reputation was extremely clear, and common fame did him no more than justice in speaking well of him. “Well then,” said she, “my lord,—I—I vow I can’t bear the apprehension of it.—No, it must not be.—At least every other method shall be tried. Can you get rid of your engagements, and dine here to-day? Your lordship will have an opportunity of seeing a little more of Miss Western.—I promise you we have no time to lose. Here will be nobody but Lady Betty, and Miss Eagle, and Colonel Hamsted, and Tom Edwards; they will all go soon,—and I shall be at home to nobody. Then your Lordship may be a little more explicit. Nay, I will contrive some method to convince you of her attachment to this fellow.” My lord made proper compliments, accepted the invitation, and then they parted to dress, it being now past three in the morning, or, to reckon by the old stile, in the afternoon.

## C H A P. III.

*A further Explanation of the foregoing Design.*

THOUGH the reader may have long since concluded Lady Bellaston to be a member (and no inconsider-

considerable one) of the great world, she was in reality a very considerable member of the Little World ; by which appellation was distinguished a very worthy and honourable society, which not long since flourished in this kingdom.

Among other good principles upon which this society was founded, there was one very remarkable ; for as it was a rule of an honourable club of heroes, who assembled at the close of the late war, that all the members should every day fight once at least, so it was in this, that every member should, within the twenty-four hours, tell at least one merry fib, which was to be propagated by all the brethren and sisterhood.

Many idle stories were told about this society, which, from a certain quality, may be perhaps not unjustly supposed to have come from the society themselves ; as that the Devil was the president, and that he sat in person in an elbow-chair at the upper end of the table : but upon very strict inquiry, I find there is not the least truth in any of those tales, and that the assembly consisted in reality of a set of very good sort of people, and the fibs which they propagated were of a harmless kind, and tended only to produce mirth and good humour.

Edwards was likewise a member of this comical society. To him therefore Lady Bellaston applied as a proper instrument for her purpose, and furnished him with a fib, which he was to vent whenever the lady gave him her cue ; and this was not to be till the evening, when all the company but Lord Fellamar and himself were gone, and while they were engaged in a rubber at whist.

To this time then, which was between seven and eight in the evening, we will convey our reader ; when Lady Bellaston, Lord Fellamar, Miss Western, and Tom being engaged at whist, and in the last game of their rubber, Tom received his cue from Lady Bellaston, which was, "I protest Tom, you are grown intolerable lately : " you used to tell us all the news of the town, and " now you know no more of the world than if you lived " out of it."

Mr Edwards then began as follows ; " The fault is not mine, Madam ; it lies in the dulness of the age, that does nothing worth talking of.—O la ! though now I think on't, there hath a terrible accident befallen poor Colonel Wilcox—Poor Ned.—You know him, my lord, every body knows him ; faith ! I am very much concerned for him."

" What is it, pray ?" says Lady Bellaston.

" Why, he hath killed a man this morning in a duel, that's all."

His Lordship, who was not in the secret, asked gravely, whom he had killed ? To which Edwards answered, " A young fellow we none of us know ; a Somersetshire lad just come to town, one Jones his name is ; a near relation of one Mr Allworthy, of whom your Lordship I believe hath heard. I saw the lad lie dead in a coffee-house.—Upon my soul he is one of the finest corpses I ever saw in my life."

Sophia, who had just begun to deal as Tom had mentioned that a man was killed, stopt her hand, and listened with attention, (for all stories of that kind affected her) but no sooner had he arrived at the latter part of the story, than she began to deal again ; and having dealt three cards to one, and seven to another, and ten to a third, at last dropt the rest from her hand, and fell back in her chair.

The company behaved as usually on these occasions. The usual disturbance ensued, the usual assistance was summoned, and Sophia at last, as it is usual, returned again to life, and soon after was, at her earnest desire, led to her own apartment, where, at my lord's request, lady Bellaston acquainted her with the truth, attempted to carry it off as a jest of her own, and comforted her with repeated assurances, that neither his lordship nor Tom, though she had taught him the story, were in the true secret of the affair.

There was no farther evidence necessary to convince Lord Fellamar how justly the case had been represented to him by Lady Bellaston ; and now at her return into the room, a scheme was laid between these two noble persons, which, though it appeared in no very heinous light to his lordship, (as he faithfully promised, and faithfully

fully resolved too, to make the lady all the subsequent amends in his power by marriage;) yet many of our readers, we doubt not, will see with just detestation.

The next evening at seven was appointed for the fatal purpose, when Lady Bellaston undertook that Sophia should be alone, and his lordship should be introduced to her. The whole family were to be regulated for the purpose, most of the servants dispatched out of the house; and for Mrs Honour, who, to prevent the suspicion, was to be left with her mistress till his lordship's arrival, Lady Bellaston herself was to engage her in an apartment as distant as possible from the scene of the intended mischief, and out of the hearing of Sophia.

Matters being thus agreed on, his lordship took his leave, and her ladyship retired to rest, highly pleased with a project, of which she had no reason to doubt the success, and which promised so effectually to remove Sophia from being any future obstruction to her amour with Jones, by means of which she should never appear to be guilty, even if the fact appeared to the world; but this she made no doubt of preventing by huddling up a marriage, to which she thought the ravished Sophia would easily be brought to consent, and at which all the rest of her family would rejoice.

But affairs were not in so quiet a situation in the bosom of the other conspirator: his mind was tost in all the distracting anxiety so nobly described by Shakespeare:

Between the acting of a dreadful thing,  
And the first motion, all the interim is  
Like a phantasma, or a hideous dream :  
The genius and the moral instruments  
Are then in council; and the state of man,  
Like to a little kingdom, suffers then  
The nature of an insurrection.—

Though the violence of his passion had made him eagerly embrace the first hint of this design, especially as it came from a relation of the lady, yet when that friend to reflection, a pillow, had placed the action itself

in all its natural black colours before his eyes, with all the consequences which must, and those which might probably attend it ; his resolution began to abate, or rather indeed to go over to the other side : and after a long conflict, which lasted a whole night between honour and appetite, the former at length prevailed, and he determined to wait on Lady Bellaston, and to relinquish the design.

Lady Bellaston was in bed, though very late in the morning, and Sophia sitting by her bed-side, when the servant acquainted her that Lord Fellamar was below in the parlour ; upon which her ladyship desired him to stay, and that she would see him presently ; but the servant was no sooner departed than poor Sophia began to intreat her cousin not to encourage the visits of that odious lord (so she called him, though a little unjustly) upon her account. “ I see his design,” said she ; “ for he made downright love to me yesterday morning ; but as I am resolved never to admit of it, I beg your ladyship not to leave us alone together any more, and to order the servants, that, if he inquires for me, I may be always denied to him.”

“ La ! child,” says lady Bellaston, “ you country girls have nothing but sweet-hearts in your head ; you fancy every man who is civil to you is making love. He is one of the most gallant young fellows about town, and I am convinced means no more than a little gallantry. Makes love to you indeed ! I wish with all my heart he would, and you must be an arrant mad woman to refuse him.”

“ But as I shall certainly be that mad woman,” cries Sophia, “ I hope his visits shall not be intruded upon me.”

“ O child,” said Lady Bellaston, “ you need not be so fearful ; if you resolve to run away with that Jones, I know no person who can hinder you.”

“ Upon my honour, Madam,” cries Sophia, “ your ladyship injures me. I will never run away with any man ; nor will I ever marry contrary to my father’s inclinations.”

“ Well, Miss Western,” said the lady, “ if you are not in a humour to see company this morning, you

“ may retire to your own apartment ; for I am not  
“ frightened at his lordship, and must send for him up  
“ into my dressing-room.”

Sophia thanked her ladyship, and withdrew ; and pre-  
sently afterwards Fellamar was admitted up stairs.

### CHAP. IV.

*By which it will appear how dangerous an Advocate a  
Lady is, when she applies her Eloquence to an ill pur-  
pose.*

WHEN Lady Bellaston heard the young lord's scruples, she treated him with the same disdain with which one of those sages of the law, called Newgate solicitors, treats the qualms of conscience in a young witness. “ My dear lord,” said she, “ you certainly want a cordial. I must send to Lady Edgely for one of her best drams. Fie upon it ! have more resolution. Are you frightened by the word rape ? or are you apprehensive ?—Well, if the story of Helen was modern, I should think it unnatural. I mean the behaviour of Paris, not the fondness of the lady ; for all women love a man of spirit. There is another story of the Sabine ladies,—and that too, I thank heaven, is very ancient. Your lordship, perhaps, will admire my reading ; but I think Mr Hooke tells us, they made tolerable good wives afterwards. I fancy few of my married acquaintance were ravished by their husbands.” “ Nay, dear Lady Bellaston,” cried he, “ don't ridicule me in this manner.” “ Why, my good lord,” answered she, “ do you think any woman in England would not laugh at you in her heart, whatever prudery she might wear in her countenance ?—You force me to use a strange kind of language, and to betray my sex most abominably : but I am contented with knowing my intentions are good, and that I am endeavouring to serve my cousin ; for I think you will make her a good husband notwithstanding this ; or, upon my soul, I should not even persuade her to fling herself away upon an empty title. She should not upbraid me hereafter

“ hereafter with having lost a man of spirit ; for that his  
“ enemies allow this poor young fellow to be.”

Let those who have had the satisfaction of hearing reflections of this kind from a wife or a mistress, declare whether they are at all sweetened by coming from a female tongue. Certain it is, they sunk deeper into his lordship than any thing which Demosthenes or Cicero could have said on the occasion.

Lady Bellaston perceiving she had fired the young lord's pride, began now, like a true orator, to rouse other passions to its assistance. “ My lord,” says she, in a graver voice, “ you will be pleased to remember, you mentioned this matter to me first ; for I would not appear to you in the light of one who is endeavouring to put off my cousin upon you. Fourscore thousand pounds do not stand in need of an advocate to recommend them.” “ Nor doth Miss Western,” said he, “ require any recommendation from her fortune ; for in my opinion, no woman ever had half her charms.” “ Yes, yes, my lord,” replied the lady, looking in the glass, “ there have been women with more than half her charms, I assure you ; not that I need lessen her on that account : she is a most delicious girl, that's certain ; and within these few hours she will be in the arms of one, who surely doth not deserve her, though I will give him his due, I believe he is truly a man of spirit.”

“ I hope so, Madam,” said my lord ; “ though I must own he doth not deserve her ; for unless heaven, or your ladyship disappoint me, she shall within that time be in mine.”

“ Well spoken, my lord,” answered the lady, “ I promise you no disappointment shall happen from my side ; and within this week I am convinced I shall call your lordship my cousin in public.”

The remainder of the scene consisted entirely of raptures, excuses, and compliments, very pleasant to have heard from the parties ; but rather dull when related at second hand. Here, therefore, we shall put an end to this dialogue, and hasten to the fatal hour, when eve-

ry thing was prepared for the destruction of poor Sophia.

But this being the most tragical part of our whole history, we shall treat it in a chapter by itself.

### C H A P. V.

*Containing some matters which may affect, and others which may surprise the Reader.*

THE clock had now struck seven, and poor Sophia, alone and melancholy, sat reading a tragedy. It was the Fatal Marriage; and she was now come to that part where the poor distrest Isabella disposes of her wed-ding-ring.

Here the book dropt from her hand, and a shower of tears ran down into her bosom. In this situation she had continued a minute, when the door opened, and in came Lord Fellamar. Sophia started from her chair at his entrance; and his lordship advancing forwards, and making a low bow, said, "I am afraid, Miss Western, I break in upon you abruptly." "Indeed, my Lord," says she, "I must own myself a little surprised at this unexpected visit." "If this visit be unexpected, Madam," answered Lord Fellamar, "my eyes must have been very faithless interpreters of my heart, when last I had the honour of seeing you: for surely you could not otherwise have hoped to detain my heart in your possession, without receiving a visit from its owner." Sophia, confused as she was, answered this bombast, (and very properly I think) with a look of inconceivable disdain. My lord then made another and a longer speech of the same sort. Upon which Sophia, trembling, said, "Am I really to conceive your lordship to be out of your sen-ses? Sure, my lord, there is no other excuse for such behaviour.—" I am, indeed, Madam, in the situation you suppose," cries his lordship; "and sure you will pardon the effects of a frenzy which you yourself have occasioned: for love hath so totally deprived me of reason, that I am scarce accountable for any of my actions." "Upon my word, my lord," said Sophia, "I neither understand your

" words

“ words nor your behaviour.”—“ Suffer me then, “ Madam,” cries he, “ at your feet to explain both, by “ laying open my soul to you, and declaring that I doat “ on you to the highest degree of distraction. O most “ adorable, most divine creature! what language can ex- “ press the sentiments of my heart?” “ I do assure “ you, my lord,” said Sophia, “ I shall not stay to hear “ any more of this.” “ Do not,” cries he, “ think of “ leaving me thus cruelly: could you know half the tor- “ ments which I feel, that tender bosom must pity what “ those eyes have caused.” Then fetching a deep sigh, and laying hold of her hand, he ran on for some minutes in a strain which would be little more pleasing to the reader than it was to the lady; and at last concluded with a declaration, “ That if he was master of the world, he “ would lay it at her feet.” Sophia then forcibly pulling away her hand from his, answered with much spirit, “ I promise you, Sir, your world and its master, I should “ spurn from me with equal contempt.” She then offered to go, and Lord Fellamar again laying hold of her hand, said, “ Pardon me, my beloved angel, freedoms “ which nothing but despair could have tempted me to “ take.—Believe me, could I have had any hope that “ my title and fortune, neither of them inconsiderable, “ unless when compared with your worth, would have “ been accepted, I had in the humblest manner present- “ ed them to your acceptance.—But I cannot lose you. “ —By heaven, I will sooner part with my soul.—You “ are, you must, you shall be only mine.” “ My lord,” says she, “ I intreat you to desist from a vain pursuit; “ for, upon my honour, I will never hear you on this sub- “ jeet. Let go my hand, my lord; for I am resolved to “ go from you this moment; nor will I ever see you “ more.” “ Then, Madam,” cries his lordship, “ I “ must make the best use of this moment; for I cannot “ live, nor will I live without you.” —“ What do you “ mean, my lord?” said Sophia; “ I will raise the fami- “ ly.” “ I have no fear, Madam,” answered he, “ but “ of losing you, and that I am resolved to prevent, the “ only way which despair points to me.” —He then caught her in his arms: upon which she screamed so loud,

loud, that she must have alarmed some one to her assistance, had not lady Bellaston taken care to remove all ears.

But a more lucky circumstance happened for poor Sophia: another noise now broke forth, which almost drowned her cries; for now the whole house rang with, “Where is she? D——n me, I’ll unkennel her this instant. Shew me her chamber, I say. Where is my daughter? I know she’s in the house, and I’ll see her if she’s above ground. Shew me where she is.”—At which last words the door flew open, and in came ’Squire Western, with his parson, and a set of myrmidons at his heels.

How miserable must have been the condition of poor Sophia, when the enraged voice of her father was welcome to her ears! Welcome indeed it was, and luckily did he come; for it was the only accident upon earth which could have preserved the peace of her mind from being for ever destroyed.

Sophia, notwithstanding her fright, presently knew her father’s voice; and his lordship, notwithstanding his passion, knew the voice of reason, which peremptorily assured him, it was not now a time for the perpetration of his villainy. Hearing, therefore, the voice approach, and hearing likewise whose it was; (for as the ’squire more than once roared forth the word Daughter, so Sophia, in the midst of her struggling, cried out upon her father;) he thought proper to relinquish his prey, having only disordered her handkerchief, and with his rude lips committed violence on her lovely neck.

If the reader’s imagination doth not assist me, I shall never be able to describe the situation of these two persons when Western came into the room. Sophia tottered into her chair, where she sat disordered, pale, breathless, bursting with indignation at Lord Fellamar, affrighted, and yet more rejoiced at the arrival of her father.

His Lordship sat down near her, with the bag of his wig hanging over one of his shoulders, the rest of his dress being somewhat disordered, and rather a greater proportion of linen than is usual appearing at his bosom.

As to the rest, he was amazed, affrighted, vexed, and ashamed.

As to 'Squire Western, he happened at this time to be overtaken by an enemy, which very frequently pursues, and seldom fails to overtake most of the country-gentlemen in this kingdom. He was, literally speaking, drunk ; which circumstance, together with his natural impetuosity, could produce no other effect, than his running immediately up to his daughter, upon whom he fell foul with his tongue in the most inveterate manner ; nay, he had probably committed violence with his hands, had not the parson interposed, saying, " For Heaven's sake, Sir, " animadvert that you are in the house of a great lady. " Let me beg you to mitigate your wrath ; it should minister a fulness of satisfaction that you have found your daughter ; for, as to revenge, it belongeth not unto us. I discern great contrition in the countenance of the young lady. I stand assured, if you will forgive her, she will repent her of all past offences, and return unto her duty."

The strength of the parson's arms had at first been of more service than the strength of his rhetoric. However, his last words wrought some effect, and the 'squire answered, " I'll forgee her if she will ha un. If wot ha un, Sophy, I'll forgee thee all. Why dust unt speak ? Shat ha un ? d—n me, shat ha un ? Why dost unt answer ? Was ever such a stubborn tuoad ?"

" Let me intreat you, Sir, to be a little more moderate," said the parson ; " you frighten the young lady so, that you deprive her of all power of utterance."

" Power of mine a—," answered the 'squire. " You take her part, then, you do ? A pretty parson truly, to fide with an undutiful child. Yes, yes, I will gee you a living with a pox. I'll gee un to the Devil sooner."

" I humbly crave your pardon," said the parson ; " I assure your worship, I meant no such matter."

My Lady Bellaston now entered the room, and came up to the 'squire, who no sooner saw her, than, resolving to follow the instructions of his sister, he made her a very civil bow in the rural manner, and paid her some

of his best compliments. He then immediately proceeded to his complaints, and said, "There, my lady-cousin ; there stands the most undutiful child in the world : she hankers after a beggarly rascal, and won't marry one of the greatest matches in all England, that we have provided for her."

"Indeed, cousin Western," answered the lady, "I am persuaded you wrong my cousin. I am sure she hath a better understanding. I am convinced the will not refuse what she must be sensible is so much to her advantage."

This was a wilful mistake in Lady Bellaston ; for she well knew whom Mr Western meant, though perhaps she thought he would easily be reconciled to his Lordship's proposals.

"Do you hear there," quoth the 'squire, "what her Ladyship says ? All your family are for the match. Come, Sophy, be a good girl, and be dutiful, and make your father happy."

"If my death will make you happy, Sir," answered Sophia, "you will shortly be so."

"It's a lie, Sophy ; it's a d——n'd lie, and you know it," said the 'squire.

"Indeed, Miss Western," said Lady Bellaston, "you injure your father ; he hath nothing in view but your interest in this match ; and I and all your friends must acknowledge the highest honour done to your family in the proposal."

"Ay, all of us," quoth the 'squire, "nay, it was no proposal of mine. She knows it was her aunt proposed it to me first.—Come, Sophy, once more let me beg you to be a good girl, and gee me your consent before your cousin."

"Let me give him your hand, cousin," said the Lady. "It is the fashion now-a-days to dispense with time and long courtships."

"Pugh," said the 'squire, "what signifies time ; wont they have time enough to court afterwards ? People may court very well after they have been a-bed together."

As Lord Fellamar was very well assured that he was meant by Lady Bellafton, so, never having heard nor suspected a word of Blifil, he made no doubt of his being meant by the father. Coming up therefore to the 'squire, he said, "Though I have not the honour, Sir, of being personally known to you, yet, as I find I have the happiness to have my proposals accepted, let me intercede, Sir, in behalf of the young lady, that she may not be more solicited at this time."

"You intercede, Sir!" said the squire, "Why, who the devil are you?"

"Sir, I am Lord Fellamar," answered he, "and am the happy man, whom I hope you have done the honour of accepting for a son-in-law."

"You are a son of a b——," replied the Squire, for all your laced coat. You my son-in-law, and be d—n'd to you!"

"I shall take more from you, Sir, than from any man," answered the Lord; "but I must inform you, that I am not used to hear such language without resentment."

"Resent my a——," quoth the 'squire. "Don't think I am afraid of such a fellow as thee art, because hast got a spit there dangling at thy side! Lay by your spit, and I'll give thee enough of meddling with what doth not belong to thee.—I'll teach you to father-in-law me. I'll lick thy jacket."

"It's very well, Sir," said my Lord, "I shall make no disturbance before the ladies. I am very well satisfied. Your humble servant, Sir; Lady Bellafton, your most obedient."

His lordship was no sooner gone, than Lady Bellafton, coming up to Mr Western, said, "Bless me, Sir, what have you done? You know not whom you have affronted; he is a nobleman of the first rank and fortune, and yesterday made proposals to your daughter, and such as I am sure you must accept with the highest pleasure."

"Answer for yourself, lady cousin," said the 'squire, "I will have nothing to do with any of your lords. My daughter shall have an honest country-gentleman; I

“ have pitched upon one for her—and she shall ha  
“ un.—I am sorry for the trouble she hath given your  
“ ladyship with all my heart.” Lady Bellaston made a  
civil speech upon the word trouble, to which the ’squire  
anwtered, “ Why, that’s kind,—and I would do as much  
“ for your ladyship. To be fure, relations should do for  
“ one another. So I wish your ladyship a good night.”—  
“ Come, Madam, you must go along with me by fair  
“ means, or I’ll have you carried down to the coach.”

Sophia said she would attend him without force, but  
begged to go in a chair; for she said she should not be  
able to ride any other way.

“ Prithee,” cries the ’squire, “ won’t unt perzuade me  
“ can’t not ride in a coach, woudst? That’s a pretty  
“ thing, surely. No, no, I’ll never let thee out of my  
“ sight any more till art married; that I promise thee.”  
Sophia told him, she saw he was resolved to break her  
heart. “ O break thy heart and be d—n’d,” quoth  
he, “ if a good husband will break it. I don’t value a  
“ brafs varden, not a halfpenny of any undutiful b—  
“ upon earth.” He then took violently hold of her  
hand; upon which the parson once more interfered, beg-  
ging him to use gentle methods. At that the ’squire  
thundered out a curse, and bid the parson hold his tongue,  
saying, “ At’n’t in pulpit now; when art a got up there,  
“ I never mind what doft say; but I won’t be priest-rid-  
“ den, nor taught how to behave myself by thee. I wish  
“ your ladyship a good-night. Come along, Sophy; be  
“ a good girl, and all shall be well. Shat ha un, d—n  
“ me, shat ha un.”

Mrs Honour appeared below stairs, and with a low  
curtesy to the ’squire, offered to attend her mistres; but he pushed her away, saying, “ Hold, Madam, hold,  
“ you come no more near my house.” “ And will you  
“ take my maid away from me?” said Sophia. “ Yes,  
“ indeed, Madam, will I,” cries the ’squire; “ you need  
“ not fear being without a fervant; I will get you ano-  
“ ther maid, and a better maid than this, who, I’d lay  
“ five pounds to a crown, is no more a maid than my  
“ grannum. No, no, Sophy, she shall contrive no more  
“ escapes, I promise you.” He then packed up his  
daughter

daughter and the parson into the hackney-coach, after which he mounted himself, and ordered it to drive to his lodgings. In the way thither he suffered Sophia to be quiet, and entertained himself with reading a lecture to the parson on good manners, and a proper behaviour to his betters.

It is possible he might not so easily have carried off his daughter from Lady Bellaston, had that good lady desired to have detained her; but, in reality, she was not a little pleased with the confinement into which Sophia was going: and as her project with Lord Fellamar had failed of success, she was well contented that other violent methods were now going to be used in favour of another man.

### C H A P. VI.

*By what means the 'squire came to discover his daughter.*

THOUGH the reader in many histories is obliged to digest much more unaccountable appearances than than this of Mr Western, without any satisfaction at all; yet, as we dearly love to oblige him whenever it is in our power, we shall now proceed to shew by what method the 'squire discovered where his daughter was.

In the third chapter then of the preceding book, we gave a hint (for it is not our custom to unfold at any time more than is necessary for the occasion) that Mrs Fitzpatrick, who was very desirous of reconciling herself to her uncle and aunt Western, thought she had a probable opportunity, by the service of preserving Sophia from committing the same crime which had drawn on herself the anger of the family. After much deliberation, therefore, she resolved to inform her aunt Western where her cousin was, and accordingly she writ the following letter, which we shall give the reader at length, for more reasons than one.

“ HONoured MADAM,

“ The occasion of my writing this will perhaps make  
“ a letter of mine agreeable to my dear aunt, for the

“ sake of one of her nieces, though I have little reason  
“ to hope it will be so on the account of another.

“ Without more apology, as I was coming to throw  
“ my unhappy self at your feet, I met, by the strangest  
“ accident in the world, my cousin Sophy, whose histo-  
“ ry you are better acquainted with than myself, though,  
“ alas! I know infinitely too much; enough indeed to  
“ satisfy me, that unless she is immediately prevented,  
“ she is in danger of running into the same fatal mischief,  
“ which, by foolishly and ignorantly refusing your most  
“ wise and prudent advice, I have unfortunately brought  
“ on myself.

“ In short, I have seen the man, nay, I was most  
“ part of yesterday in his company, and a charming  
“ young fellow I promise you he is. By what accident  
“ he came acquainted with me is too tedious to tell you  
“ now; but I have this morning changed my lodgings  
“ to avoid him, lest he should by my means discover my  
“ cousin; for he doth not yet know where she is, and it  
“ is adviseable he should not, till my uncle hath secured  
“ her.—No time, therefore, is to be lost; and I need  
“ only inform you, that she is now with Lady Bellastor,  
“ whom I have seen, and who hath, I find, a design of  
“ concealing her from her family. You know, Madam,  
“ she is a strange woman; but nothing could misbecome  
“ me more, than to presume to give any hint to one of  
“ your great understanding, and great knowledge of the  
“ world, besides barely informing you of the matter of fact.

“ I hope, Madam, the care which I have shewn on  
“ this occasion for the good of my family, will recom-  
“ mend me again to the favour of a lady who hath al-  
“ ways exerted so much zeal for the honour and true  
“ interest of us all; and that it may be a means of re-  
“ storing me to your friendship, which hath made so  
“ great a part of my former, and is so necessary to my  
“ future happiness. I am,

“ With the utmost respect,  
“ honoured Madam,  
“ your dutiful and obliged niece,  
“ and most obedient humble servant,

“ HARRIET FITZPATRICK.”

Mrs

Mrs Western was now at her brother's house, where she had resided ever since the flight of Sophia, in order to administer comfort to the poor 'squire in his affliction. Of this comfort, which she doled out to him in daily proportions, we have formerly given a specimen.

She was now standing with her back to the fire, and, with a pinch of snuff in her hand, was dealing forth this daily allowance of comfort to the 'squire, while he smoked his afternoon pipe, when she received the above letter; which she had no sooner read, than she delivered it to him, saying, "There, Sir, there is an account of "your lost sheep. Fortune hath again restored her to "you, and if you will be governed by my advice, it is "possible you may yet preferve her."

The 'squire had no sooner read the letter than he leaped from his chair, threw his pipe into the fire, and gave a loud huzza for joy. He then summoned his servants, called for his boots, and ordered the Chevalier and several other horses to be saddled, and that parson Supple should be immediately sent for. Having done this, he turned to his sister, caught her in his arms, and gave her a close embrace, saying, "Zounds! you don't seem "pleased; one would imagine you was sorry I have found "the girl."

"Brother," answered she, "the deepest politicians, "who see to the bottom, discovér often a very different "aspect of affairs, from what swims on the surface. It "is true, indeed, things do look rather leſs desperate "than they did formerly in Holland, when Lewis the "Fourteenth was at the gates of Amsterdam; but there "is a delicacy required in this matter, which you will "pardon me, brother, if I suspect you want.—There is "a decorum to be uſed with a woman of figure, such as "Lady Bellaſton, brother, which requires a knowledge "of the world, ſuperior, I am afraid to your's."

"Sister," cries the 'squire, "I know you have no "opinion of my parts; but I'll ſhew you on this occa- "ſion who is a fool. Knowledge, quotha! I have not "been in the country ſo long without having ſome know- "ledge of warrants and the law of the land. I know I "may take my own wherever I can find it. Shew me  
" my

“ my own daughter, and if I don’t know how to come  
“ at her, I’ll suffer you to call me fool as long as I live.  
“ There be justices of peace in London as well as in  
“ other places.”

“ I protest,” cries she, “ you make me tremble for  
“ the event of this matter, which, if you will proceed by  
“ my advice, you may bring to so good an issue. Do  
“ you really imagine, brother, that the house of a wo-  
“ man of figure is to be attacked by warrants and brutal  
“ justices of the peace? I will inform you how to pro-  
“ ceed. As soon as you arrive in town, and have got  
“ yourself into a decent dress (for indeed, brother, you  
“ have none at present fit to appear in) you must send  
“ your compliments to Lady Bellafon, and desire leave  
“ to wait on her. When you are admitted to her pre-  
“ fence, as you certainly will be, and have told her your  
“ story, and have made proper use of my name, (for I  
“ think you only just know one another by sight, though  
“ you are relations), I am confident she will withdraw  
“ her protection from my niece, who hath certainly im-  
“ posed upon her. This is the only method.—Justices  
“ of peace, indeed! do you imagine any such event can  
“ arrive to a woman of figure in a civilized nation?”

“ D——n their figures,” cries the 'squire; “ a pretty  
“ civilized nation, truly, where women are above the  
“ law. And what must I stand fending a parcel of com-  
“ pliments to a confounded whore, that keeps away a  
“ daughter from her own natural father? I tell you,  
“ sister, I am not so ignorant as you think me.—I  
“ know you would have women above the law, but it is  
“ all a lie; I heard his Lordship say at a Size, that no  
“ one is above the law. But this of yours is Hanover  
“ law, I suppose.”

“ Mr Western,” said she, “ I think you daily im-  
“ prove in ignorance——I protest you are grown an  
“ arrant bear.”

“ No more a bear than yourself, sister Western,” said  
the 'squire.—“ Pox! you may talk of your civility an you  
“ will. I am sure you never shew any to me. I am no  
“ bear, no, nor no dog neither, though I know some-  
“ body that is something that begins with a B; but  
“ pox!



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“ pox ! I will shew you I have got more good manners than some folks.”

“ Mr Western,” answered the lady, “ you may say what you please. *Je vous meprise de tout mon cœur.* I shall not therefore be angry——Besides, as my cousin, with that odious Irish name, justly says, I have that regard for the honour and true interest of my family, and that concern for my niece, who is a part of it, that I have resolved to go to town myself upon this occasion ; for indeed, indeed, brother, you are not a fit minister to be employed at a polite court.—Greenland—Greeland should always be the scene of the tramontane negociation.”

“ I thank heaven,” cries the ’squire, “ I don’t understand you now. You are got to your Hanoverian linguo. However, I’ll shew you I scorn to be behind-hand in civility with you ; and as you are not angry for what I have said, so I am not angry for what you have said. Indeed, I have always thought it a folly for relations to quarrel ; and if they do now and then give a hasty word, why people should give and take : for my part, I never bear malice ; and I take it very kind of you to go up to London ; for I never was there but twice in my life, and then I did not stay above a fortnight at a time, and to be sure I can’t be expected to know much of the streets and the folks in that time. I never denied that you know’d all these matters better than I. For me to dispute that would be all as one, as for you to dispute the management of a pack of dogs, or the finding a hare sitting with me.”—“ Which I promise you,” says she, “ I never will.”—“ Well, and I promise you,” returned he, “ that I never will dispute t’other.”

Here then a league was struck (to borrow a phrase from the lady) between the contending parties ; and now the parson arriving, and the horses being ready, the ’squire departed, having promised his sister to follow her advice, and she prepared to follow him the next day.

But having communicated these matters to the parson on the road, they both agreed that the prescribed formalities

titles might very well be dispensed with, and the 'squire having changed his mind, proceeded in the manner we have already seen.

"Show on saw it adds significantly to the  
value of the saw."

CHAP. VII

In which various misfortunes befall poor Jones. — "I am come to see you again, my dear Sir, and to tell you of my misfortunes. — 'Tis a bad time for me, Sir, and I am undone, Sir, and my poor lady's undone, and I am undone." — "Hath any thing happened to poor Sophia?" cries Jones, staring like a madman. — "All that is bad," cries Honour! — "O I shall never get such another lady! O that I should ever live to see this Friday!" — At these words Jones turned pale as ashes, trembled, and stammered; but Honour went on. — "Mr. Jones, I have lost my lady for ever!" — "How? — what for heaven's sake tell me. — O my dear Sophia!" — "You may well call her so," said Honour; "she was the dearest lady to me. — I shall never have such another place." — "D—n your place!" cried Jones; "where is? what! what is become of my Sophia?" — "Ay, to be sure," cries she, "servants may be d—ned! It signifies nothing what becomes of them, though they are turned away, and ruined ever so much. — To be sure they are not flesh and blood like other people. — No, to be sure it signifies nothing what becomes of them." — "If you have any pity, any compassion," cries Jones, "I beg you will instantly tell me what hath happened to Sophia?" — "To be sure I have more pity for you than you have for me," answered Honour; "I don't damn you because you have lost the sweetest lady in the world. — To be sure you are worthy to be pitied, and I am worthy to be pitied too; for to be sure if ever there was a good mistress. — What hath happened?" cries Jones, in almost a raving fit.

" fit.—“ What ?—What ?”—said Honour ; “ why  
“ the worst that could have happened both for you and  
“ me.—Her father is come to town, and hath carried  
“ her away from us both.” Here Jones fell on his knees  
in thanksgiving that it was no worse.—“ No worse !”  
repeated Honour, “ what could be worse for either of  
“ us ? He carried her off, swearing she should marry  
“ Mr Blifil ; that’s for your comfort : and for poor me,  
“ I am turned out of doors.” “ Indeed, Mrs Honour,”  
answered Jones, “ you frightened me out of my wits ; I  
“ imagined some most dreadful sudden accident had hap-  
“ pened to Sophia : something compared to which, even  
“ the seeing her married to Blifil would be a trifle ; but  
“ while there is life, there are hopes, my dear Honour.  
“ Women in this land of liberty cannot be married by  
“ actual brutal force.” “ To be sure, Sir,” said she,  
“ that’s true. There may be some hopes for you ; but a-  
“ lack a-day ! what hopes are there for poor me ? and  
“ to be sure, Sir, you must be sensible I suffer all this  
“ on your account. All the quarrel the ‘squire hath  
“ to me is for taking your part, as I have done against  
“ Mr Blifil.” “ Indeed Mrs Honour,” “ answered he,  
“ I am sensible of my obligations to you, and will leave  
“ nothing in my power undone to make you amends.”  
“ Alas, Sir,” said she, “ what can make a servant amends  
“ for the loss of one place, but the getting another al-  
“ together as good !”—“ Do not despair, Mrs Honour,”  
said Jones, “ I hope to reinstate you again in the same.”  
“ Alack a day, Sir,” said she, “ how can I flatter myself  
“ with such hopes, when I know it is a thing impossible ;  
“ for the ‘squire is so set against me : and yet, if you  
“ should ever have my lady, as to be sure I now hopes  
“ heartily you will ; for you are a generous good-na-  
“ tured gentleman, and I am sure you loves her, and to  
“ be sure she loves you as dearly as her own soul ; it is a  
“ matter in vain to deny it ; because as why, everybody  
“ that is in the least acquainted with my lady must  
“ see it ; for, poor dear lady, she can’t dissemble ; and  
“ if two people who loves one another a’n’t happy, why,  
“ who should be so ? Happiness don’t always depend  
“ upon what people has ; besides, my lady has enough for

“ both. To be sure, therefore, as one may say, it would  
“ be all the pity in the world to keep two such lovers  
“ asunder; nay, I am convinced for my part, you will  
“ meet together at last; for if it is to be, there is no pre-  
“ venting it. If a marriage is made in heaven, all the  
“ justices of peace upon earth can’t break it off. To be  
“ sure I wishes that Parson Supple had but a little more  
“ spirit to tell the ’squire of his wickedness in endeavouring  
“ to force his daughter contrary to her liking; but then  
“ his whole dependence is on the ’squire, and so the poor  
“ gentleman, though he is a very religious good sort of  
“ man, and talks of the badness of such doings behind the  
“ ’squire’s back, yet he dares not say his soul is his own to  
“ his face. To be sure I never saw him make so bold as  
“ just now; I was afeard the ’squire would have struck  
“ him.—I would not have your honour be melancholy,  
“ Sir, nor despair; things may go better, as long as you  
“ are sure of my lady, and that I am certain you may be;  
“ for she never will be brought to consent to marry any  
“ other man. Indeed I am terribly afeard the ’squire  
“ will do her a mischief in his passion; for he is a pro-  
“ digious passionate gentleman, and I am afeard too the  
“ lady will be brought to break her heart; for she is as  
“ tender-hearted as a chicken; it is pity, methinks, she  
“ had not a little of my courage. If I was in love with  
“ a young man, and my father offered to lock me up,  
“ I’d tear his eyes out but I’d come at him; but then  
“ there’s a great fortune in the case, which it is in her  
“ father’s power either to give her or not; that, to be  
“ sure, may make some difference.”

Whether Jones gave strict attention to all the foregoing harangue, or whether it was for want of any vacancy in the discourse, I cannot determine; but he never once attempted to answser, nor did she once stop till Partridge came running into the room, and informed him that the great lady was upon the stairs.

Nothing could equal the dilemma to which Jones was now reduced. Honour knew nothing of any acquaintance that subsisted between him and Lady Bellaston, and she was almost the last person in the world to whom he would have communicated it. In this hurry and distres,

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he took (as is common enough) the worst course, and instead of exposing her to the lady, which would have been of little consequence, he chose to expose the lady to her; he therefore resolved to hide Honour, whom he had but just time to convey behind the bed, and to draw the curtains.

The hurry in which Jones had been all day engaged on account of his poor landlady and her family, the terrors occasioned by Mrs. Honour, and the confusion into which he was thrown by the sudden arrival of Lady Bellaston, had altogether driven former thoughts out of his head; so that it never once occurred to his memory to act the part of a sick man, which indeed neither the gaiety of his dress, nor the freshness of his countenance, would have at all supported.

He received her ladyship therefore rather agreeably to her desires, than to her expectations, with all the good-humour he could muster in his countenance, and without any real or affected appearance of the least disorder.

Lady Bellaston no sooner entered the room, than she squatted herself down on the bed: "So, my dear Jones," said she, "you find nothing can detain me long from you. Perhaps I ought to be angry with you, that I have neither seen nor heard from you all day; for I perceive your distemper would have suffered you to come abroad: nay, I suppose you have not sat in your chamber all day dreft up like a fine lady to see company after a lying in; but however don't think I intend to scold you; for I never will give you an excuse for the cold behaviour of a husband, by putting on the ill humour of a wife."

"Nay, Lady Bellaston," said Jones, "I am sure your ladyship will not upbraid me with neglect of duty, when I only waited for orders. Who, my dear creature, hath reason to complain? Who missed an appointment last night, and left an unhappy man to expect and wish, and sigh, and languish?"

"Do not mention it, my dear Jones," cried she; "if you knew the occasion, you would pity me. In short, it is impossible to conceive what women of condition are obliged to suffer from the impertinence of fools, in

"order to keep up the farce of the world. I am glad, however, all your languishing and wishing have done you no harm; for you never looked better in your life. Upon my faith! Jones, you might at this instant sit for the picture of Adonis."

There are certain words of provocation, which men of honour hold can only properly be answered by a blow. Among lovers, possibly there may be some expressions, which can only be answered by a kiss. The compliment which Lady Bellaston now made Jones, seems to be of this kind, especially as it was attended with a look, in which the lady conveyed more soft ideas than it was possible to express with her tongue.

Jones was certainly at this instant in one of the most disagreeable and distressed situations imaginable; for, to carry on the comparison we made use of before, though the provocation was given by the lady, Jones could not receive satisfaction, nor so much as offer to ask it, in the presence of a third person, seconds in this kind of duels not being according to the law of arms. As this objection did not occur to Lady Bellaston, who was ignorant of any other woman being there but herself, she waited some time in great astonishment for an answer from Jones, who, conscious of the ridiculous figure he made, stood at a distance, and, not daring to give the proper answer, gave none at all. Nothing can be imagined more comic, nor yet more tragical, than this scene would have been, if it had lasted much longer. The lady had already changed colour two or three times, had got up from the bed, and sat down again, while Jones was wishing the ground to sink under him, or the house to fall on his head, when an odd accident freed him from an embarrassment, out of which neither the eloquence of a Cicero, nor the politics of a Machiavel, could have delivered him without utter disgrace.

This was no other than the arrival of young Nightingale, dead-drunk, or rather in that state of drunkenness, which deprives men of the use of their reason, without depriving them of the use of their limbs.

Mrs. Miller and her daughters were in bed, and Partridge was smoking his pipe by the kitchen-fire; so that

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he arrived at Mr Jones's chamber door without any interruption. This he burst open; and was entering without any ceremony, when Jones started from his seat, and ran to oppose him; which he did so effectually, that Nightingale never came "far enough within the door to see who was sitting on the bed."

Nightingale had in reality mistaken Jones's apartment for that in which himself had lodged; he therefore strongly insisted on coming in, often swearing that he would not be kept from his own bed. Jones, however, prevailed over him, and delivered him into the hands of Partridge, whom the noise on the stairs soon summoned to his master's assistance.

And now Jones was unwillingly obliged to return to his own apartment, where, at the very instant of his entrance, he heard Lady Bellaston venting an exclamation, though not a very loud one, and at the same time saw her flinging herself into a chair in a vast agitation, which an old lady of a tender constitution would have been an hysterick fit. In reality the lady, frightened with the struggle between the two men, of which she did not know what would be the issue, as she heard Nightingale swear many oaths he would come to his own bed, attempted to retire to her known place of hiding, which to her great confusion, she found already occupied by another.

"Is this usage to be borne, Mr Jones?" cries the lady, "— basest of men! — What wretch is this to whom you have exposed me?" "Wretch!" cries Honour, bursting in a violent rage from her place of concealment.— "marry come up? — Wretch forsooth! — as poor a wretch as I am, I am honest; that is more than some folks who are richer can say."

Jones, instead of applying himself directly to take off the edge of Mrs Honour's resentment, as a more experienced gallant would have done, fell to cursing his stars, and lamenting himself as the most unfortunate man in the world; and presently after, addressing himself to Lady Bellaston, he fell to some very absurd protestations of innocence. By this time the lady, having recovered the use of her reason, which she had as ready as any woman in

in the world, especially on such occasions, calmly replied,

“ Sir, you need make no apologies : I see now who the person is ; I did not at first know Mrs Honour ; but now I do, I can suspect nothing wrong between her and you ; and I am sure she is a woman of too good sense to put any wrong constructions upon my visit to you : I have been always her friend, and it may be in my power to be much more so hereafter.”

Mrs Honour was altogether as placable as she was passionate. Hearing, therefore, Lady Bellaston assume the soft tone, she likewise soften’d her’s.—“ I’m sure, Madam,” says she, I have been always ready to acknowledge your ladyship’s friendships to me ; sure I never had so good a friend as your ladyship—and to be sure now, I see it is your ladyship that I spoke to, I could almost bite my tongue off for very mad.—I constructions upon your ladyship !—to be sure it doth not become a servant as I am to think about such a great lady—I mean I was a servant : for indeed I am nobody’s servant now, the more miserable wretch is me—I have lost the best mistress.”—Here Honour thought fit to produce a shower of tears.—“ Don’t cry, child,” says the good lady, “ Ways may perhaps be found to make you amends. Come to me to-morrow morning.” She then took up her fan, which lay on the ground, and without even looking at Jones, walked very majestically out of the room ; there being a kind of dignity in the impudence of women of quality, which their inferiors vainly aspire to attain to in circumstances of this nature.

Jones followed her down stairs, often offering her his hand, which she absolutely refused him, and got into her chair without taking any notice of him as he stood bowing before her.

At his return up stairs, a long dialogue passed between him and Mrs Honour, while she was adjusting herself after the discomposure she had undergone. The subject of this was his infidelity to her young lady ; on which she enlarged with great bitterness ; but Jones at last found means to reconcile her, and not only so, but to obtain a promise of most inviolable secrecy, and that she would

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the next morning endeavour to find out Sophia, and bring him a further account of the proceedings of the squire.

Thus ended this unfortunate adventure to the satisfaction only of Mrs Honour; for a secret (as some of my readers will perhaps acknowledge from experience) is often a very valuable possession; and that not only to those who faithfully keep it, but sometimes to such as whisper it about till it comes to the ears of every one, except the ignorant person, who pays for the supposed concealing of what is publicly known.

## C H A P. VIII.

*Short and Sweet.*

NOTWITHSTANDING all the obligations she had received from Jones, Mrs Miller could not forbear in the morning some gentle remonstrances for the hurricane which had happened the preceding night in his chamber. These were however so gentle and so friendly; professing, and indeed truly, to aim at nothing more than the real good of Mr Jones himself, that he, far from being offended, thankfully received the admonition of the good woman, expressed much concern for what had past, excused it as well as he could, and promised never more to bring the same disturbances into the house.

But though Mrs Miller did not refrain from a short expostulation in private at their first meeting; yet the occasion of his being summoned down stairs that morning was of a much more agreeable kind; being indeed to perform the office of a father to Miss Nancy, and to give her in wedlock to Mr Nightingale, who was now ready dressed, and full as sober as many of my readers will think a man ought to be who receives a wife in so imprudent a manner.

And here, perhaps, it may be proper to account for the escape which this young gentleman had made from his uncle, and for his appearance in the condition in which we have seen him the night before.

Now,

Now, when the uncle had arrived at his lodgings with his nephew, partly to indulge his own inclinations (for he dearly loved his bottle) and partly to disqualify his nephew from the immediate execution of his purpose, he ordered wine to be set on the table; with which he so briskly plied the young gentleman, that this latter, who, though not much used to drinking, did not detest it so as to be guilty of disobedience, or of want of complaisance by refusing, was soon completely finished.

Just as the uncle had obtained this victory, and was preparing a bed for his nephew, a messenger arrived with a piece of news, which so entirely disconcerted and shocked him, that he in a moment lost all consideration for his nephew, and his whole mind became entirely taken up with his own concerns.

This sudden and afflicting news was no less than that his daughter had taken the opportunity of almost the first moment of his absence, and had gone off with a neighbouring young clergyman; against whom, though her father could have had but one objection, namely, that he was worth nothing, yet she had never thought proper to communicate her amour even to her father; and so artfully had she managed, that it had never been once suspected by any, till now that it was consummated.

Old Mr Nightingale no sooner received this account, than in the utmost confusion he ordered a post-chaise to be instantly got ready, and having recommended his nephew to the care of a servant, he directly left the house, scarce knowing what he did, or whither he went.

The uncle being thus departed, when the servant came to attend the nephew to bed, had waked him for that purpose, and had at last made him sensible that his uncle was gone, he instead of accepting the kind offices tendered him, insisted on a chair being called; with this the servant, who had received no strict orders to the contrary, readily complied; and thus being conducted back to the house of Mrs Miller, he had staggered up to Mr Jones's chamber, as hath been before recounted.

This

This bar of the uncle being now removed (though young Nightingale knew not as yet in what manner) and all parties being quickly ready, the mother, Mr Jones, Mr Nightingale, and his love, stepped into a hackney-coach, and conveyed him to Doctors Commons; where Miss Nancy was, in vulgar language, soon made an honest woman, and the poor mother became, in the purest sense of the word, one of the happiest of all human beings.

And now Mr Jones, having seen his good offices to that poor woman and family brought to a happy conclusion, began to apply himself to his own concerns; but here, lest many of my readers should censure his folly for thus troubling himself with the affairs of others, and lest some few should think he acted more disinterestedly than indeed he did, we think proper to assure our reader, that he was so far from being unconcerned in this matter, that he had indeed a very considerable interest in bringing it to that final consummation.

To explain this seeming paradox at once, he was one who could truly say with him in Terence, *Homo sum, hu-  
mani nihil a me alienum puto.* He was never an indifferent spectator of the misery or happiness of any one, and he felt either the one or the other in great proportion as he himself contributed to either. He could not therefore be the instrument of raising a whole family from the lowest state of wretchedness to the highest pitch of joy, without conveying great felicity to himself: more perhaps than worldly men often purchase to themselves by undergoing the most severe labour, and often by wading thro' the deepest iniquity.

Those readers who are of the same complexion with him, will perhaps think this short chapter contains abundance of matter; while others may probably wish, short as it is, that it had been totally spared as impertinent to the main design, which I suppose they conclude is to bring Mr Jones to the gallows, or if possible, to a more deplorable catastrophe.

## CHAP. IX.

*Containing love-letters of several sorts.*

MR JONES at his return home, found the following letters lying on his table, which he luckily opened in the order they were sent.

**L E T T E R I.**

“ Surely I am under some strange infatuation ; I cannot keep my resolutions a moment, however strongly made or justly founded. Last night I resolved never to see you more ; this morning I am willing to hear if you can, as you say, clear up this affair. And yet I know that to be impossible, I have said every thing to myself which you can invent.— Perhaps not. Perhaps your invention is stronger. Come to me therefore the moment you receive this. If you can forge an excuse, I almost promise you to believe it. Betrayed to—I will think no more.— Come to me directly—This is the third letter I have writ, the two former are burnt—I am almost inclined to burn this too—I wish I may preserve my senses.—Come to me presently.”

## L E T T E R II.

“ If you ever expect to be forgiven, or even suffered, within my doors, come to me this instant.”

## L E T T E R III.

“ I now find you was not at home when my notes came to your lodgings. The moment you receive this let me see you ;—I shall not stir out ; nor shall any body be let in but yourself. Sure nothing can detain you long.”

Jones had just read over these three billets, when Mr Nightingale came into the room. “ Well, Tom,” said he, “ any news from Lady Bellaston, after last night’s adventure ?” (for it was now no secret to any one in that

that house who the lady was.) "The lady Bellaston!" answered Jones very gravely.—"Nay, dear Tom," cries Nightingale, "don't be reserved to your friends. "Though I was too drunk to see her last night, I saw "her at the masquerade. Do you think I am ignorant "who the queen of the fairies is?" "And did you "really then know the lady at the masquerade?" said Jones. "Yes, upon my soul, did I," said Nightingale, "and have given you twenty hints of it since, though "you seemed always so tender on that point, that I "would not speak plainly. I fancy, my friend, by your "extreme nicety in this matter, you are not so well ac- "quainted with the character of the lady as with her "person. Don't be angry, Tom; but, upon my honour, "you are not the first young fellow she hath debauched. "Her reputation is in no danger, believe me."

Though Jones had no reason to imagine the lady to have been of the vestal kind when this amour began; yet as he was thoroughly ignorant of the town, and had very little acquaintance in it, he had yet no knowledge of that character which is vulgarly called a *demirep*; that is to say, a woman who intrigues with every man she likes, under the name and appearance of virtue; and who, though some over-nice ladies will not be seen with her, is visited (as they term it) by the whole town; in short, whom every body knows to be what no body calls her.

When he found, therefore, that Nightingale was perfectly acquainted with his intrigue, and began to suspect that so scrupulous a delicacy as he had hitherto observed was not quite necessary on the occasion, he gave a latitude to his friend's tongue, and desired him to speak plainly what he knew, or had ever heard of the lady.

Nightingale, who in many other instances was rather too effeminate in his disposition, had a pretty strong inclination to tittle-tattle. He had no sooner, therefore, received a full liberty of speaking from Jones, than he entered upon a long narrative concerning the lady; which, as it contained many particulars highly to her dis-honour, we have too great a tenderness for all women of condition to repeat. We would cautiously avoid giving an opportunity to the future commentators on our works,

of making any malicious application; and of forcing us to be, against our will, the author of scandal, which never entered into our head. — Jones having very attentively heard all that Nightingale had to say, fetched a deep sigh, which the other observing, cried, " Hey-day! why, thou art not in love, I hope! Had I imagined my stories would have affected "you, I promise you should never have heard them." "O my dear friend," cries Jones, " I am so entangled "with this woman, that I know not how to extricate "myself! In love indeed! no, my friend, but I am under obligations to her, and very great ones. Since "you know so much, I will be very explicit with you. "It is owing perhaps solely to her, that I have not before this wanted a bit of bread. How can I possibly "desert such a woman? and yet I must desert her, or "be guilty of the blackest treachery to one who deserves "infinitely better of me than she can a woman, my "Nightingale, for whom I have a passion which few can "have an idea of. I am half distracted with doubts how "to act." "And is this other, pray, an honourable "mistress?" cries Nightingale. " Honourable!" answered Jones, "no breath ever yet durst fully her reputation. "The sweetest air is not purer, the limpid stream not "clearer than her honour. She is all over, both in "mind and body, consummate perfection. She is the "most beautiful creature in the universe; and yet she "is mistress of such noble, elevated qualities, that though "she is never from my thoughts, I scarce ever think of "her beauty, but when I see it." — " And can you, "my good friend," cries Nightingale, " with such an "engagement as this upon your hands, hesitate a moment about quitting such a —" " Hold," said Jones, "no more abuse of her; I detest the thought of ingratitude!" Pooh!" answered the other, "you are not "the first upon whom she hath conferred obligations of "this kind. She is remarkably liberal where she likes; "though, let me tell you, her favours are so prudently "bestowed, that they should rather raise a man's vanity, "than his gratitude." In short, Nightingale proceeded so far on this head, and told his friend so many stories of

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the lady, which he swore to the truth of, that he entirely removed all esteem for her from the breast of Jones; and his gratitude was lessened in proportion. Indeed, he began to look on all the favours he had received rather as wages than benefits, which not only depreciated her, but himself too, in his own conceit, and put him quite out of humour with both. From this disgust, his mind, by a natural transition, turned towards Sophia; her virtue, her purity, her love to him, her sufferings on this account, filled all his thoughts, and made his commerce with Lady Bellaston appear still more odious. The result of all was, that though his turning himself out of her service, in which light he now saw his affair with her, would be the loss of his bread, yet he determined to quit her, if he could but find a handsome pretence; which having communicated to his friend, Nightingale considered a little, and then said, "I have it, my boy! I have found out a sure method: propose marriage to her, and I would venture hanging upon the success." "Marriage!" cries Jones. "Ay, propose marriage," answered Nightingale, "and she will declare off in a moment. I knew a young fellow whom she kept formerly, who made the offer to her in earnest, and was presently turned off for his pains." Jones declared he could not venture the experiment: "Perhaps," said he, "she may be less shocked at this proposal from one man than from another: and if she should take me at my word, where am I then? caught in my own trap, and undone for ever." "No," answered Nightingale, "not if I can give you an expedient, by which you may at any time get out of the trap." "What expedient can that be?" replied Jones. "This," answered Nightingale. "The young fellow I mentioned, who is one of the most intimate acquaintance I have in the world, is so angry with her for some ill offices she hath since done him, that I am sure he would, without any difficulty, give you a sight of her letters; upon which you may decently break with her, and declare off before the knot is tied, if she should really be willing to tie it, which I am convinced she will not."

After

After some hesitation, Jones, upon the strength of this assurance, consented; but, as he swore he wanted the confidence to propose the matter to her face, he wrote the following letter, which Nightingale dictated:

“ MADAM,

“ I am extremely concerned, that, by an unfortunate engagement abroad, I should have missed receiving the honour of your ladyship’s commands the moment they came; and the delay, which I must now suffer of vindicating myself to your ladyship, greatly adds to this misfortune. O Lady Bellaston, what a terror have I been in, for fear your reputation should be exposed by these perverse accidents. There is one only way to secure it. I need not name what that is. Only permit me to say, that as your honour is as dear to me as my own, so my sole ambition is to have the glory of laying my liberty at your feet; and believe me, when I assure you, I can never be made completely happy, without you generously bestow on me a legal right of calling you mine for ever. I am;

“ MADAM,

“ With most profound respect,  
“ your ladyship’s most obliged,  
“ obedient, humble servant,

“ THOMAS JONES.”

To this she presently returned the following answer:

“ SIR,

“ When I read over your serious epistle, I could, from its coldness and formality, have sworn that you had already the legal right you mention, nay, that we had, for many years, composed that monstrous animal, a husband and wife. Do you really then imagine me a fool? or do you fancy yourself capable of so entirely persuading me out of my senses, that I should deliver my whole fortune into your power, in order to enable you to support your pleasures at my expence? Are these the proofs of love which I expected? Is this the return for — But I scorn to upbraid you, and am in great admiration of your profound respects.

P. S.

" P. S. I am prevented from revising:—Perhaps I have said more than I meant. —Come to me at eight this evening." Jones, by the advice of his privy-council, replied:

MADAM

" MADAM, " It is impossible to express how much I am shocked " at the suspicion you entertain of me. Can Lady Bel- " laston have conferred favours on a man whom she " could believe capable of so base a design? or can she " treat the most solemn tie of love with contempt? Can " you imagine, Madam, that if the violence of my pas- " sion, in an unguarded moment, overcame the tender- " ness which I have for your honour, that I would " think of indulging myself in the continuance of an " intercourse, which could not possibly escape long the " notice of the world, and which, when discovered, must " prove so fatal to your reputation? If such be your " opinion of me, I must pray for a sudden opportunity " of returning those pecuniary obligations which I have " been so unfortunate to receive at your hands; and, for " those of a more tender kind, I shall ever remain, &c." : and so concluded in the very words with which he had concluded the former letter.

The lady answered as follows:

" I see you are a villain; and I despise you from my soul. If you come here, I shall not be at home."

Though Jones was well satisfied with his deliverance from a thraldom, which those who have ever experienced it will, I apprehend, allow to be none of the lightest, he was not however perfectly easy in his mind. There was in this scheme too much of fallacy to satisfy one, who utterly detested every species of falsehood or dishonesty; nor would he indeed have submitted to put it in practice, had he not been involved in a distressful situation, where he was obliged to be guilty of some dis- honour either to the one lady or the other; and surely

the

the reader will allow, that every good principle, as well as love, pleaded strongly in favour of Sophia.

Nightingale highly exulted in the success of his stratagem, upon which he received many thanks, and much applause from his friend. He answered, " Dear Tom, " we have conferred very different obligations on each " other. To me you owe the regaining your liberty; " to you I owe the loss of mine. But, if you are as happy in the one instance as I am in the other, I promise you we are the two happiest fellows in England."

The two gentlemen were now summoned down to dinner, where Mrs Miller, who performed herself the office of cook, had exerted her best talents to celebrate the wedding of her daughter. This joyful circumstance she ascribed principally to the friendly behaviour of Jones, her whole soul was fired with gratitude towards him, and all her looks, words, and actions, were so busied in expressing it, that her daughter, and even her new son-in-law, were very little the object of her consideration.

Dinner was just ended, when Mrs Miller received a letter; but, as we have had letters enough in this chapter, we shall communicate the contents in our next.

### C H A P. X.

*Consisting partly of facts, and partly of observations upon them.*

THE letter then, which arrived at the end of the preceding chapter, was from Mr Allworthy, and the purport of it was his intention to come immediately to town with his nephew Blifil, and a desire to be accommodated with his usual lodgings, which were the first floor for himself, and the second for his nephew.

The cheerfulness, which had before displayed itself in the countenance of the poor woman, was a little clouded on this occasion. This news did indeed a good deal disconcert her. To require so disinterested a match with her daughter, by presently turning her new son-in-law out of doors, appeared to her very unjustifiable on the one

one hand ; and on the other, she could scarce bear the thoughts of making any excuse to Mr Allworthy, after all the obligations received from him, for depriving him of lodgings which were indeed strictly his due : for that gentleman, in conferring all his numberless benefits on others, acted by a rule diametrically opposite to what is practised by most generous people. He contrived, on all occasions, to hide his benefice, not only from the world, but even from the object of it. He constantly used the words *lend* and *pay* instead of *give*, and, by every other method he could invent, always lessened with his tongue the favours he conferred, while he was heaping them with both his hands. When he settled the annuity of 50l. a-year, therefore, on Mrs Miller, he told her, " it was in consideration of always having her first floor when he was 'in town,' " (which he scarce ever intended to be). " but 'that she might let it at any other time, for that he 'would always send her a month's warning.' " He was now however hurried to town so suddenly, that he had no opportunity of giving such notice ; and this hurry probably prevented him, when he wrote for his lodgings, from adding, if they were then empty ; for he would most certainly have been well satisfied to have relinquished them on a less sufficient excuse, than what Mrs Miller could now have made.

But there are a sort of persons, who, as Prior excellently well remarks, direct their conduct by something

Beyond the fix'd and settled rules  
Of vice and virtue in the schools,  
Beyond the letter of the law.

To these it is so far from being sufficient, that their defence would acquit them at the Old Bailey, that they are not even contented, though conscience, the severest of all judges, should discharge them. Nothing short of the fair and honourable will satisfy the delicacy of their minds ; and, if any of their actions fall short of this mark, they mope and pine, are as uneasy and restless

as a murderer, who is afraid of a ghost, or of the hangman.

Mrs Miller was one of these. She could not conceal her uneasiness at this letter; with the contents of which she had no sooner acquainted the company, and given some hints of her distress, than Jones, her good angel, presently relieved her anxiety. "As for myself, Ma-  
"dam," said he, "my lodging is at your service at a mo-  
"ment's warning: and Mr Nightingale, I am sure, as  
"he cannot yet prepare a house fit to receive his lady,  
"will consent to return to his new lodging, whither  
"Mrs Nightingale will certainly consent to go." With  
which proposal both husband and wife instantly agreed.

The reader will easily believe, that the cheeks of Mrs Miller began again to glow with additional gratitude to Jones; but, perhaps, it may be more difficult to persuade him, that Mr Jones having in his last speech called her daughter Mrs Nightingale, (it being the first time that agreeable found had ever reached her ears) gave the fond mother more satisfaction, and warmed her heart more towards Jones, than his having dissipated her present anxiety.

The next day was then appointed for the removal of the new-married couple, and of Mr Jones, who was likewise to be provided for in the same house with his friend. And now the serenity of the company was again restored, and they passed the day in the utmost cheerfulness, all except Jones, who, though he outwardly accompanied the rest in their mirth, felt many a bitter pang on the account of his Sophia; which were not a little heightened by the news of Mr Blifil's coming to town, (for he clearly saw the intention of his journey:) and what greatly aggravated his concern was, that Mrs Honour, who had promised to inquire after Sophia, and to make her report to him early the next evening, had disappointed him.

In the situation that he and his mistress were in at this time, there were scarce any grounds for him to hope that he should hear any good news; yet he was as impatient to see Mrs Honour, as if he had expected she would bring him a letter with an assignation in it from Sophia, and bore the disappointment as ill. Whether this im-

patience

patience arose from that natural weakness of the human mind, which makes it desirous to know the worst, and renders uncertainty the most intolerable of pains ; or whether he still flattered himself with some secret hopes, we will not determine. But that it might be the last, whoever has loved cannot but know. For of all the powers exercised by this passion over our minds, one of the most wonderful is that of supporting hope in the midst of despair. Difficulties, improbabilities, nay impossibilities are quite overlooked by it ; so that to any man extremely in love, may be applied what Addison says of Cæsar,

The Alps and Pyrenæans sink before him.

Yet it is equally true, that the same passion will sometimes make mountains of mole-hills, and produce despair in the midst of hope : but these cold fits last not long in good constitutions. Which temper Jones was now in we leave the reader to guess, having no exact information about it ; but this is certain, that he had spent two hours in expectation, when being unable any longer to conceal his uneasiness, he retired to his room ; where his anxiety had almost made him frantick, when the following letter was brought him from Mrs Honour, with which we shall present the reader *verbatim & literatim*.

“ S I R,

“ I shud fartenly haf kaled on you a cordin too mi  
 “ prommis haddunt itt bin that hur lashipp prevent  
 “ mee ; for too be sur, Sir, you nose very well that evere  
 “ persun must luk furst at ome, and fartenly sure such  
 “ anuther offar mite not ave ever hapned, so as I shud ave  
 “ been justly to blam, had I not excepted of it when her  
 “ laship was so veri kind as to offar to mak mee hur one  
 “ uman without me ever asking any such thing, to bee  
 “ sur shee is won of thee best ladis in the wurld, and pe-  
 “ pil who safte to the kontrari must bee veri wiked pepil  
 “ in thare harts. To be sur if ever I ave saf any thing  
 “ of that kine it as bin thru ignorens, and I am hartili  
 “ forri for it. I nose your honour to be a genteelman

" of more onour and onesty, if I ever said ani such thing,  
 " to repeete it to hurt a pore servant that as alwais ad the  
 " grateſt respect in thee world for ure onour. To bee  
 " fur won ſhud kepe wons tung within wons teeth, for  
 " no boddi noſe what may hapen ; and too be fur if ani  
 " boddi ad tolde mee yesterdaſ, that I ſhud haf bin in  
 " ſo gud a plafe to day, I ſhud not haf beleeved it ; for  
 " too be fur I never was a dreſed of any ſuch thing, nor  
 " ſhud I ever have ſoft after any other bodi's plafe ; but  
 " as her laſhipp was ſo kind of her one a cord to give it  
 " mee without aſking, to be fur Mrs Etoff herſelf, nor  
 " no other boddi can blam me for exceptin ſuch a thing  
 " when it falls in mi waye. I beg ure onour not too  
 " menſhion any thing of what I haf ſad, for I wiſh ure  
 " onour all the gud luck in the world ; and I don't  
 " queſtione butt thatt u will haf Madam Sofiа in the end ;  
 " but aſſ to miſelf, ure onour noſe I cant bee of ani far-  
 " der farviſ to u in that matar, now bein under thee  
 " cumand off another parſon, and nott mi one miſ-  
 " tres. I beg ure onur to fay nothing of what paſt,  
 " and believe me to be, Sir,

" Ure onur's humble ſervant

" To cumand till death,

" HONOUR BLACKMORE."

Various were the conjectures which Jones entertained on this ſtep of Lady Bellafon ; who in reality had little farther design than to ſecure within her own house the repository of a ſecret, which ſhe choſe ſhould make no farther progreſs than it had made already ; but moſtly ſhe deſired to keep it from the ears of Sophia ; for though that young lady was almoſt the only one who would never have repeated it again, her ladyſhip could not perſuade herſelf of this ; ſince, as ſhe now hated poor Sophia with moſt implacable hatred, ſhe conceiſed a reciprocal ha-  
 rred to herſelf to be lodged in the tender breast of our heroine, where no ſuch paſſion had ever yet found an entrance.

While

While Jones was terrifying himself with the apprehension of a thousand dreadful machinations, and deep political designs, which he imagined to be at the bottom of the promotion of Honour, fortune, who, hitherto seems to have been an utter enemy to his match with Sophia, tried a new method to put a final end to it, by throwing a temptation in the way of Jones, which in his present desperate situation it seemed unlikely he should be able to resist.

## C H A P. XI.

*Containing curious, but not unprecedented matter.*

THERE was a lady, one Mrs Hunt, who had often seen Jones at the house where he lodged, being intimately acquainted with the women there, and indeed a very great friend to Mrs Miller. Her age was about thirty; for she was six and twenty; her face and person very good, only inclining a little too much to be fat. She had been married young by her relations to an old Turkey-merchant, who having got a great fortune, had left off trade. With him she lived without reproach, but not without pain, in a state of great self-denial, for about twelve years; and her virtue was rewarded by his dying and leaving her very rich. The first year of her widowhood was just at an end, and she had past it in a good deal of retirement, seeing only a few particular friends, and dividing her time between her devotions and novels, of which she was always extremely fond. Very good health, a very warm constitution, and a great deal of religion, made it absolutely necessary for her to marry again; and she resolved to please herself in her second husband, as she had done her friends in the first. From her the following billet was brought to Jones:

“ S I R,

“ From the first day I saw you I doubt my eyes have  
“ told you too plainly, that you were not indifferent to  
“ me; but neither my tongue nor my hand should have  
“ ever avowed it, had not the ladies of the family where  
“ you

“ you are lodged given me such a character of you, and  
“ told me such proofs of your virtue and goodness, as  
“ convince me you are not only the most agreeable, but  
“ the most worthy of men. I have also the satisfaction  
“ to hear from them, that neither my person, un-  
“ derstanding, or character, are disagreeable to you. I  
“ have a fortune sufficient to make us both happy, but  
“ which cannot make me so without you. In thus  
“ disposing of myself I know I shall incur the censure of  
“ the world; but if I did not love you more than I fear  
“ the world, I should not be worthy of you. One only  
“ difficulty stops me; I am informed you are engaged  
“ in a commerce of gallantry with a woman of fashion.  
“ If you think it worth while to sacrifice that to the  
“ possession of me, I am your's; if not, forget my weak-  
“ ness, and let this remain an eternal secret between you  
“ and

ARABELLA HUNT.”

At the reading of this, Jones was put into a violent flutter. His fortune was then at a very low ebb, the source being stopt from which hitherto he had been supplied. Of all he had received from Lady Bellaston not above five guineas remained, and that very morning he had been dunned by a tradesman for twice that sum. His honourable mistress was in the hands of her father, and he had scarce any hopes ever to get her out of them again. To be subsisted at her expence from that little fortune she had independent of her father, went much against the delicacy both of his pride and his love. This lady's fortune would have been exceedingly convenient to him, and he could have no objection to her in any respect. On the contrary, he liked her as well as he did any woman, except Sophia. But to abandon Sophia, and marry another, that was impossible; he could not think of it upon any account. Yet why should he not, since it was plain she could not be his? Would it not be kinder to her, than to continue her longer engaged in a hopeless passion for him? Ought he not to do so in friendship to her? This notion prevailed some moments, and he had almost determined to be false to her from a high point

point of honour: but that refinement was not able to stand very long against the voice of nature, which cried in his heart, that such friendship was treason to love. At last he called for pen, ink, and paper, and writ as follows to Mrs Hunt :

“ MADAM,

“ It would be but a poor return to the favour you  
“ have done me, to sacrifice any gallantry to the posse-  
“ sion of you, and I would certainly do it, though I  
“ were not disengaged, as at present I am, from any af-  
“ fair of that kind. But I should not be the honest man  
“ you think me, if I did not tell you, that my affections  
“ are engaged to another, who is a woman of virtue, and  
“ one that I never can leave, though it is probable I shall  
“ never possess her. God forbid, that in return of your  
“ kindness to me, I should do you such an injury, as to  
“ give you my hand, when I cannot give my heart. No,  
“ I had much rather starve than be guilty of that. Even  
“ though my mistress were married to another, I would  
“ not marry you unless my heart had entirely effaced all  
“ impressions of her. Be assured that your secret was  
“ not more safe in your own breast, than in that of

“ Your most obliged and

“ Grateful humble servant,

“ T. JONES.”

When our hero had finished and sent this letter, he went to his scrutore, took out Miss Western's muff, kis-  
sed it several times, and then strutted some turns about his room, with more satisfaction of mind than ever any Irishman felt in carrying off a fortune of fifty thousand pounds.

## CHAP. XII.

*A discovery made by Partridge.*

WHILE Jones was exulting in the consciousness of his integrity, Partridge came capering into the room, as was his custom when he brought, or fancied he

he brought, any good tidings. He had been dispatched that morning by his master, with orders to endeavour, by the servants of Lady Bellafon, or by any other means, to discover whether Sophia had been conveyed; and he now returned, and with a joyful countenance told our hero, that he had found the lost bird. "I have seen, " Sir," says he, " Black George, the game-keeper, who " is one of the servants whom the 'squire hath brought " with him to town. I knew him presently, though I " have not seen him these several years; but you know, " Sir, he is a very remarkable man, or, to use a purer " phrase, he hath a most remarkable beard, the largest " and blackest I ever saw. It was some time, however, " before Black George could recollect me."— " Well, " but what is your good news?" cries Jones; " What " do you know of my Sophia?"— " You shall know " presently, Sir," answered Partridge, " I am coming " to it as fast as I can.— You are so impatient, Sir; you " would come at the infinitive mood before you can get " to the imperative. As I was saying, Sir, it was some " time before he recollect my face."— " Confound " your face," cries Jones, " what of my Sophia?"— " Nay, Sir," answered Partridge, " I know nothing " more of Madam Sophia than what I am going to tell " you; and I should have told you all before this, if you " had not interrupted me; but if you look so angry at " me, you will frighten all of it out of my head, or, to " use a purer phrase, out of my memory. I never saw " you look so angry since the day we left Upton, which " I shall remember if I was to live a thousand years." " — " Well, pray go on in your own way," said Jones; " you are resolved to make me mad, I find." " Not " for the world," answered Partridge, " I have suffered " enough for that already: which, as I said, I shall bear " in my remembrance the longest day I have to live." " — " Well, but Black George?" cries Jones.— " Well, " Sir, as I was saying, it was a long time before he could " recollect me; for indeed I am very much altered since " I saw him. *Non sum qualis eram.* I have had troubles " in the world, and nothing alters a man so much as " grief.

“ grief. I have heard it will change the colour of a man’s hair in a night. However, at last, know me he did, that’s sure enough ; for we are both of an age, and were in the same charity-school. George was a great dunce, but no matter for that ; all men do not thrive in the world according to their learning. I am sure I have reason to say so ; but it will be all one a thousand year’s hence. Well, Sir, — where was I ? — O — well, we no sooner knew each other, than after many hearty shakes by the hand, we agreed to go to an alehouse and take a pot, and by good luck the beer was some of the best I have met with since I have been in town.—Now, Sir, I am coming to the point ; for no sooner did I name you, and told him that you and I came to town together, and had lived together ever since, than he called for another pot, and swore he would drink to your health ; and indeed he drank your health so heartily, that I was overjoyed to see there was so much gratitude left in the world ; and after we had emptied that pot, I said I would be my pot too, and so we drank another to your health ; and then I made haste home to tell you the news.”

“ What news ?” cries Jones, “ you have not mentioned a word of my Sophia !”—“ Bleſs me ! I had like to have forgot that. Indeed we mentioned a great deal about young Madam Western, and George told me all ; that Mr Blifil is coming to town in order to be married to her. He had best make haste then, says I, or somebody will have her before he comes ; and indeed, says I, Mr Seagrim, it is a thousand pities somebody should not have her ; for he certainly loves her above all the women in the world. I would have both you and she know, that it is not for her fortune he follows her ; for I can assure you as to matter of that, there is another lady, one of much greater quality and fortune than she can pretend to, who is so fond of somebody, that she comes after him day and night.”

Here Jones fell into a passion with Partridge, for having, as he said, betrayed him ; but the poor fellow answered,

swered, "he had mentioned no name : besides, Sir," said he, "I can assure you George is sincerely your friend, " and wished Mr Blifit at the devil more than once ; nay, " he said he would do any thing in his power upon earth " to serve you ; and I am convinced he will.—Betray you " indeed ! why, I question whether you have a better " friend than George upon earth, except myself, or one " that would go farther to serve you."

" Well," says Jones, a little pacified, " you say this fellow, who I believe indeed is enough inclined to be " my friend, lives in the same house with Sophia?"

" In the same house!" answered Partridge ; " why, " Sir, he is one of the servants of the family, and very " well drest I promise you he is ; if it was not for his " black beard, you would hardly know him."

" One service then at least he may do me," says Jones : " sure he can certainly convey a letter to my " Sophia."

" You have hit the nail *ad unguem*," cries Partridge : " How came I not to think of it ? I will engage he shall " do it upon the very first mentioning."

" Well then," said Jones, " do you leave me at present, and I will write a letter which you shall deliver " to him to-morrow morning, for I suppose you know " where to find him."

" O yes, Sir," answered Partridge, " I shall certainly " find him again ; there is no fear of that. The liquor " is too good for him to stay away long. I make no " doubt but he will be there every day he stays in " town."

" So you don't know the street then where my Sophia " is lodged ?" cries Jones.

" Indeed, Sir, I do," says Partridge.

" What is the name of the street ?" cries Jones.

" The name, Sir !" why here, Sir, just by," answered Partridge, " not above a street or two off. I don't " indeed know the very name ; for, as he never told me, " if I had asked, you know it might have put some sus- " picion into his head. No, no, Sir, let me alone for " that. I am too cunning for that, I promise you."

" Thou

"Thou art most wonderfully cunning indeed," replied Jones; "however, I will write to my charmer, since I believe you will be cunning enough to find him to-morrow at the alehouse."

And now, having dismissed the sagacious Partridge, Mr Jones sat himself down to write, in which employment we shall leave him for a time. And here we put an end to the fifteenth book.

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THE  
HISTORY  
OF A  
FOUNDLING.

BOOK XVI.

CONTAINING THE SPACE OF FIVE DAYS.

CHAP. I.

*Of Prologues.*

**I**HAVE heard of a dramatic writer who used to say, he would rather write a play than a prologue; in like manner, I think, I can with less pains write one of the books of this history, than the prefatory chapter to each of them.

To say the truth, I believe many a hearty curse hath been devoted on the head of the author, who first instituted the method of prefixing to his play that portion of matter which is called the Prologue; and which at first was part of the piece itself, but of later years hath had usually so little connexion with the drama before which it stands, that the prologue at one play might as well serve for any other. Those indeed of more modern date seem all to be written on the same three topics, viz. an abuse of the taste of the town, a condemnation of all contemporary authors, and an eulogium on the performance just about to be represented. The sentiments in all these are very little varied, nor is it possible they should; and indeed I have often wondered at the great invention of authors, who have been capable of finding such various phrases to express the same thing.

In

In like manner, I apprehend some future historian (if any one shall do me the honour of imitating my manner) will, after much scratching his pate, bestow some good wishes on my memory, for having first established these several initial chapters; most of which, like modern prologues, may as properly be prefixed to any other book in this history as to that which they introduce, or indeed to any other history, as to this.

But however authors may suffer by either of these inventions, the reader will find sufficient emolument in the one, as the spectator hath long found in the other.

First, it is well known that the prologue serves the critic for an opportunity to try his faculty of hissing, and to tune his cat-call to the best advantage; by which means, I have known those musical instruments so well prepared, that they have been able to play in full concert at the first rising of the curtain.

The same advantages may be drawn from these chapters, in which the critic will be always sure of meeting with something that may serve as a whetstone to his noble spirit; so that he may fall with a more hungry appetite for censure on the history itself. And here his sagacity must make it needless to observe how artfully these chapters are calculated for that excellent purpose; for in these we have always taken care to intersperse somewhat of the sour or acid kind, in order to sharpen and stimulate the said spirit of criticism.

Again, the indolent reader, as well as spectator, finds great advantage from both these; for, as they are not obliged either to see the one or read the others, and both the play and the book are thus protracted; by the former they have a quarter of an hour longer allowed them to sit at dinner, and by the latter they have the advantage of beginning to read at the fourth or fifth page instead of the first; a matter by no means of trivial consequence to persons who read books with no other view than to say they have read them, a more general motive to reading than is commonly imagined; and from which not only law books and good books, but the pages of Homer and Virgil, of Swift and Cervantes, have been often turned over.

Many

Many other are the emoluments which arise from both these, but they are for the most part so obvious, that we shall not at present stay to enumerate them; especially since it occurs to us that the principal merit of both the prologue and the preface is, that they be short.

## C H A P II.

*A whimsical Adventure which beset the 'Squire, with the distressed situation of Sophia.*

WE must now convey the reader to Mr Western's lodgings, which were in Piccadilly, where he was placed by the recommendation of the landlord at the Hercules Pillars at Hyde-Park-Corner; for at the inn, which was the first he saw on his arrival in town, he placed his horses, and in those lodgings, which were the first he heard of, he deposited himself.

Here when Sophia alighted from the hackney-coach which brought her from the house of Lady Bellafon, she desired to retire to the apartment provided for her, to which her father very readily agreed, and whither he attended her himself. A short dialogue, neither very material nor pleasant to relate minutely, then passed between them, in which he pressed her vehemently to give her consent to the marriage with Blifil, who, as he acquainted her, was to be in town in a few days; but instead of complying, she gave a more peremptory and resolute refusal than she had everdone before. This so incensed her father, that after many bitter vows that he would force her to have him whether she would or no, he departed from her with many hard words and curses, locked the door, and put the key into his pocket.

While Sophia was left with no other company than what attend the close state prisoner, namely, fire, and candle, the 'squire sat down to regale himself over a bottle of wine, with his parson and the landlord of the Hercules Pillars, who, as the 'squire said, would make an excellent third man, and could inform them of the news of the town, and how affairs went; for to be sure, says he, he knows a great deal, since the horses of many of the quality stand at his house.

In

In this agreeable society Mr Western past that evening and great part of the succeeding day, during which period nothing happened of sufficient consequence to find a place in this history. All this time Sophia past by herself; for her father swore she should never come out of her chamber alive, unless she first consented to marry Blifil; nor did he ever suffer the door to be unlocked, unless to convey her food, on which occasions he always attended himself.

The second morning after his arrival, while he and the parson were at breakfast together on a toast and tankard, he was informed that a gentleman was below to wait on him.

“ A gentleman !” quoth the ’squire, “ who the devil can he be ? Do, doctor, go down and see who ’tis. “ Mr Blifil can hardly be come to town yet.—Go down, “ do, and know what his busines is.”

The doctor returned with an account that it was a very well drest man, and, by the ribbon in his hat, he took him for an officer of the army ; that he said he had some particular busines, which he could deliver to none but Mr Western himself.

“ An officer !” cries the ’squire, “ what can any such fellow have to do with me ? If he wants an order for “ baggage-waggons, I am no justice of peace here, nor “ can I grant a warrant.—Let un come up then, if he “ must speak to me,”

A very genteel man now entered the room ; who having made his compliments to the ’squire, and desired the favour of being alone with him, delivered himself as follows :

“ Sir, I come to wait upon you by the command of “ my Lord Fellamar, but with a very different message “ from what I suppose you expect, after what past the “ other night.”

“ My Lord who ?” cries the ’squire ; “ I never heard “ the name o’ un.”

“ His lordship,” said the gentleman, “ is willing to “ impute every thing to the effect of liquor, and the “ most trifling acknowledgment of that kind will set “ every thing right ; for, as he hath the most violent at- “ tachment

“ tachment to your daughter, you, Sir, are the last person upon earth from whom he would resent an affront ; and happy is it for you both, that he hath given such public demonstrations of his courage, as to be able to put up an affair of this kind, without danger of any imputation on his honour. All he desires, therefore, is, that you will before me make some acknowledgment : the slightest in the world will be sufficient ; and he intends this afternoon to pay his respects to you, in order to obtain your leave of visiting the young lady on the footing of a lover.”

“ I don’t understand much of what you say, Sir,” said the Squire ; “ but I suppose, by what you talk about my daughter, that this is the lord which my cousin Lady Bellaston mentioned to me, and said something about his courting my daughter. If so be, that how, that be the case—you may give my service to his lordship, and tell un the girl is disposed of already.”

“ Perhaps, Sir,” said the gentleman, “ you are not sufficiently apprized of the greatness of this offer. I believe such a person, title, and fortune, would be nowhere refused.”

“ Looke, Sir,” answered the Squire, “ to be very plain, my daughter is bespoke already ; but, if she was not, I would not marry her to a lord on any account ; I hate all lords ; they are a parcel of courtiers and Hanoverians, and I will have nothing to do with them.”

“ Well, Sir,” said the gentleman, “ if that is your resolution, the message I am to deliver to you is, that my lord desires the favour of your company this morning in Hyde-Park.”

“ You may tell my lord,” answered the Squire, “ that I am busy, and cannot come. I have enough to look after at home, and can’t stir abroad on any account.”

“ I am sure, Sir,” quoth the other, “ you are too much a gentleman to send such a message ; you will not, I am convinced, have it said of you that, after having affronted a noble peer, you refuse him satisfaction. His lordship would have been willing, from his great regard to the young lady, to have made up

“ matters

" matters in another way ; but unless he is to look on  
" you as a father, his honour will not suffer his putting  
" up such an indignity, as you must be sensible you of-  
" fered him."

" I offered him," cries the 'squire ; " it is a d—n'd  
" lie, I never offered him any thing."

Upon these words the gentleman returned a very short verbal rebuke, and this he accompanied at the same time with some manual remonstrances, which no sooner reached the ears of Mr Western, than that worthy 'squire began to caper very briskly about the room, bellowing at the same time with all his might, as desirous to summon a great number of spectators to behold his agitancy.

The parson, who had left great part of the tankard unfinished, was not retired far ; he immediately attended therefore on the 'squire's vociferation, crying, " Blefs  
" me ! Sir, what's the matter ?" — " Matter !" quoth the 'squire, " here's a highwayman, I believe, who wants  
" to rob and murder me — for he hath fallen upon me  
" with that stick there in his hand, when I with I may  
" be d—n'd if I gid un the least provocation."

" How, Sir," said the captain, " did you not tell me  
" I ly'd ?"

" No, as I hope to be saved," answered the 'squire.  
" I believe I might say, 'Twas a lie that I had offered  
" any affront to my lord ; — — but I never said  
" the word you lie — — I understand myself better,  
" and you might have understood yourself better, than  
" to fall upon a naked man. If I had a stick in my  
" hand you woud not have dared to strike me. I'd  
" have knocked thy lantern jaws about thy ears. Come  
" down into yard this minute, and I'll take a bout with  
" thee at single stick for a broken head, that I will ; or I  
" will go into naked room and box thee for a belly-full.  
" At unt half a man, at unt I'm sure."

The captain with some indignation replied, " I see,  
" Sir, you are below my notice, and I shall inform his  
" lordship you are below his.—I am sorry I have dirtied  
" my fingers with you." — At which words he withdrew,  
the parson interposing to prevent the 'squire from stop-  
ing him, in which he easily prevailed, as the other, tho'

he made some efforts for the purpose, did not seem very violently bent on success. However, when the captain was departed, the 'squire sent many curses, and some menaces after him; but as these did not set out from his lips till the officer was at the bottom of the stairs, and grew louder and louder as he was more and more remote, they did not reach his ears, or at least did not retard his departure.

Poor Sophia, however, who in her prison heard all her father's outcries from first to last, began now first to thunder with her foot, and afterwards to scream as loudly as the old gentleman himself had done before, though in a much sweeter voice. These screams soon silenced the 'squire, and turned all his considerations towards his daughter, whom he loved so tenderly, that the least apprehension of any harm happening to her, threw him presently into agonies: for, except in that single instance in which the whole future happiness of her life was concerned, she was sovereign mistress of his inclinations.

Having ended his rage against the captain, with swearing he would take the law of him, the 'squire now mounted up stairs to Sophia, whom, as soon as he had unlocked and opened the door, he found all pale and breathless. The moment, however, that she saw her father, she collected all her spirits, and catching hold of him by the hand, she cried passionately "O my dear Sir, I am almost frightened to death; I hope to Heaven no harm hath happened to you."—"No, no," cries the 'squire, "no great harm. The rascal hath not hurt me much, but rat me if I don't ha' the la o'un." "Pray, dear Sir," says she, "tell me what's the matter; who is it that hath insulted you?" "I don't know the name o'un," answered Western; "some officer fellow I suppose, that we are to pay for beating us; but I'll make him pay this bout, if the rascal hath got any thing, which I suppose he hath not; for, thof he was drest out so vine, I question whether he had got a voot of land in the world." "But, dear Sir," cries she, "what was the occasion of your quarrel?" "What should it be, Sophy?" answered the 'squire, "but about you, Sophy. All my misfortunes are about you;

" you

" you will be the death of your poor father at last.  
" Here's a varlet of a lord, the Lord knows who for-  
" sooth! who hath taan a liking to you, and because I  
" would not gi un my consent, he sent me a kallenge.  
" Come, do be a good girl, Sophy, and put an end to  
" all your father's troubles; come do' consent to ha' un;  
" he will be in town within this day or two; do but pro-  
" mize me to marry un as soon as he comes, and you  
" will make me the happiest man in the world, and I  
" will make you the happiest woman; you shall have the  
" finest clothes in London, and the finest jewels, and a  
" coach and fix at your command. I promised Allwor-  
" thy already to give up half my estate.—Odrabbit it!  
" I should hardly stick at giving up the whole. " Will  
" my papa be so kind," says she, " as to hear me speak!"  
— " Why wout ask, Sophy?" cries he, " when dost  
" know I had rather hear thy voice than the music of  
" the best pack of dogs in England.—Hear thee, my  
" dear little girl! I hope I shall hear thee as long as I  
" live: for, if ever I was to lose that pleasure, I would  
" not gee a brass varden to live a moment longer. In-  
" deed, Sophy, you do not know how I love you; in-  
" deed you don't, or you never could have run away  
" and left your poor father, who hath no other joy, no  
" other comfort upon earth but his little Sophy." At  
these words the tears stood in his eyes; and Sophia (with  
the tears streaming from hers) answered, " Indeed, my  
" dear papa, I know you have loved me tenderly, and  
" Heaven is my witnes how sincerely I have returned  
" your affection; nor could any thing, but an appre-  
" hension of being forced into the arms of this man, have  
" driven me to run from a father whom I love so pas-  
" sionately, that I would with pleasure sacrifice my life  
" to his happinefs; nay, I have endeavoured to reason  
" myself into doing more, and had almost worked up a  
" resolution to endure the most miserable of all lives, to  
" comply with your inclination. It was that resolution  
" alone to which I could not force my mind; nor can I  
" ever." Here the 'squire began to look wild, and the  
foam appeared at his lips, which Sophia observing, begged  
to be heard out, and then proceeded, " If my fa-

“ ther’s life, his health, or any real happiness of his,  
“ was at stake, here stands your resolved daughter : May  
“ Heaven blast me, if there is a misery I would not suf-  
“ fer to preserve you.—No, that most detested, most  
“ loathsome of all lots would I embrace. I would give  
“ my hand to Blifil for your sake.”—“ I tell thee, it  
“ will preserve me,” answers the father ; “ it will gee  
“ me health, happiness, life, every thing.—Upon my  
“ soul, I shall die if dost refuse me : I shall break my  
“ heart ; I shall upon my soul.”—“ Is it possible,” says  
she, “ you can have such a desire to make me miserable?”  
“ I tell thee noa,” answered he loudly ; “ my whole de-  
“ fire is to make thee happy : Me ! d—n me if there is  
“ a thing upon earth I would not do to fee thee happy?”  
—“ And will not my dear papa allow me to have the  
“ least knowledge of what will make me so ? If it be true  
“ that happiness consists in opinion, what must be my  
“ condition, when I shall think myself the most miser-  
“ able of all the wretches upon earth ?” “ Better think  
“ yourself so,” said he, “ than know it by being married  
“ to a poor bastardly vagabond.” “ If it will content  
“ you, Sir,” said Sophia, “ I will give you the most so-  
“ lemn promise never to marry him nor any other, while  
“ my papa lives, without his consent. Let me dedicate  
“ my whole life to your service ; let me be again your  
“ poor Sophy, and my whole businels and pleasure be,  
“ as it hath been, to please and divert you.” “ Looke,  
“ Sophy,” answered the ’squire, “ I am not to be chou-  
“ sed in this manner. Your aunt Western would then  
“ have reason to think me the fool she doth.” “ No,  
“ no, Sophy, I’d have you to know I have got more  
“ wisdom, and know more of the world, than to take  
“ the word of a woman in a matter where a man is con-  
“ cerned.” “ How, Sir, have I deserved this want of  
“ confidence ?” said she. “ Have I ever broke a single  
“ promise to you ? or have I ever been found guilty of a  
“ falsehood from my cradle ?” “ Looke, Sophy,” cries  
he, “ that’s neither here nor there. I am determined  
“ upon this match, and have him you shall : d—n me,  
“ if that unt. D—n me, if that unt, tho’ dost hang  
“ thyself next morning.” At repeating these words, he  
clenched

clenched his fist, knit his brows, bit his lips, and thundered so loud, that the poor, afflicted, terrified Sophia, sunk trembling into her chair, and, had not a flood of tears come immediately to her relief, perhaps worse had followed.

Western beheld the deplorable condition of his daughter with no more contrition or remorse, than the turnkey of Newgate feels at viewing the agonies of a tender wife, when taking her last farewell of her condemned husband; or rather, he looked down on her with the same emotions, which arise in an honest fair tradesman, who sees his debtor dragged to prison for 10*l.* which, though a just debt, the wretch is wickedly unable to pay: or, to hit the case still more nearly, he felt the same compunction with a bawd, when some poor innocent, whom she hath insnared into her hands, falls into fits at the first proposal of what is called seeing company. Indeed this resemblance would be exact, was it not that the bawd hath an interest in what she doth, and the father, though perhaps he may blindly think otherwise, can in reality have none in urging his daughter to almost an equal prostitution.

In this condition he left his poor Sophia, and, departing with a very vulgar observation on the effect of tears, he locked the room, and returned to the parson, who said every thing he durst in behalf of the young lady, which, though perhaps it was not quite so much as his duty required, yet was it sufficient to throw the 'squire into a violent rage, and into many indecent reflections on the whole body of the clergy, which we have too great an honour for that sacred function to commit to paper.

### C H A P. III.

*What happened to Sophia during her confinement.*

THE landlady of the house where the 'squire lodged had begun very early to entertain a strange opinion of her guests. However, as she was informed that the 'squire was a man of a vast fortune, and as she had taken care to exact a very extraordinary price for her rooms,

rooms, she did not think proper to give any offence; for though she was not without some concern for the confinement of poor Sophia, of whose great sweetness of temper and affability the maid of the house had made so favourable a report, which was confirmed by all the 'squire's servants, yet she had much more concern for her own interest, than to provoke one, whom, as she said, she perceived to be a very hasty kind of a gentleman.

Though Sophia ate but little, yet she was regularly served with her meals: Indeed, I believe, if she had liked any one rarity, that the 'squire, however angry, would have spared neither pains nor cost to have procured it for her, since, however strange it may appear to some of my readers, he really doated on his daughter, and to give her any kind of pleasure was the highest satisfaction of his life.

The dinner-hour being arrived, Black George carried her up a pullet, the 'squire himself (for he had sworn not to part with the key) attending the door. As George deposited the dish, some compliments passed between him and Sophia, (for he had not seen her since she left the country, and he treated every servant with more respect, than some persons shew to those who are in a very slight degree their inferiors). Sophia would have had him take the pullet back, saying she could not eat; but George begged her to try, and particularly recommended to her the eggs, of which he said it was full.

All this time the 'squire was waiting at the door; but George was a great favourite with his master, as his employment was in concerns of the highest nature, namely about the game, and was accustomed to take many liberties. He had officiously carried up the dinner, being, as he said, very desirous to see his young lady; he made therefore no scruple of keeping his master standing above ten minutes, while civilities were passing between him and Sophia; for which he received only a good humoured rebuke at the door when he returned.

The eggs of pullets, partridges, pheasants, &c. were, as George well knew, the most favourite dainties of Sophia. It was therefore no wonder that he, who was a very

very good natured fellow, should take care to supply her with this kind of delicacy, at a time when all the servants in the house were afraid she would be starved, for she had scarce swallowed a single morsel in the last forty hours.

Though vexation hath not the same effect on all persons as it usually hath on a widow, whose appetite it often renders sharper than it can be rendered by the air on Bansted Downs, or Salisbury plain, yet the sublimest grief, notwithstanding what some people may say to the contrary, will eat at last: and Sophia herself, after some little consideration, began to dissect the fowl, which she found to be as full of eggs as George had reported it.

But, if she was pleased with these, it contained something which would have delighted the Royal Society much more; for if a fowl with three legs be so invaluable a curiosity, when perhaps time hath produced a thousand such, at what price shall we esteem a bird, which so totally contradicts all the laws of animal economy, as to contain a letter in its belly? Ovid tells us of a flower, into which Hyacinthus was metamorphosed, that bears letters on its leaves, which Virgil recommended as a miracle to the Royal Society of his day: but no age nor nation hath ever recorded a bird with a letter in its maw.

But though a miracle of this kind might have engaged all the *academies des sciences* in Europe, and perhaps in a fruitless inquiry, yet the reader, by barely recollecting the last dialogue which passed between Messieurs Jones and Partridge, will be very easily satisfied from whence this letter came, and how it found its passage into the fowl.

Sophia, notwithstanding her long fast, and notwithstanding her favourite dish was there before her, no sooner saw the letter than she immediately snatched it up, tore it open, and read as follows;

“ MADAM,

“ Was I not sensible to whom I have the honour of writing, I should endeavour, however difficult, to paint the horrors of my mind at the account brought me by Mrs Honour: but as tenderness alone can have any true idea of the pangs which tenderness is capable of

“ feeling,

“ feeling, so can this most amiable quality, which my Sophia possesses in the most eminent degree, sufficiently inform her what her Jones must have suffered on this melancholy occasion. Is there a circumstance in the world which can heighten my agonies, when I hear of any misfortune which hath befallen you? Surely there is one only, and with that I am accursed. It is, my Sophia, the dreadful consideration that I am myself the wretched cause. Perhaps I here do myself too much honour; but none will envy me an honour which costs me so extremely dear. Pardon me this presumption, and pardon me a greater still, if I ask you whether my advice, my assistance, my presence, my absence, my death, or my tortures, can bring you any relief? Can the most perfect admiration, the most watchful observance, the most ardent love, the most melting tenderness, the most resigned submission to your will, make you amends for what you are to sacrifice to my happiness? If they can, fly, my lovely angel, to those arms which are ever open to receive and protect you; and to which, whether you bring yourself alone, or the riches of the world with you, is in my opinion an alternative not worth regarding. If, on the contrary, wisdom shall predominate, and, on the most mature reflection, inform you, that the sacrifice is too great; and if there be no way left to reconcile you to your father, and restore the peace of your dear mind, but by abandoning me, I conjure you drive me for ever from your thoughts, exert your resolution, and let no compassion for my sufferings bear the least weight in that tender bosom. Believe me, Madam, I so sincerely love you better than myself, that my great and principal end is your happiness. My first wish (why would not fortune indulge me in it?) was, and pardon me if I say, still is, to see you every moment the happiest of women; my second wish is, to hear you are so; but no misery on earth can equal mine, while I think you owe an uneasy moment to him who is,

“ MADAM,

“ In every sense, and to every purpose,

“ your devoted,

“ THOMAS JONES.”

What

What Sophia said, or did, or thought, upon this letter, how often she read it, or whether more than once, shall all be left to our reader's imagination. The answer to it he may perhaps see hereafter, but not at present, for this reason amon<sup>r</sup> others, that she did not now write any, and that for several good causes, one of which was this, she had no paper, pen, nor ink.

In the evening, while Sophia was meditating on the letter she had received, or on something else, a violent noise from below disturbed her meditations. This noise was no other than a round bout at altercation between two persons. One of the combatants, by his voice, she immediately distinguished to be her father; but she did not so soon discover the shriller pipes to belong to the organ of her aunt Western, who had just arrived in town, where having by means of one of her servants, who stopt at the Hercules Pillars, learnt where her brother lodged, she drove directly to his lodgings.

We shall therefore take our leave at present of Sophia, and, with our usual good breeding, attend her ladyship.

#### CHAP. IV.

*In which Sophia is delivered from her confinement.*

THE 'squire and the parson (for the landlord was now otherwise engaged) were smoaking their pipes together, when the arrival of the lady was first signified. The 'squire no sooner heard her name, than he immediately ran down to usher her up stairs; for he was a great observer of such ceremonials, especially to his sister, of whom he stood more in awe than of any other human creature, though he never would own this, nor did he perhaps know it himself.

Mrs Western, on her arrival in the dining-room, having flung herself into a chair, began thus to harangue: " Well, surely no one ever had such an intolerable journey. I think the roads, since so many turnpike acts, are grown worse than ever. La, brother, how could you get into this odious place? no person of condition,

“ I dare swear, ever set foot here before.” “ I don’t  
“ know,” cries the ’squire, “ I think they will do well  
“ enough; it was landlord recommended them. I  
“ thought as he knew most of the quality, he could  
“ best shew me where to get among um.” “ Well, and  
“ where’s my niece?” says the lady. “ Have you been  
“ to wait upon lady Bellaston yet?” “ Ay, ay,” cries  
the ’squire, “ your niece is safe enough: she is up stairs  
“ in chamber.” “ How,” answered the lady, “ is my  
“ niece in this house, and doth she not know of my  
“ being here?” “ No, nobody can well get to her,”  
says the ’squire, “ for she is under lock and key. I  
“ have her safe; I vetched her from my lady cousin the  
“ first night I came to town, and I have taken care o’  
“ her ever since; she is as secure as a fox in a bag, I pro-  
“ mize you.” “ Good Heaven!” returned Mrs Western, “ what do I hear! I thought what a fine piece  
“ of work would be the consequence of my consent to  
“ your coming to town yourself; nay, it was indeed  
“ your own head-strong will, nor can I charge myself  
“ with having ever consented to it. Did not you pro-  
“ mize me, brother, that you would take none of these  
“ headstrong measures? Was it not by these headstrong  
“ measures that you forced my niece to run away from  
“ you into the country? Have you a mind to oblige her  
“ to take such another step?” “ Z——ds and the de-  
“ vil,” cries the ’squire, dashing his pipe on the ground;  
“ did ever mortal hear the like? when I expected you  
“ would have commended me for all I have done, to  
“ be fallen upon in this manner!” “ How! brother,”  
said the lady, “ have I ever given you the least reason to  
“ imagine I should commend you for locking up your  
“ daughter? Have I not often told you, that women in  
“ a free country are not to be treated with such arbitra-  
“ ry power? We are as free as the men, and I heartily  
“ wish I could not say we deserve that freedom better.  
“ If you expect I should stay a monent longer in this  
“ wretched house, or that I should ever own you again as  
“ a relation, or that I should ever trouble myself again  
“ with the affairs of your family, I insist upon it that  
“ my niece be set at liberty this instant.” This she

spoke

spoke with so commanding an air, standing with her back to the fire, with one hand behind her, and a pinch of snuff in the other, that I question whether Thalestris at the head of her Amazons ever made a more tremendous figure. It is no wonder therefore that the poor 'squire was not proof against the awe which she inspired. "There," he cried, throwing down the key, "there it is, do whatever you please. I intended only to have kept her up till Blifil came to town; which can't be long; and now, if any harm happens in the mean time, remember who is to be blamed for it."

"I will answer it with all my life," cries Mrs Western, "but I shall not intermeddle at all; unless upon one condition, and that is, that you will commit the whole entirely to my care, without taking any one measure yourself, unless I shall eventually appoint you to act. If you ratify these preliminaries, brother, I yet will endeavour to preserve the honour of your family; if not, I shall continue in a neutral state."

"I pray you, good Sir," said the Parson, "permit yourself this once to be admonished by her ladyship; peradventure by communing with young Madam Sophia, she will effect more than you have been able to perpetrate by more vigorous measures."

"What, dost thee open upon me?" cries the 'squire. "If thee dost begin to babble, I shall whip thee in presently."

"Fie, brother," answered the lady, "is this language to a clergyman? Mr Supple is a man of sense and gives you the best advice: and the whole world, I believe, will concur in his opinion; but I must tell you, I expect an immediate answer to my categorical proposals. Either cede your daughter to my disposal, or take her wholly to your own surprising discretion, and then I here, before Mr Supple, evacuate the garrison, and renounce you and your family for ever."

"I pray you, let me be a mediator," cries the Parson, "let me supplicate you."

"Why, there lies the key on the table," cries the 'squire; "she may take un up, if she pleases; who hind'rs her?"

“ No brother,” answered the lady, “ I insist on the formality of its being delivered me, with a full ratification of all the concessions stipulated.”

“ Why then I will deliver it to you.—There 'tis,” cries the 'squire. “ I am sure, sister, you can't accuse me of ever denying to trust my daughter to you. She hath lived wi' you a whole year and nuore at a time, without my ever zeeing her.”

“ And it would have been happy for her,” answered the lady, “ if she had always lived with me. Nothing of this kind would have happened under my eye.”

“ Ay, certainly,” cries he; “ I only am to blame.”

“ Why, you are to blame, brother,” answered she: “ I have been often obliged to tell you so, and shall always be obliged to tell you so. However, I hope you will now amend, and gather so much experience from past errors, as not to defeat my wisest machinations by your blunders. Indeed, brother, you are not qualified for these negotiations. All your whole scheme of politics is wrong. I once more, therefore, insist, that you do not intermeddle. Remember only what is past.”—

“ Z—ds and bli—d, sister,” cries the 'squire, “ What would you have me say? You are enough to provoke the devil.”

“ There now,” said she, “ just according to the old custom. I see, brother, there is no talking to you. I will appeal to Mr Supple, who is a man of sense, if I said any thing which could put any human creature into a passion; but you are so wrong-headed every way.”

“ Let me beg you, Madam,” said the parson, “ not to irritate his worship.”

“ Irritate him?” said the lady;—“ Sure you are as great a fool as himself. Well, brother, since you have promised not to interfere, I will once more undertake the management of my niece. Lord have mercy upon all affairs which are under the direction of men. The head of one woman is worth a thousand of yours.” And now having summoned a servant to shew her to Sophia, she departed, bearing the key with her.

She

She was no sooner gone, than the 'squire (having first shut the door,) ejaculated twenty bitches, and as many hearty curses against her, not sparing himself for having ever thought of her estate ; but added, " Now one hath been a slave so long, it would be a pity to lose it at last, for want of holding out a little longer.—The bitch can't live for ever, and I know I am down for it in the will."

The parson greatly commended this resolution ; and now the 'squire having ordered in another bottle, which was his usual method when any thing either pleased or vexed him, did, by drinking plentifully of this medicinal julap, so totally wash away his choler, that his temper was become perfectly placid and serene, when Mrs Western returned with Sophia into the room. The young lady had on her hat and capuchin, and the aunt acquainted Mr Western, " that she intended to take her niece with her to her own lodgings; for indeed, brother," says she, " these rooms are not fit to receive a christian soul in."

" Very well, Madam," quoth Western, " whatever you please. The girl can never be in better hands than yours ; and the parson here can do me the justice to say, that I have said fifty times behind your back, that you was one of the most sensible women in the world."

" To this," cries the parson, " I am ready to bear testimony."

" Nay, brother," says Mrs Western, " I have always, I'm sure, given you as favourable a character. You must own you have a little too much hastiness in your temper ; but when you will allow yourself time to reflect, I never knew a man more reasonable."

" Why then, sister, if you think so," said the 'squire, " here's your good health with all my heart. I am a little passionate sometimes, but I scorn to bear any malice. Sophy, do you be a good girl, and do every thing your aunt orders you."

" I have not the least doubt of her," answered Mrs Western. " She hath already an example before her eyes, in the behaviour of that wretch her cousin Har-

" riët,

“ riet, who ruined herself by neglecting my advice.—  
 “ O brother, what think you? You was hardly gone  
 “ out of hearing, when you set out for London, when  
 “ who should arrive but that impudent fellow with the  
 “ odious Irish name—that Fitzpatrick. He broke in ab-  
 “ ruptly upon me without notice, or I would not have  
 “ seen him. He ran on in a long, unintelligible story  
 “ about his wife, to which he forced me to give him a  
 “ hearing; but I made him very little answer, and deli-  
 “ vered him the letter from his wife, which I bid him  
 “ answer himself. I suppose the wretch will endeavour  
 “ to find us out; but I beg you will not see her, for I  
 “ am determined I will not.”

“ I zee her,” answered the 'squire; “ you need not  
 “ fear me. I'll gee no encouragement to such undutiful  
 “ wenches. It was well for the fellow her husband I was  
 “ not at home. Od rabbit it, he should have taken a  
 “ dance thru the horse-pond, I promise un. You zee,  
 “ Sophy, what undutifulness brings volks to. You have  
 “ an example in your own family.”

“ Brother,” cries the aunt, “ you need not shock my  
 “ nieee by such odious repetitions. Why will you not  
 “ leave every thing entirely to me?” “ Well, well; I  
 “ wull, I wull,” said the 'squire.

And now Mrs Western, luckily for Sophia, put an end to the conversation, by ordering chairs to be called. I say luckily; for had it continued much longer, fresh matter of dissention would, most probably, have arisen between the brother and sister; between whom education and sex made the only difference; for both were equally violent, and equally positive; they had both a vast affection for Sophia, and both a sovereign contempt for each other.

### C H A P. V.

*In which Jones receives a letter from Sophia, and goes to a play with Mrs Miller and Partridge.*

**T**HE arrival of Black George in town, and the good offices which that grateful fellow had promised

to do for his old benefactor, greatly comforted Jones in the midst of all the anxiety and uneasiness which he had suffered on the account of Sophia, from whom, by the means of the said George he received the following answer to his letter which Sophia, to whom the use of pen, ink, and paper was restored with her liberty, wrote the very evening when she departed from her confinement.

“ SIR,

“ As I do not doubt your sincerity in what you write, you will be pleased to hear that some of my afflictions are at an end, by the arrival of my aunt Weston, with whom I am at present, and with whom I enjoy all the liberty I can desire. One promise my aunt hath insisted upon me making, which is, that I will not see or converse with any person without her knowledge and consent. This promise I have most solemnly given, and shall most inviolably keep; and though she hath not expressly forbidden me writing, yet that must be an omission from forgetfulness; or this, perhaps, is included in the word conversing. However, as I cannot but consider this as a breach of her generous confidence in my honour, you cannot expect that I shall, after this, continue to write myself, or to receive letters, without her knowledge. A promise is with me a very sacred thing, and to be extended to every thing understood from it, as well as to what is expressed by it; and this consideration may, perhaps, on reflection, afford you some comfort. But why should I mention a comfort to you of this kind? For though there is one thing in which I can never comply with the best of fathers, yet am I firmly resolved never to act in defiance of him, or to take any step of consequence without his consent. A firm persuasion of this, must teach you to divert your thoughts from what fortune hath (perhaps) made impossible. Tis your own interest persuades you. This may reconcile, I hope, Mr Allworthy to you; and if it will, you have my injunctions to pursue it. Accidents have

“ laid

“ laid some obligations on me, and your good intentions  
 “ probably more. Fortune may, perhaps, be sometimes  
 “ kinder to us both than at present. Believe this, that I  
 “ shall always think of you as I think you deserve,  
 “ and am,

“ SIR,

“ Your obliged humble servant,

“ SOPHIA WESTERN.

“ I charge you write to me no more—at present at  
 “ least: and accept this, which is now of no service to  
 “ me, which I know you must want, and think you  
 “ owe the trifle only to that fortune by which you  
 “ found it\*.”

A child who had just learned his letters would have spelt this letter out in less time than Jones took in reading it. The sensations it occasioned were a mixture of joy and grief; somewhat like what divide the mind of a good man when he peruses the will of his deceased friend, in which a large legacy, which his distresses make the more welcome, is bequeathed to him. Upon the whole, however, he was more pleased than displeased; and indeed the reader may probably wonder that he was displeased at all; but the reader is not quite so much in love as was poor Jones: and love is a disease which, though it may in some instances resemble a consumption, (which it sometimes causes) in others proceeds in direct opposition to it, and particularly in this, that it never flatters itself, or sees any one symptom in a favourable light.

One thing gave him complete satisfaction, which was, that his mistress had regained her liberty, and was now with a lady where she might at least assure herself of a decent treatment. Another comfortable circumstance was the reference which she made to her promise of never marrying any other man: for however disinterested he might imagine his passion, and notwithstanding all the generous overtures made in his letter, I very much question whether he could have heard a more afflicting piece of news, than that Sophia was married to another, tho' the match had been ever so great, and ever so likely to

end

\* Meaning the bank bill for L.100.

end in making her completely happy. That refined degree of Platonic affection which is absolutely detached from the flesh, and is indeed entirely and purely spiritual, is a gift confined to the female part of the creation; many of whom I have heard declare, (and doubtless with great truth) that they would, with the utmost readiness, resign a lover to a rival, when such resignation was proved to be necessary for the temporal interest of such lover. Hence, therefore, I conclude, that this affection is in nature, though I cannot pretend to say I have ever seen an instance of it.

Mr Jones having spent three hours in reading and kissing the aforesaid letter, and being, at last, in a state of good spirits, from the last-mentioned considerations, he agreed to carry an appointment, which he had before made, into execution. This was to attend Mrs Miller, and her younger daughter, into the gallery at the play-house, and to admit Mr Partridge as one of the company; for as Jones had really that taste for humour which many affect, he expected to enjoy much entertainment in the criticisms of Partridge, from whom he expected the simple dictates of nature, unimproved indeed, but likewise unadulterated by art.

In the first row then of the first gallery, did Mr Jones, Mrs Miller, her youngest daughter, and Partridge, take their places. Partridge immediately declared it was the finest place he had ever been in. When the first music was played, he said, "It was a wonder how so many fiddlers could play at one time without putting one another out." While the fellow was lighting the upper candles, he cried out to Mrs Miller, "Look, look, "Madam, the very picture of the man in the end of the "Common Prayer-book, before the gunpowder-treason "service:" Nor could he help observing with a sigh, when all the candles were lighted, "That here were "candles enough burnt in one night, to keep an honest "poor family for a whole twelvemonth."

As soon as the play, which was Hamlet Prince of Denmark, began, Partridge was all attention, nor did he break silence till the entrance of the ghost; upon which he asked Jones, "What man that was in the

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“ strange dress, something,” said he, “ like what I have seen in a picture. Sure it is not armour, is it?” Jones answered, “ That is the ghost;” to which Partridge replied with a smile, “ Persuade me to that, Sir, if you can. Though I can’t say I ever actually saw a ghost in my life, yet I am certain I should know one, if I saw him, better than that comes to. No, no, Sir, ghosts don’t appear in such dresses as that, neither.” In this mistake, which caused much laughter in the neighbourhood of Partridge, he was suffered to continue, till the scene between the ghost and Hamlet, when Partridge gave that credit to Mr Garrick, which he had denied to Jones, and fell into so violent a trembling, that his knees knocked against each other. Jones asked him what was the matter, and whether he was “ afraid of the warrior upon the stage?” O la! Sir,” said he, “ I perceive now it is what you told me. I am not afraid of any thing, for I know it is but a play: and, if it was really a ghost, it could do one no harm at such a distance, and in so much company; and yet, if I was frightened, I am not the only person.” “ Why, who,” cried Jones, “ dost thou take to be such a coward here besides thyself?” Nay, you may call me coward if you will; but, if that little man there upon the stage is not frightened, I never saw any man frightened in my life. “ Ay, ay, go along with you! Ay, to be sure! Who’s fool then? Will you? Lud have mercy upon such fool-hardiness!—Whatever happens, it is good enough for you.—Follow you! I’d follow the Devil as soon. Nay, perhaps it is the devil—for they say he can put on what likeness he pleases.—Oh! here he is again.—No farther! No, you have gone far enough already; farther than I would have gone for all the king’s dominions.” Jones offered to speak, but Partridge cried, “ Hush, hush, dear Sir, don’t you hear him!” and, during the whole speech of the ghost, he sat with his eyes fixed partly on the ghost, and partly on Hamlet, and with his mouth open; the same passions, which succeeded each other in Hamlet, succeeded likewise in him.

When

When the scene was over, Jones said, "Why, Partridge, you exceed my expectations. You enjoy the play more than I conceived possible." "Nay, Sir," answered Partridge, "if you are not afraid of the devil, "I can't help it; but to be sure it is natural to be surprised at such things, though I know there is nothing in them; not that it was the ghost that surprised me neither; for I should have known that to have been only a man in a strange dress; but when I saw the little man so frightened himself, it was that which took hold of me." And dost thou imagine then, Partridge," cries Jones, "that he was really frightened?" "Nay, Sir," said Partridge, "did not you yourself observe afterwards, when he found it was his own father's spirit, and how he was murdered in the garden, how his fear forsook him by degrees, and he was struck dumb with sorrow, as it were, just as I should have been had it been my own case.—But hush! O la! what noise is that? There he is again.—Well, to be certain, though I know there is nothing at all in it, I am glad that I am not down yonder, where those men are." Then turning his eyes again upon Hamlet, "Ay, you may draw your sword; what signifies a sword against the power of the Devil?"

During the second act, Partridge made very few remarks. He greatly admired the fineness of the dresses; nor could he help observing upon the king's countenance: "Well," said he, "how people may be deceived by faces? *Nulla fides fronti* is, I find, a true saying. Who would think, by looking in the king's face that he had ever committed a murder?" He then inquired after the ghost; but Jones, who intended he should be surprised, gave him no other satisfaction, than that "he might possibly see him again soon, and in a flash of fire."

Partridge sat in fearful expectation of this; and now, when the ghost made his next appearance, Partridge tried out, "There, Sir, now; what say you now? Is he frightened now or no? As much frightened as you think me, and to be sure nobody can help some fears, "I would not be in so bad a condition, as what's his name, 'Squire Hamlet, is there, for all the world.

“ Bless me! what’s become of the spirit? As I am a living soul I thought I saw him sink into the earth.” “Indeed you saw right,” answered Jones. “Well, well,” cries Partridge, “I know it is only a play; and besides, if there was any thing in all this, Madam Miller would not laugh so: for as to you, Sir, you would not be afraid, I believe, if the devil was here in person.—There, there—Ay, no wonder you are in such a passion; shake the vile wicked wretch to pieces. If she was my own mother, I should serve her so. To be sure, all duty to a mother is forfeited by such wicked doings.—Ay, go about your business; I hate the sight of you.”

Our critic was now pretty silent till the play, which Hamlet introduces before the king. This he did not at first understand, till Jones explained it to him; but he no sooner entered into the spirit of it, than he began to bless himself that he had never committed murder. Then, turning to Mrs Miller, he asked her, “If she did not imagine the king looked as if he was touched, though he is,” said he, “a good actor, and doth all he can to hide it. Well, I would not have so much to answer for as that wicked man there hath, to sit upon a much higher chair than he sits upon.—No wonder he run away; for your sake I’ll never trust an innocent face again.”

The grave-digging scene next engaged the attention of Partridge, who expressed much surprise at the number of skulls thrown upon the stage: to which Jones answered, “That it was one of the most famous burial-places about town.” “No wonder then,” cries Partridge, “that the place is haunted. But I never saw in my life a worse grave-digger. I had a sexton, when I was clerk, that should have dug three graves while he is digging one. The fellow handles a spade as if it was the first time he had ever had one in his hand. Ay, ay, you may sing. You had rather sing than work, I believe.”—Upon Hamlet’s taking up the skull, he cried out, “Well, it is strange to see how fearless some men are: I never could bring myself to touch any thing belonging to a dead man on any account.

" count.—He seemed frightened enough too at the ghost,  
" I thought. *Nemo omnibus horis sapit.*"

Little more worth remembering occurred during the play; at the end of which Jones asked him, " which of the players he had liked best ?" To this he answered, with some appearance of indignation at the question, " The king, without doubt." " Indeed, Mr Partridge," says Mrs Miller, " you are not of the same opinion with " the town; for they are all agreed, that Hamlet is acted " by the best player who was ever on the stage." " He " the best player!" cries Partridge with a contemptuous sneer, " Why, I could act as well as he myself. I am " sure, if I had seen a ghost, I should have looked in the " very same manner, and done just as he did. And " then, to be sure, in that scene, as you called it, be- " tween him and his mother, where you told me he act- " ed so fine, why, Lord help me, any man, that is, any " good man, that had such a mother, would have done " exactly the same. I know you are only joking with " me; but indeed, Madam, though I was never at a " play at London, yet I have seen acting before in the " country; and, the king for my money, he speaks all " his words distinctly, half as loud again as the other.— " Any body may see he is an actor."

While Mrs Miller was thus engaged in conversation with Partridge, a lady came up to Mr Jones, whom he immediately knew to be Mrs Fitzpatrick. She said, she had seen him from the other part of the gallery, and had taken that opportunity of speaking to him, as she had something to say, which might be of great service to himself. She then acquainted him with her lodgings, and made him an appointment the next day in the morning; which, upon recollection, she presently changed to the afternoon, at which time Jones promised to attend her.

Thus ended the adventure at the play-house; where Partridge had afforded great mirth, not only to Jones and Mrs Miller, but to all who sat within hearing, who were more attentive to what he said than to any thing that passed on the stage.

He durst not go to bed all that night for fear of the ghost ; and for many nights after, sweated for two or three hours before he went to sleep with the same apprehensions, and waked several times in great horrors, crying out, “ Lord have mercy on us ! there it is.”

## CHAP. VI.

*In which the history is obliged to go back.*

IT is almost impossible for the best parent to observe an exact impartiality to his children, even though no superior merit should bias his affection ; but sure a parent can hardly be blamed, when that superiority determines his preference.

As I regard all the personages of this history in the light of my children ; so I must confess the same inclination of partiality to Sophia ; and for that I hope the reader will allow me the same excuse, from the superiority of her character.

This extraordinary tenderness which I have for my heroine, never suffers me to quit her any long time without the utmost reluctance. I could now, therefore, return impatiently to inquire, what hath happened to this lovely creature since her departure from her father’s, but that I am obliged first to pay a short visit to Mr Blifil.

Mr Western, in the first confusion into which his mind was cast, upon the sudden news he received of his daughter, and in the first hurry to go after her, had not once thought of sending any account of the discovery to Blifil. He had not gone far, however, before he recollected himself, and accordingly stopt at the very first inn he came to, and dispatched away a messenger to acquaint Blifil with his having found Sophia, and with his firm resolution to marry her to him immediately, if he would come up after him to town.

As the love which Blifil had for Sophia was of that violent kind, which nothing but the loss of her fortune, or some such accident, could lessen, his inclination to the match was not at all altered by her having run away, though

though he was obliged to lay this to his own account. He very readily, therefore, embraced this offer. Indeed, he now proposed the gratification of a very strong passion besides avarice, by marrying this young lady, and this was hatred: for he concluded that matrimony afforded an equal opportunity of satisfying either hatred or love; and this opinion is very probably verified by much experience. To say the truth, if we are to judge by the ordinary behaviour of married persons to each other, we shall perhaps be apt to conclude, that the generality seek the indulgence of the former passion only in their union of every thing but of hearts.

There was one difficulty, however, in his way, and this arose from Mr Allworthy. That good man, when he found by the departure of Sophia, (for neither that, nor the cause of it, could be concealed from him) the great aversion which she had for his nephew, began to be seriously concerned that he had been deceived into carrying matters so far. He by no means concurred with the opinion of those parents, who think it as immaterial to consult the inclinations of their children in the affair of marriage, as to solicit the good pleasure of their servants when they intend to take a journey; and who are, by law or decency at least, withheld often from using absolute force. On the contrary, as he esteemed the institution to be of the most sacred kind, he thought every preparatory caution necessary to preserve it holy and inviolate, and very wisely concluded, that the surest way to effect this, was by laying the foundation in previous affection.

Blifil indeed soon cured his uncle of all anger on the score of deceit, by many vows and protestations that he had been deceived himself, with which the many declarations of Western very well tallied; but now to persuade Allworthy to consent to the renewing his addresses, was a matter of such apparent difficulty, that the very appearance was sufficient to have deterred a less enterprizing genius; but this young gentleman so well knew his own talents, that nothing within the province of cunning seemed to him hard to be atchieved.

Here

Here then he represented the violence of his own affection, and the hopes of subduing aversion in the lady by perseverance. He begged that in an affair on which depended all his future repose, he might at least be at liberty to try all fair means for success. Heaven forbid, he said, that he should ever think of prevailing by any other than the most gentle methods ! " Besides, Sir," said he, " if they fail, you may then (which will be surely time enough) deny your consent." He urged the great and eager desire which Mr Western had for the match ; and, lastly, he made great use of the name of Jones, to whom he imputed all that had happened ; and from whom, he said, to preserve so valuable a young lady was even an act of charity.

All these arguments were well seconded by Thwackum, who dwelt a little stronger on the authority of parents than Mr Blifil himself had done. He ascribed the measures which Mr Blifil was desirous to take, to christian motives ; " and though," says he, " the good young gentleman hath mentioned charity last, I am almost convinced it is his first and principal consideration."

Square, possibly, had he been present, would have sung to the same tune, though in a different key, and would have discovered much moral fitness in the proceeding ; but he was now gone to Bath for the recovery of his health.

Allworthy, though not without reluctance, at last yielded to the desires of his nephew. He said he would accompany him to London, where he might be at liberty to use every honest endeavour to gain the lady : " But I declare," said he, " I will never give my consent to any absolute force being put on her inclinations, nor shall you ever have her, unless she can be brought freely to compliance."

Thus did the affection of Allworthy for his nephew betray the superior understanding to be triumphed over by the inferior ; and thus is the prudence of the best of heads often defeated, by the tenderness of the best of hearts.

Blifil having obtained this un hoped-for acquiescence in his uncle, rested not till he carried his purpose into execution.

cution. And as no immediate business required Mr Allworthy's presence in the country, and little preparation is necessary to men for a journey, they set out the very next day, and arrived in town, that evening, when Mr Jones, as we have seen, was diverting himself with Partridge, at the play.

The morning after his arrival Mr Blifil waited on Mr Western, by whom he was most kindly and graciously received, and from whom he had every possible assurance (perhaps more than was possible) that he should very shortly be as happy as Sophia could make him; nor would the 'squire suffer the young gentleman to return to his uncle, till he had, almost against his will, carried him to his sister.

## C H A P. VII.

*In which Mr Western pays a Visit to his sister, in company with Mr Blifil.*

MRS WESTERN was reading a lecture on prudence, and matrimonial politics, to her niece, when her brother and Blifil broke in with less ceremony than the laws of visiting require. Sophia no sooner saw Blifil, than she turned pale, and almost lost the use of all her faculties; but her aunt, on the contrary, waxed red, and having all her faculties at command, began to exert her tongue on the 'squire.

" Brother," said she, " I am astonished at your behaviour, will you never learn any regard to decorum? " Will you still look upon every apartment as your own, " or as belonging to one of your country tenants? Do you think yourself at liberty to invade the privacies of women of condition, without the least decency or notice? " — " Why, what a pox is the matter now? " quoth the 'squire, " one would think I had caught you at" — " None of your brutality, Sir, I beseech you, " answered she. — " You have surprised my poor niece so, that she can hardly, I see, support herself. — Go, my dear, retire, and endeavour to recruit your spirits; for I see you have occasion." At which words, So-

phia, who never received a more welcome command, hastily withdrew.

“ To be sure, sister,” cries the ’squire, “ you are mad, when I have brought Mr Blifil here to court her, to force her away.”

“ Sure, brother,” says she, “ you are worse than mad, when you know in what situation affairs are, to — I am sure, I ask Mr Blifil pardon, but he knows very well to whom to impute so disagreeable a reception. For my own part, I am sure, I shall always be glad to see Mr Blifil; but his own good sense would not have suffered him to proceed so abruptly, had you not compelled him to it.”

Blifil bowed, and stammered, and looked like a fool; but Western, without giving him time to form a speech for the purpose, answered, “ Well, well, I am to blame if you will, I always am, certainly; but come, let the girl be fetched back again, or let Mr Blifil go to her. — He’s come up on purpose, and there is no time to be lost.”

“ Brother,” cries Mrs Western, “ Mr Blifil, I am confident, understands himself better than to think of seeing my niece any more this morning after what hath happened. Women are of a nice contexture; and our spirits, when disordered, are not to be recomposed in a moment. Had you suffered Mr Blifil to have sent his compliments to my niece, and to have desired the favour of waiting on her in the afternoon, I should possibly have prevailed on her to have seen him; but now I despair of bringing about any such matter.”

“ I am very sorry, Madam,” cried Blifil, “ that Mr Western’s extraordinary kindness to me, which I can never enough acknowledge, should have occasioned —” “ Indeed Sir,” said she, interrupting him, “ you need make no apologies, we all know my brother so well.”

“ I don’t care what any body knows of me,” answered the ’squire; — “ but when must he come to see her? for consider, I tell you, he is come up on purpose, and so is Allworthy.” “ Brother,” said she, “ whatever

“ message

" message Mr Blifil thinks proper to send to my niece, shall be delivered to her ; and I suppose she will want no instructions to make a proper answer. I am convinced she will not refuse to see Mr Blifil at a proper time."—" The devil she won't," answered the 'squire.—" Odsbub !—Don't we know—I say nothing, but some volk are wiser than all the world.—" If I might have had my will, she had not run away before ; and now I expect to hear every moment she is gone again. For as great a fool as some volk think me, I know very well she hates"—" No matter, brother," replied Mrs Western, " I will not hear my niece abused. It is a reflection on my family. She is an honour to it ; and she will be an honour to it, I promise you. I will pawn my whole reputation in the world on her conduct.—I shall be glad to see you, brother, in the afternoon ; for I have somewhat of importance to mention to you.—At present, Mr Blifil, as well as you, must excuse me, for I am in haste to dress.—" Well, but," said the 'squire, " do appoint a time."—" Indeed," said she, " I can appoint no time.—I tell you, I will see you in the afternoon."—" What the devil would you have me do ?" cries the 'squire, turning to Blifil, " I can no more turn her, than a beagle can turn an old hare. Perhaps she will be in better humour in the afternoon."—" I am condemned, I see, Sir, to misfortune," answered Blifil ; " but I shall always own my obligations to you."—He then took a ceremonious leave of Mrs Western, who was altogether as ceremonious on her part ; and then they departed, the 'squire muttering to himself with an oath, that Blifil should see his daughter in the afternoon.

If Mr Western was little pleased with this interview, Blifil was less. As to the former, he imputed the whole behaviour of his sister to her humour only, and to her dissatisfaction at the omission of ceremony in the visit ; but Blifil saw a little deeper into things. He suspected somewhat of more consequence, from two or three words which dropt from the lady ; and, to say the truth, he suspected right, as will appear when I have unfolded the

several matters which will be contained in the following chapter.

## C H A P. VIII.

*Schemes of Lady Bellaston for the ruin of Jones.*

LOVE had taken too deep a root in the mind of Lord Fellamar to be plucked up by the rude hands of Mr Western. In the heat of resentment he had indeed given a commission to Captain Egglane, which the captain had far exceeded in the execution; nor had it been executed at all had his lordship been able to find the captain after he had seen Lady Bellaston, which was in the afternoon of the day after he had received the affront; but so industrious was the captain in the discharge of his duty, that having after long inquiry found out the 'squire's lodgings very late in the evening, he sat up all night at a tavern, that he might not miss the 'squire in the morning, and by that means missed the revocation which my lord had sent to his lodgings.

In the afternoon then next after the intended rape of Sophia, his lordship, as we have said, made a visit to lady Bellaston, who laid open so much of the character of the 'squire, that his lordship plainly saw the absurdity he had been guilty of in taking any offence at his words, especially as he had those honourable designs on his daughter. He then unbosomed the violence of his passion to Lady Bellaston, who readily undertook the cause, and encouraged him with certain assurances of a most favourable reception from all the elders of the family, and from the father himself when he should be sober, and should be made acquainted with the nature of the offer made to his daughter. The only danger, she said, lay in the fellow he had formerly mentioned, who, though a beggar and vagabond, had, by some means or other, she knew not what, procured himself tolerable clothes, and past for a gentleman. "Now," says she, "as I have, for the sake of my cousin, made it my business to inquire after this fellow, I have luckily found out his lodgings;" with which she then acquainted his lordship. "I am thinking,

"ing, my lord," added she, " (for this fellow is too mean for your personal resentment), whether it would not be possible for your lordship to contrive some method of having him pressed and sent on board a ship. Neither law nor conscience forbid this project: for the fellow, I promise you, however well drest, is but a vagabond, and as proper as any fellow in the streets to be pressed into the service; and, as for the conscientious part, surely the preservation of a young lady from such ruin is a most meritorious act; nay, with regard to the fellow himself, unless he could succeed (which Heaven forbid) with my cousin, it may probably be the means of preserving him from the gallows, and perhaps may make his fortune in an honest way."

Lord Fellamar very heartily thanked her ladyship for the part which she was pleased to take in the affair, upon the success of which his whole future happiness entirely depended. He said, he saw at present no objection to the pressing scheme, and would consider of putting it in execution. He then most earnestly recommended to her ladyship, to do him the honour of immediately mentioning his proposals to the family, to whom, he said, he offered a *carte blanche*, and would settle his fortune in almost any manner they should require: and, after uttering many ecstacies and raptures concerning Sophia, he took his leave and departed, but not before he had received the strongest charge to beware of Jones, and to lose no time in securing his person, where he should no longer be in a capacity of making any attempts to the ruin of the young lady.

The moment Mrs Western was arrived at her lodgings, a card was dispatched with her compliments to Lady Bellaston, who no sooner received it, than, with the impatience of a lover, she flew to her cousin, rejoiced at this fair opportunity, which beyond her hopes offered itself; for she was much better pleased with the prospect of making the proposals to a woman of sense, and who knew the world, than to a gentleman whom she honoured with the appellation of Hottentot, though indeed from him she apprehended no danger of a refusal.

The

The two ladies being met, after very short previous ceremonials, fell to business, which was indeed almost as soon concluded as begun ; for Mrs Western no sooner heard the name of Lord Fellamar, than her cheeks glowed with pleasure ; but when she was acquainted with the eagerness of his passion, the earnestness of his proposals, and the generosity of his offer, she declared her full satisfaction in the most explicit terms.

In the progress of their conversation, their discourse turned to Jones, and both cousins very pathetically lamented the unfortunate attachment which both agreed Sophia had to that young fellow ; and Mrs Western entirely attributed it to the folly of her brother's management. She concluded, however, at last, with declaring her confidence in the good understanding of her niece, " who, though she would give up her affection in favour of Blifil, will, I doubt not," says she, " soon be prevailed upon to sacrifice a simple inclination to the addresses of a fine gentleman, who brings her both a title and a large estate : For indeed," added she, " I must do Sophia the justice to confess, this Blifil is but a hideous kind of a fellow, as you know, Bellaston, all country gentlemen are, and hath nothing but his forte to recommend him."

" Nay," said Lady Bellaston, " I don't then so much wonder at my cousin ; for I promise you this Jones is a very agreeable fellow, and hath one virtue which the men say is a great recommendation to us. What do you think Mrs Western—I shall certainly make you laugh ; nay, I can hardly tell you myself for laughing.—Will you believe that the fellow hath had the assurance to make love to me ? But if you should be inclined to disbelieve it, here is evidence enough, his own hand-writing, I assure you." She then delivered her cousin the letter with the proposals of marriage, which, if the reader hath a desire to see, he will find already on record in the 15th book of this history.

" Upon my word, I am astonished," said Mrs Western, " this is indeed a master-piece of assurance. With your leave, I may possibly make some use of this letter." " You have my full liberty," cries lady Bel-

laston,

laston, "to apply it to what purpose you please. How ever, I would not have it shewn to any but Miss Western, nor to her, unless you find occasion."— "Well, and how did you use the fellow?" returned Mrs Western. "Not as a husband," said the lady; "I am not married, I promise you, my dear. You know, Mrs Western, I have tried the comforts once already; and once I think is enough for any reasonable woman."

This letter Lady Bellaston thought would certainly turn the balance against Jones in the mind of Sophia, and she was emboldened to give it up, partly by her hopes of having him instantly dispatched out of the way, and partly by having secured the evidence of Honour, who, upon founding her, she saw sufficient reason to imagine was prepared to testify whatever she pleased.

But perhaps the reader may wonder why Lady Bellaston, who in her heart hated Sophia, should be so desirous of promoting a match which was so much to the interest of the young lady. Now, I would desire such readers to look carefully into human nature, page almost the last, and there he will find, in scarce legible characters, that women, notwithstanding the preposterous behaviour of mothers, aunts, &c. in matrimonial matters, do in reality think it so great a misfortune to have their inclinations in love thwarted, that they imagine they ought never to carry enmity higher than upon these disappointments: again, he will find it written much about the same place, that a woman, who hath once been pleased with the possession of a man, will go above half way to the Devil to prevent any other woman from enjoying the same.

If he will not be contented with these reasons, I freely confess I see no other motive to the actions of that lady, unless we will conceive she was bribed by Lord Fellamar, which for my own part I see no cause to suspect.

Now this was the affair which Mrs Western was preparing to introduce to Sophia, by some prefatory discourse on the folly of love, and on the wisdom of legal prostitution

stitution for hire, when her brother and Blifil broke abruptly in upon her; and hence arose all that coldness in her behaviour to Blifil; which, though the 'squire, as was usual with him, imputed to a wrong cause, infused into Blifil himself (he being a much more cunning man) a suspicion of the real truth.

## C H A P IX.

*In which Jones pays a visit to Mrs Fitzpatrick.*

THE reader may now perhaps be pleased to return with us to Mr Jones, who at the appointed hour attended on Mrs Fitzpatrick: but before we relate the conversation which now past, it may be proper, according to our method, to return a little back, and to account for so great an alteration of behaviour in this lady, that, from changing her lodging principally to avoid Mr Jones, she had now industriously, as hath been seen, sought this interview.

And here we shall need only to resort to what happened the preceding day, when hearing from Lady Belaston that Mr Western was arrived in town, she went to pay her duty to him at his lodgings at Piccadilly, where she was received with many scurvy compellations too coarse to be repeated, and was even threatened to be kicked out of doors. From hence an old servant of her aunt Western, with whom she was well acquainted, conducted her to the lodgings of that lady, who treated her not more kindly, but more politely, or, to say the truth, with rudeness in another way. In short, she returned from both, plainly convinced, not only that her scheme of reconciliation had proved abortive, but that she must for ever give over all thoughts of bringing it about by any means whatever. From this moment desire of revenge only filled her mind; and in this temper, meeting Jones at the play, an opportunity seemed to her to occur of effecting this purpose.

The reader must remember that he was acquainted by Mrs Fitzpatrick, in the account she gave of her own story, with the fondness Mrs Western had formerly shewn

shewn for Mr Fitzpatrick at Bath, from the disappointment of which, Mrs Fitzpatrick derived the great bitterness her aunt had expressed toward her. She had therefore no doubt but that the good lady would as easily listen to the addresses of Mr Jones, as she had before done to the other; for the superiority of charms was clearly on the side of Mr Jones; and the advance which her aunt had since made in age, she concluded, (how justly I will not say) was an argument rather in favour of her project than against it.

Therefore when Jones attended, after a previous declaration of her desire of serving him, arising, as she said, from a firm assurance how much she should, by so doing, oblige Sophia: and after some excuses for her former disappointment, and after acquainting Mr Jones in whose custody his mistress was, of which she thought him ignorant; she very explicitly mentioned her scheme to him, and advised him to make sham addresses to the older lady, in order to procure an easy access to the younger, informing him at the same time of the success which Mr Fitzpatrick had formerly owed to the very same stratagem.

Mr Jones expressed great gratitude to the lady for the kind intentions towards him which she had expressed, and indeed testified, by this proposal; but besides intimating some diffidence of success from the lady's knowledge of his love to her niece, which had not been her ease in regard to Mr Fitzpatrick, he said, he was afraid Miss Western would never agree to an imposition of this kind, as well from her utter detestation of all fallacy, as from her avowed duty to her aunt.

Mrs Fitzpatrick was a little nettled at this; and indeed, if it may not be called a lapse of the tongue, it was a small deviation from politeness in Jones, and into which he scarce would have fallen, had not the delight he felt in praising Sophia, hurried him out of all reflection; for this commendation of one cousin was more than a tacit rebuke on the other.

"Indeed, Sir," answered the lady with some warmth, "I cannot think there is any thing easier than to cheat an old woman with a profession of love, when her

“ complexion is amorous: and though she is my aunt, “ I must say there never was a more liquorish one than “ her ladyship. Can’t you pretend that the despair of “ possessing her niece, from her being promised to Blifil, “ has made you turn your thoughts towards her? As to “ my cousin Sophia, I can’t imagine her to be such a “ simpleton as to have the least scruple on such an ac- “ count, or to conceive any harm in punishing one of “ these hags for the many mischiefs they bring upon fa- “ milies, by their trag-i-comic passions; for which I think “ it is pity they are not punishable by law. I had no “ such scruple myself; and yet I hope my cousin Sophia “ will not think it an affront when I say she cannot de- “ test every real species of falsehood more than her cou- “ sin Fitzpatrick. To my aunt indeed I pretend no du- “ ty, nor doth she deserve any. However, Sir, I have “ given you my advice, and if you decline pursuing it, “ I shall have the less opinion of your understanding— “ that’s all.”

Jones now clearly saw the error he had committed, and exerted his utmost power to rectify it; but he only faltered and stuttered into nonsense and contradiction. To say the truth, it is often safer to abide by the consequences of the first blunder, than to endeavour to rectify it; for by such endeavours we generally plunge deeper instead of extricating ourselves; and few persons will on such occasions have the good nature which Mrs Fitzpatrick displayed to Jones, by saying, with a smile, “ You “ need attempt no more excuses; for I can easily forgive “ a real lover, whatever is the effect of fondness for his “ mistress.”

She then renewed her proposal, and very fervently recommended it, omitting no argument which her invention could suggest on the subject; for she was so violently incensed against her aunt, that scarce any thing was capable of affording her equal pleasure with exposing her; and, like a true woman, she would see no difficulties in the execution of a favourite scheme.

Jones however persisted in declining the undertaking, which had not indeed the least probability of success. He easily perceived the motives which induced Mrs Fitz-

patrick

patrick to be so eager in pressing her advice. He said, he would not deny the tender and passionate regard he had for Sophia; but was so conscious of the inequality of their situations, that he could never flatter himself so far as to hope, that so divine a young lady would condescend to think on so unworthy a man; nay, he protested he could scarce bring himself to wish she should. He concluded with a profession of generous sentiments, which we have not at present leisure to insert.

There are some fine women, (for I dare not here speak in too general terms) with whom self is so predominant, that they never detach it from any subject; and as vanity is with them a ruling principle, they are apt to lay hold of whatever praise they meet with; and, though the property of others, convey it to their own use. In the company of these ladies it is impossible to say any thing handsome of another woman, which they will not apply to themselves; nay, they often improve the praise they seize; as for instance, if her beauty, her wit, her gentility, her good humour, deserve so much commendation, what do I deserve who possess those qualities in so much more eminent a degree?

To these ladies a man often recommends himself while he is commanding another woman; and while he is expressing ardour and generous sentiments for his mistress, they are considering what a charming lover this man would make to them, who can feel all this tenderness for an inferior degree of merit. Of this, strange as it may seem, I have seen many instances besides Mrs Fitzpatrick, to whom all this really happened, and who now began to feel a somewhat for Mr Jones, the symptoms of which she much sooner understood than poor Sophia had formerly done.

To say the truth, perfect beauty in both sexes is a more irresistible object than it is generally thought; for notwithstanding some of us are contented with more homely lots, and learn by rote (as children are to repeat what gives them no idea) to despise outside, and to value more solid charms; yet I have always observed at the approach of consummate beauty, that these more solid

charms only shine with that kind of lustre which the stars have after the rising of the sun.

When Jones had finished his exclamations, many of which would have become the mouth of Oroondates himself, Mrs Fitzpatrick heaved a deep sigh, and taking her eyes off from Jones, on whom they had been sometime fixed, and dropping them on the ground, she cried, "Indeed Mr Jones, I pity you; but it is the curse of such tenderness to be thrown away on those who are insensible of it. I know my cousin better than you, Mr Jones, and I must say, any woman who makes no return to such a passion, and such a person, is unworthy of both."

"Sure, Madam," says Jones, "you can't mean?" "Mean," cries Mrs Fitzpatrick, "I know not what I mean; there is something, I think, in true tenderness bewitching: few women ever meet with it in men, and fewer still know how to value it when they do. I never heard such truly noble sentiments, and I can't tell how it is, but you force one to believe you. Sure she must be the most contemptible of women who can overlook such merit."

The manner and look with which all this was spoke, infused a suspicion into Jones, which we don't care to convey in direct words to the reader. Instead of making any answer, he said, "I am afraid, Madam, I have made too tiresome a visit, and offered to take his leave."

"Not at all, Sir," answered Mrs Fitzpatrick. "Indeed I pity you, Mr Jones; indeed I do; but if you are going, consider of the scheme I have mentioned. I am convinced you will approve of it, and let me see you again as soon as you can.—To-morrow morning if you will, or at least some time to-morrow. I shall be at home all day."

Jones then, after many expressions of thanks, very respectfully retired; nor could Mrs Fitzpatrick forbear making him a present of a look at parting, by which if he had understood nothing, he must have had no understanding in the language of the eyes. In reality it confirmed his resolution of returning to her no more; for, faulty as he hath hitherto appeared in this history, his whole thoughts were

were now so confined to his Sophia, that I believe no woman upon earth could have now drawn him into an act of inconstancy.

Fortune, however, who was not his friend, resolved, as he intended to give her no second opportunity, to make the best of this; and accordingly produced the tragical incident which we are now in sorrowful notes to record.

### C H A P. X.

*The consequence of the preceding Visit.*

MR Fitzpatrick having received the letter before mentioned, from Mrs Western, and being by that means acquainted with the place to which his wife was retired, returned directly to Bath, and thence the day after set forward to London.

The reader hath been already often informed of the jealous temper of this gentleman. He may likewise be pleased to remember the suspicion which he had conceived of Jones at Upton, upon his finding him in the room with Mrs Waters; and though sufficient reasons had afterwards appeared entirely to clear up that suspicion, yet now the reading so handsome a character of Mr Jones from his wife, caused him to reflect, that she likewise was in the inn at the same time, and jumbled together such a confusion of circumstances in a head which was naturally none of the clearest, that the whole produced that green-eyed monster mentioned by Shakespeare in his tragedy of Othello.

And now, as he was inquiring in the street after his wife, and had just received directions to the door, unfortunately Mr Jones was issuing from it.

Fitzpatrick did not yet recollect the face of Jones; however, seeing a young well dressed fellow coming from his wife, he made directly up to him, and asked him what he had been doing in that house; "for I am "sure," said he, "you must have been in it, as I saw you come out of it.

Jones

Jones answered very modestly, "That he had been visiting a lady there." To which Fitzpatrick replied, "What business have you with the lady?" Upon which Jones, who now perfectly remembered his voice, features, and indeed coat of the gentleman, cried out,—"Ha! my good friend, give me your hand; I hope there is no ill blood remaining between us, upon a small mistake which happened so long ago."

"Upon my soul, Sir," said Fitzpatrick, "I don't know your name, nor your face." "Indeed, Sir," said Jones, "neither have I the pleasure of knowing your name, but your face I very well remember to have seen before at Upton, where a foolish quarrel happened between us, which, if it is not made up yet, we will now make it up over a bottle."

"At Upton!" cried the other.—"Ha! upon my soul, I believe your name is Jones." "Indeed," answered he, "it is."—"O, upon my soul," cries Fitzpatrick, "you are the very man I wanted to meet.—"Upon my soul, I will drink a bottle with you presently; but first I will give you a great knock over the pate. There is for you, you rascal. Upon my soul if you don't give me satisfaction for that blow, I will give you another." And then drawing his sword put himself in a posture of defence, which was the only science he understood.

Jones was a little staggered by the blow, which came somewhat unexpectedly: but presently recovering himself, he also drew, and though he understood nothing of fencing, prest on so boldly upon Fitzpatrick, that he beat down his guard, and sheathed one half of his sword in the body of the said gentleman, who had no sooner received it, than he stepped backwards, dropt the point of his sword, and leaning upon it, cried, "I have satisfaction enough: I am a dead man."

"I hope not," cries Jones; "but whatever be the consequence, you must be sensible you have drawn it upon yourself." At this instant a number of fellows rushed in and seized Jones, who told them, he should make no resistance, and begged some of them at least would take care of the wounded gentleman.

"Ay,"

" Ay," cries one of the fellows, " the wounded gentleman will be taken care enough of, for I suppose he hath not many hours to live. As for you, Sir, you have a month at least good yet." " D—n me, Jack," said another, " he hath prevented his voyage; he's bound to another port now;" and many other such jests was our poor Jones made the subject of, by these fellows, who were indeed the gang employed by Lord Fellamar, and had dogged him into the house of Mrs Fitzpatrick, waiting for him at the corner of the street when this unfortunate accident happened.

The officer who commanded this gang very wisely concluded that his business was now to deliver his prisoner into the hands of the civil magistrate. He ordered him therefore to be carried to a public house, where having sent for a constable, he delivered him to his custody.

The constable seeing Mr Jones very well dress'd, and hearing that the accident had happened in a duel, treat'd his prisoner with great civility, and, at his request, dispatched a messenger to inquire after the wounded gentleman, who was now at a tavern under the surgeon's hands. The report brought back was, that the wound was certainly mortal, and there were no hopes of life. Upon which the constable informed Jones, that he must go before a justice. He answered, " Wherever you please: " I am indifferent as to what happens to me; for though " I am convinced I am not guilty of murder in the eye " of the law, yet the weight of blood I find intolerable " upon my mind."

Jones was now conducted before the justice, where the surgeon who dress'd Mr Fitzpatrick appeared, and depos'd, that he believed the wound to be mortal; upon which the prisoner was committed to the Gate-house. It was very late at night, so that Jones would not send for Partridge till the next morning; and as he never shut his eyes till seven, so it was near twelve before the poor fellow, who was greatly frightened at not hearing from his master so long, received a message which almost deprived him of his being, when he heard it.

He went to the Gate-house with trembling knees and a beating heart, and was no sooner arrived in the presence

sence of Jones, than he lamented the misfortune that had befallen him, with many tears, looking all the time frequently about him in great terror; for as the news now arrived that Mr Fitzpatrick was dead, the poor fellow apprehended every minute that his ghost would enter the room. At last he delivered him a letter, which he had like to have forgot, and which came from Sophia, by the hands of Black George.

Jones presently dispatched every one out of the room, and having eagerly broke open the letter, read as follows :

“ You owe the hearing from me again to an accident which I own surprizes me. My aunt hath just now shewn me a letter from you to Lady Bellaston, which contains a proposal of marriage. I am convinced it is your own hand; and what more surprizes me is, that it is dated at the very time when you would have me imagine you was under such concern on my account.—I leave you to comment on this fact. All I desire is, that your name may never more be mentioned to

S. W.

Of the present situation of Mr Jones's mind, and of the pangs with which he was now tormented, we cannot give the reader a better idea, than by saying, his misery was such, that even, Thwackum would almost have pitied him. But bad as it is, we shall at present leave him in it, as his good genius (if he really had any) seems to have done. And here we put an end to the sixteenth book of our history.

THE

END OF THE SIXTEENTH BOOK OF THE HISTORY OF MR JONES.

THE HISTORY  
OF A FOUNDLING.

BOOK XVII.

CONTAINING THREE DAYS.

CHAP. I.

*Containing a portion of introductory Writing.*

WHEN a comic writer hath made his principal characters as happy as he can, or when a tragic writer hath brought them to the highest pitch of human misery, they both conclude their business to be done, and that their work is come to a period.

Had he been of the tragic complexion, the reader must now allow we were very nearly arrived at this period, since it would be difficult for the Devil, or any of his representatives on earth, to have contrived much greater torments for poor Jones than those in which we left him in the last chapter; and as for Sophia, a good-natured woman would hardly wish more uneasiness to a rival, than what she must at present be supposed to feel. What then remains to complete the tragedy but a murder or two, and a few moral sentences.

But to bring our favourites out of their present anguish and distress, and to land them at last on the shore

of happiness, seems a much harder task ; a task indeed so hard, that we do not undertake to execute it. In regard to Sophia, it is more than probable that we shall somewhere or other provide a good husband for her in the end, either Blifil, or my lord, or somebody else ; but, as to poor Jones, such are the calamities in which he is at present involved, owing to his imprudence, by which, if a man doth not become a felon to the world, he is at least a *felo de se* ; so destitute is he now of friends, and so persecuted by enemies, that we almost despair of bringing him to any good ; and, if our reader delights in seeing executions, I think he ought not to lose any time in taking a first row at Tyburn.

This I faithfully promise, that notwithstanding any affection which we may be supposed to have for this rogue, whom we have unfortunately made our hero, we will lend him none of that supernatural assistance, with which we are intrusted upon condition that we use it only on very important occasions. If he doth not therefore find some natural means of fairly extricating himself from all his distresses, we will do no violence to the truth and dignity of history for his sake ; for we had rather relate that he was hanged at Tyburn, (which may very probably be the case), than forfeit our integrity, or shock the faith of our reader.

In this the ancients had a great advantage over the moderns. Their mythology, which was at that time more firmly believed by the vulgar than any religion is at present, gave them always an opportunity of delivering a favourite hero. Their deities were always ready at the writer's elbow to execute any of his purposes, and the more extraordinary the invention was, the greater was the surprize and delight of the credulous reader. Those writers could with greater ease have conveyed a friend from one country to another, nay from one world to another, and have brought him back again, than a poor circumscribed modern can deliver him from a goal.

The Arabians and Persians had an equal advantage, in writing their tales, from the genii and fairies, which they believe in as an article of their faith, upon the authority of the Koran itself. But we have none of these helps.

To

helps. To natural means alone are we confined ; let us try therefore what by these means may be done for poor Jones ; though, to confess the truth, something whispers me in the ear, that he doth not yet know the worst of his fortune, and that a more shocking piece of news, than any he hath yet heard, remains for him in the unopened leaves of fate.

## C H A P. II.

*The generous and grateful behaviour of Mrs Miller.*

MR ALLWORTHY and Mrs Miller were just sat down to breakfast, when Blifil, who had gone out very early that morning, returned to make one of the company.

He had not been long seated before he began as follows : " Good Lord ! my dear uncle, what do you think " hath happened ? I vow I am afraid of telling it you, " for fear of shocking you with the remembrance of ever " having shewn any kindness to such a villain." " What " is the matter, child," said the uncle, " I fear I have " shewn kindness in my life to the unworthy more than " once. But charity doth not adopt the vices of its ob- " ject." " O, Sir," returned Blifil, " it is not with- " out the secret direction of Providence that you men- " tion the word *adoption*. Your adopted son, Sir, that " Jones, that wretch, whom you nourished in your bo- " som, hath proved one of the greatest villains upon " earth." " By all that's sacred, 'tis false," cries Mrs Miller. " Mr Jones is no villain. He is one of the " worthiest creatures breathing ; and if any other person " had called him villain I would have thrown all this boil- " ing water in his face." Mr Allworthy looked very much amazed at this behaviour. But she did not give him leave to speak, before turning to him, she cried, " I hope you will not be angry with me ; I should not " offend you, Sir, for the world ; but indeed I could " not bear to hear him called so." " I must own, " Madam," said Mr Allworthy gravely, " I am a little " surprised to hear you so warmly defend a fellow you

C c 2 " do

“ do not know.” “ O I do know him, Mr Allworthy,” said she; “ indeed I do: I should be the most ungrateful of all wretches if I denied it. O he hath preserved me and my little family; we have all reason to bless him while we live:—and I pray Heaven to bless him, and turn the hearts of his malicious enemies. I know, I find, I see he hath such.” “ You surprise me, Madam, still more,” said Allworthy; “ sure you must mean some other. It is impossible you should have any such obligations to the man my nephew mentions.” “ Too surely,” answered she, “ I have obligations to him of the greatest and tenderest kind. He hath been the preserver of me and mine.—Believe me, Sir, he hath been abused, grossly abused to you; I know he hath; or you, whom I know to be all goodness and honour, would not, after the many kind and tender things I have heard you say of this poor helpless child, have so disdainfully called him Fellow. Indeed, my best of friends, he deserves a kinder appellation from you, had you heard the good, the kind, the grateful things, which I have heard him utter of you. He never mentions your name but with a kind of adoration. In this very room, I have seen him on his knees imploring all the blessings of heaven upon your head. I do not love that child there better than he loves you.”

“ I see, Sir, now,” said Blifil, with one of those grinning sneers with which the Devil marks his best beloved, “ Mrs Miller really doth know him. I suppose you will find she is not the only one of your acquaintance to whom he hath exposed you. As for my character, I perceive by some hints she hath thrown out, he hath been very free with it; but I forgive him.” “ And the Lord forgive you, Sir,” says Mrs Miller, “ we have all sins enough to stand in need of his forgiveness.”

“ Upon my word, Mrs Miller,” said Allworthy, “ I do not take this behaviour of yours to my nephew kindly; and I do assure you, as any reflections which you cast upon him must come only from that wickedest of men, they would only serve, if that were possible, to incite him to greater malice.”

"ble, to heighten my resentment against him; for I must tell you, Mrs Miller, the young man who now stands before you hath ever been the warmest advocate for the ungrateful wretch whose cause you espouse. This, I think, when you hear it from my own mouth, will make you wonder at so much baseness and ingratitude."

"You are deceived, Sir," answered Mrs Miller, "if they were the last words which were to issue from my lips, I would say you were deceived; and I once more repeat it, the Lord forgive those who have deceived you. I do not pretend to say the young man is without faults; but they are the faults of wildness and of youth, faults which he may, nay which I am certain he will relinquish, and if he should not they are vastly overbalanced by one of the most humane, tender, honest hearts that ever man was blessed with."

"Indeed, Mrs Miller," said Allworthy, "had this been related of you, I should not have believed it."— "Indeed, Sir," answered she, "you will believe every thing I have said, I am sure you will; and when you have heard the story which I shall tell you, (for I will tell you all) you will be so far from being offended, that you will own (I know your justice so well) that I must have been the most despicable and most ungrateful of wretches, if I had acted any other part than I have."

"Well, Madam," said Allworthy, "I shall be very glad to hear any good excuse for a behaviour which, I must confess, I think wants an excuse. And now, Madam, will you be pleased to let my nephew proceed in his story without interruption. He would not have introduced a matter of slight consequence with such a preface. Perhaps even this story will cure you of your mistake."

Mrs Miller gave tokens of submission, and then Mr Blifil began thus: "I am sure, Sir, if you don't think proper to resent the ill usage of Mrs Miller, I shall easily forgive what affects me only: I think your goodness hath not deserved this indignity at her hands." "Well, child," said Allworthy, "but what is

“ is this new instance? What hath he done of late?”  
“ What,” cries Blifil, “ notwithstanding all Mrs Miller  
“ hath said, I am very sorry to relate, and what you  
“ should never have heard from me, had it not been a  
“ matter impossible to conceal from the world. In  
“ short, he hath killed a man; I will not say murder-  
“ ed,—for perhaps it may not be so construed in law,  
“ and I hope the best for his sake.”

Allworthy looked shocked, and blessed himself; and then turning to Mrs Miller, he cried, “ Well, Madam, “ what say you now?”

“ Why, I say, Sir,” answered she, “ that I never was  
“ more concerned at any thing in my life; but, if the  
“ fact be true, I am convinced the man, whoever he is,  
“ was in the fault. Heaven knows there are many vil-  
“ lains in this town, who make it their business to pro-  
“ voke young gentlemen. Nothing but the greatest pro-  
“ vocation could have tempted him; for of all the gentle-  
“ tlemen I ever had in my house, I never saw one so  
“ gentle, or so sweet-tempered. He was beloved by  
“ every one in the house, and every one who came  
“ near it.”

While she was thus running on, a violent knocking at the door interrupted the conversation, and prevented her from proceeding further, or from receiving any answer; for as she concluded this was a visitor to Mr Allworthy, she hastily retired, taking with her her little girl, whose eyes were all over blubbered at the melancholy news she heard of Jones, who used to call her his little wife, and not only gave her many play-things, but spent whole hours in playing with her himself.

Some readers may perhaps be pleased with these minute circumstances, in relating of which we follow the example of Plutarch, one of the best of our brother historians; and others to whom they may appear trivial, will, we hope, at least pardon them, as we are never prolix on such occasions.

## CHAP. III.

*The arrival of Mr Western, with some matters concerning  
the paternal authority.*

MRS Miller had not long left the room, when Mr Western entered; but not before a small wrangling bout had passed between him and his chairmen; for the fellows who had taken up their burden at the Hercules Pillars, had conceived no hopes of having any future good customer in the 'squire; and moreover they were farther encouraged by his generosity, (for he had given them of his own accord sixpence more than their fare;) they therefore very boldly demanded another shilling, which so provoked the 'squire, that he not only bestowed many hearty curses on them at the door, but retained his anger after he came into the room; swearing that all the Londoners were like the court, and thought of nothing but plundering country-gentlemen. "D—n "me," says he, "if I won't walk in the rain rather than get into one of their hand-barrows again. They have jolted me more in a mile, than Brown Bess would in a long fox-chace."

When his wrath on this occasion was a little appeased, he resumed the same passionate tone on another.— "There," says he, "there is fine business forwards now. The hounds have changed at last, and when we imagined we had a fox to deal with, od-rat-it, it turns out to be a badger at last."

"Pray, my good neighbour," said Allworthy, "drop your metaphors, and speak a little plainer." "Why then," says the 'squire, "to tell you plainly, we have been all this time afraid of a son of a whore of a bastard of some-body's, I don't know who's, not I— And now here is a confounded son of a whore of a lord, who may be a bastard too for what I know or care, for he shall never have a daughter of mine by my consent. They have beggared the nation, but they shall never beggar me. My land shall never be sent over to Hanover."

" You

“ You surprise me much, my good friend,” said Allworthy, “ Why, zounds ! I am surprised myself,” answered the squire, “ I went to zee sister Western last night, according to her own appointment, and there I was had into a whole room-full of women.—There was my Lady cousin Bellaston, and my Lady Betty, and my Lady Catherine, and my Lady I don’t know who ; d—n me if ever you catch me among such a kennel of hoop-petticoat b—s. D—n me, I had rather be run by my own dogs, as one Aeton was, that the story book says was turned into a hare ; and his own dogs killed un, and eat un. Od-rabbit-it, no mortal was ever run in such a manner ; if I dogged one way, one had me, if I offered to clap back, another snapped me. O ! certainly one of the greatest matches in England, says one cousin, (here he attempted to mimic them;) a very advantageous offer indeed, cries another cousin ; (for you must know they be all my cousins, thof I never zeed half o’um before) Surely, says that fat a—fed b—, my Lady Bellaston, cousin, you must be out of your wits to think of refusing such an offer.”

“ Now I begin to understand,” says Allworthy, “ some person hath made proposals to Miss Western, which the ladies of the family approve, but is not to your liking.”

“ My liking!” said Western, “ how the devil should it ? I tell you it is a lord, and those are always volks whom you know I always resolved to have nothing to do with. Did unt I refuse a matter of vorty years purchase now for a bit of land, which one o’um had a mind to put into a park, only because I would have no dealings with lords, and doft think I would marry my daughter zu ? Besides, ben’t I engaged to you, and did I ever go off any bargain when I had promised ?”

“ As to that point, neighbour,” said Allworthy, “ I entirely release you from any engagement. No contract can be binding between parties who have not a full power to make it at the time, nor ever afterwards acquire the power of fulfilling it.”

“ Slud !

"Slud! then," answered Western, "I tell you I have power, and I will fulfil it. Come along with me directly to Doctors Commons, I will get a licence; and I will go to sister and take away the wench by force, and she shall ha un, or I will lock her up and keep her upon bread and water as long as she lives."

"Mr Western," said Allworthy, "shall I beg you will hear my full sentiments on this matter?" "Hear thee! ay, to be sure I will," answered he. "Why then, Sir," cries Allworthy, "I can truly say, without a compliment either to you or the young lady, that when this match was proposed, I embraced it very readily and heartily, from my regard to you both. An alliance between two families so nearly neighbours, and between whom there had always existed so mutual an intercourse and good harmony, I thought a most desirable event; and with regard to the young lady, not only the concurrent opinion of all who knew her, but my own observation assured me, that she would be an inestimable treasure to a good husband. I shall say nothing of her personal qualifications, which certainly are admirable; her good-nature, her charitable disposition, her modesty, are too well known to need any panegyric: but she hath one quality which existed in a high degree in that best of women, who is now one of the first of angels, which as it is not of a glaring kind, more commonly escapes observation; so little indeed is it remarked, that I want a word to express it. I must use negatives on this occasion. I never heard any thing of pertness, or what is called repartee, out of her mouth; no pretence to wit, much less to that kind of wisdom, which is the result only of great learning and experience; the affectation of which in a young woman, is as absurd as any of the affectations of an ape. No dictatorial sentiments, no judicial opinions, no profound criticisms. Whenever I have seen her in the company of men, she hath been all attention, with the modesty of a learner, not the forwardness of a teacher. You'll pardon me for it, but I once, to try her only, desired her opinion on a point which was controverted between Mr Thwackum."

“ and Mr Square.” To which she answered with much sweetness, “ You will pardon me, good Mr Allworthy, “ I am sure you cannot in earnest think me capable of “ deciding any point in which two such gentlemen disagree.” “ Thwackum and Square, who both alike “ thought themselves sure of a favourable decision, seconded my request. She answered with the same good “ humour, “ I must absolutely be excused; for I will afford neither so much, as to give my judgment on his side.” Indeed, she always shewed the highest deference to the understandings of men; a quality absolutely essential to the making a good wife. I shall only add, that as she is most apparently void of all affection, this deference must be certainly real.”

Here Blifil fighed bitterly: upon which Western, whose eyes were full of tears at the praise of Sophia, blubbered out, “ Don’t be chicken-hearted, for shat ha her, d—n me, shat ha her, if she was twenty times as good.”

“ Remember your promise, Sir,” cried Allworthy, “ I was not to be interrupted.” “ Well, shat unt,” answered the squire, “ I won’t speak another word.”

“ Now, my good friend,” continued Allworthy, I have dwelt so long on the merit of this young lady, partly as I really am in love with her character, and partly that fortune (for the match in that light is really advantageous on my nephew’s side) might not be imagined to be my principal view in having so eagerly embraced the proposal. Indeed I heartily wished to receive so great a jewel into my family; but though I may wish for many good things, I would not therefore steal them, or be guilty of any violence or injustice to possess myself of them. Now, to force a woman into a marriage contrary to her consent or probation, is an act of such injustice and oppression, that I wish the laws of our country could restrain it; but a good conscience is never lawless in the worst regulated state, and will provide those laws for itself, which the neglect of legislators hath forgotten to supply. This is surely a case of that kind; for is it not cruel, nay, impious to force a woman into that state against her will; for her behaviour in which she is to

“ be

“ be accountable to the highest and most dreadful court  
“ of judicature, and to answer at the peril of her soul?  
“ To discharge the matrimonial duties in an adequate  
“ manner is no easy task, and shall we lay this burden  
“ upon a woman while we at the same time deprive her  
“ of all that assistance which may enable her to undergo  
“ it? Shall we tear her very heart from her, while we  
“ enjoin her duties to which a whole heart is scarce equal.  
“ I must speak very plainly here: I think parents who  
“ act in this manner are accessaries to all the guilt which  
“ their children afterwards incur, and of course must,  
“ before a just judge, expect to partake of their punish-  
“ ment; but if they could avoid this, good heaven! is  
“ there a soul who can bear the thought of having con-  
“ tributed to the damnation of his child.”

“ For these reasons, my best neighbour, as I see the  
“ inclinations of this young lady are most unhappily  
“ averse to my nephew, I must decline any further  
“ thoughts of the honour you intended him, though I  
“ assure you I shall always retain the most grateful sense  
“ of it.”

“ Well, Sir,” said Western, (the froth bursting forth  
from his lips the moment they were uncorked) “ you  
“ cannot say but I have heard you out, and now I ex-  
“ pect you’ll hear me; and if I don’t answer every word  
“ on’t, why then I’ll consent to gee the matter up. First  
“ then I desire you to answer me one question, Did not  
“ I beget her? did not I beget her? answer me that.  
“ They say indeed it is a wise father that knows his own  
“ child; but I am sure I have the best title to her, for  
“ I bred her up. But I believe you will allow me to be  
“ her father, and if I be, am I not to govern my own  
“ child? I ask you that; am I not to govern my own  
“ child? and if I am to govern her in other matters,  
“ surely, I am to govern her in this which concerns her  
“ most. And what am I desiring all this while? Am I  
“ desiring her to do any thing for me? to give me any  
“ thing?—Zo much on t’other side, that I am only de-  
“ siring her to take away half my estate now, and t’other  
“ half when I die. Well, and what is it all vor? Why  
“ is unt it to make her happy? It’s enough to make one

" mad to hear volks talk ; if I was going to marry my-  
 " self, then she would ha reason to cry and to blubber ;  
 " but, on the contrary, han't I offered to bind down my  
 " land in such a manner, that I could not marry if I would,  
 " seeing as narro' woman upon earth would ha me.  
 " What the devil in hell can I do more ? I contribute  
 " to her damnation !—Zounds ! I'd see all the world  
 " d——n'd bevore her little vinger should be hurt. In-  
 " deed, Mr Allworthy, you must excuse me, but I am  
 " surprised to hear you talk in such a manner, and I  
 " must say, take it how you will, that I thought you  
 " had more sense."

Allworthy resented this reflection only with a smile ;  
 nor could he, if he would have endeavoured it, have  
 conveyed into that smile any mixture of malice or  
 contempt. His smiles at folly were indeed such as we may  
 suppose the angels bestow on the absurdities of man-  
 kind.

Blifil now desired to be permitted to speak a few  
 words. " As to using any violence on the young lady,  
 " I am sure I shall never consent to it. My conscience  
 " will not permit me to use violence on any one, much  
 " less on a lady for whom, however cruel she is to me,  
 " I shall always preserve the purest and sincerest affection ;  
 " but yet I have read, that women are seldom proof a-  
 " gainst perseverance. Why may I not hope then by  
 " such perseverance at last to gain those inclinations, in  
 " which for the future I shall, perhaps, have no rival ;  
 " for as for this lord, Mr Western is so kind as to pre-  
 " fer me to him ; and sure, Sir, you will not deny but  
 " that a parent hath at least a negative voice in these  
 " matters ; nay, I have heard this very young lady her-  
 " self say so more than once, and declare, that she  
 " thought children inexcusable who married in direct op-  
 " position to the will of their parents. Besides, though  
 " the other ladies of the family seem to favour the pre-  
 " tensions of my lord, I do not find the lady herself is  
 " inclined to give him any countenance ; alas ! I am too  
 " well assured she is not ; I am too sensible that wicked-  
 " est of men remains uppermost in her heart."

" Ay, ay, so he does," cries Western.

" But

" But surely," says Blifil, " when she hears of this murder which he hath committed, if the law should spare his life?"

" What's that! cries Western; " murder! hath he committed a murder, and is there any hopes of seeing him hanged?—Tol de rol, tol, lol de rol." Here he fell a singing and capering about the room.

" Child," says Allworthy, " this unhappy passion of yours distresses me beyond measure. I heartily pity you, and would do every thing to promote your success."

" I desire no more," cries Blifil; " I am convinced my dear uncle hath a better opinion of me than to think that I myself would accept of more."

" Looke," says Allworthy, " you have my leave to write, to visit if she will permit it;—but I insist on no thoughts of violence: I will have no confinement, nothing of that kind attempted."

" Well, well," cries the 'squire, " nothing of that kind shall be attempted; we will try a little longer what fair means will effect; and if this fellow be but hanged out of the way—Tol, lol de rol. I never heard better news in my life; I warrant every thing goes to my mind.—Do, prithee, dear Allworthy, come and dine with me at the Hercules Pillars: I have bespoke a shoulder of mutton-roasted, and a spare-rib of pork, and a fowl and egg sauce. There will be nobody but ourselves, unless we have a mind to have the landlord; for I have sent Parson Supple down to Basingstoke after my tobacco box, which I left at an inn there, and I would not lose it for the world; for it is an old acquaintance of above twenty years standing. I can tell you landlord is a vast comical bitch; you will like un hugely."

Mr Allworthy at last agreed to this invitation, and soon after the 'squire went off singing and capering at the hopes of seeing the speedy tragical end of poor Jones.

When he was gone, Mr Allworthy resumed the aforesaid subject with much gravity. He told his nephew, " He wished with all his heart he would endeavour to conquer

" conquer

“ conquer a passion, in which I cannot,” says he, “ flatten you with any hopes of succeeding. It is certainly a vulgar error, that aversion in a woman may be conquered by perseverance. Indifference may perhaps sometimes yield to it; but the usual triumphs, gained by the perseverance of a lover, are over caprice, imprudence, affectation, and often an exorbitant degree of levity, which excites women, not over-warm in their constitutions, to indulge their vanity, by prolonging the time of courtship, even when they are well enough pleased with the object, and resolve (if ever they resolve at all) to make him a very pitiful amends in the end. But a fixed dislike, as I am afraid this is, will rather gather strength, than be conquered by time. Besides, my dear, I have another apprehension which you must excuse. I am afraid this passion, which you have for this fine young creature, hath her beautiful person too much for its object, and is unworthy of the name of that love, which is the only foundation of matrimonial felicity. To admire, to like, and to long for the possession of a beautiful woman, without any regard to her sentiments towards us, is, I am afraid, too natural; but love, I believe, is the child of love only; at least I am pretty confident, that to love the creature, who, we are assured hates us, is not in human nature. Examine your heart, therefore, thoroughly, my good boy; and if upon examination you have but the least suspicion of this kind, I am sure your own virtue and religion will impel you to drive so vicious a passion from your heart, and your good sense will soon enable you to do it without pain.”

The reader may pretty well guess Blifil’s answer; but, if he should be at a loss, we are not at present at leisure to satisfy him, as our history now hastens on to matters of higher importance, and we can no longer bear to be absent from Sophia.

## C H A P. IV.

*An extraordinary Scene between Sophia and her Aunt.*

THE lowing heifer and the bleating ewe, in herds and flocks, may ramble safe and unregarded thro' the pastures. These are indeed hereafter doomed to be the prey of man; yet many years are they suffered to enjoy their liberty undisturbed. But if a plump doe be discovered to have escaped from the forest, and to repose herself in some field or grove, the whole parish is presently alarmed, every man is ready to set his dogs after her; and if she is preserved from the rest by the good 'squire, it is only that he may secure her for his own eating.

I have often considered a very fine young woman of fortune and fashion, when first found strayed from the pale of her nursery, to be in pretty much the same situation with his doe. The town is immediately in an uproar; she is hunted from park to play, from court to assembly, from assembly to her own chamber, and rarely escapes a single season from the jaws of some devourer or other: for, if her friends protect her from some, it is only to deliver her over to one of their own chusing, often more disagreeable to her than any of the rest; while whole herds or flocks of other women, securely and scarce regarded, traverse the park, the play, the opera, and the assembly; and though, for the most part at least, they are at last devoured, yet for a long time do they wanton in liberty without disturbance or controul.

Of all these paragons, none ever tasted more of this persecution than poor Sophia. Her ill stars were not contented with all that she had suffered on account of Blifil; they now raised her another pursuer, who seemed likely to torment her no less than the other had done: for, though her aunt was less violent, she was no less affiduous in teasing her, than her father had been before.

The servants were no sooner departed after dinner, than Mrs Western, who had opened the matter to Sophia, informed

formed her, "That she expected his lordship that very afternoon, and intended to take the first opportunity of leaving her alone with him." "If you do, Madam," answered Sophia with some spirit, "I shall take the first opportunity of leaving him by himself." "How! Madam!" cries the aunt, "is this the return you make me for my kindness in relieving you from your confinement at your father's?" "You know, Madam," said Sophia, "the cause of that confinement was a refusal to comply with my father, in accepting a man I detested; and will my dear aunt, who hath relieved me from that distress, involve me in another equally bad?" "And do you think then, Madam," answered Mrs Western, "that there is no difference between my Lord Fellamar and Mr Blifil?" "Very little, in my opinion," cries Sophia; "and, if I must be condemned to one, I would certainly have the merit of sacrificing myself to my father's pleasure." "Then my pleasure I find," faith the aunt, "hath very little weight with you; but that consideration shall not move me. I act from nobler motives. The view of aggrandizing my family, of ennobling yourself, is what I proceed upon. Have you no sense of ambition? Are there no charms in the thoughts of having a coronet on your coach?" "None, upon my honour," said Sophia. "A pincushion upon my coach would please me as well." "Never mention honour," cries the aunt, "it becomes not the mouth of such a wretch. I am sorry, niece, you force me to use these words; but I cannot bear your grovelling temper; you have none of the blood of the Westerns in you. But however mean and base your own ideas are, you shall bring no imputation on mine. I will never suffer the world to say of me, that I encouraged you in refusing one of the best matches in England; a match which, besides its advantage in fortune, would do honour to almost any family, and hath indeed, in title, the advantage of ours." "Surely," says Sophia, "I am born deficient, and have not the senses with which other people are blessed; there must be certainly some sense which can relish the delights of sound

" and

" and show, which I have not : for surely mankind would not labour so much, nor sacrifice so much for the obtaining, nor would they be so elate and proud with possessing, what appeared to them, as it doth to me, the most insignificant of all trifles."

" No, no, Miss ;" cries the aunt ; " you are born with as many senses as other people ; but I assure you, you are not born with a sufficient understanding to make a fool of me, or to expose my conduct to the world. So I declare this to you upon my word, and you know, I believe, how fixed my resolutions are, unless you agree to see his lordship this afternoon, I will, with my own hands, deliver you to-morrow morning to my brother, and will never henceforth interfere with you, or see your face again." Sophia stood a few moments silent after this speech, which was uttered in a most angry and preemtory tone ; and then bursting into tears, she cry'd, " Do with me, Madam, whatever you please ; I am the most miserable undone wretch upon earth ; if my dear aunt forsakes me, where shall I look for a protector ?" — " My dear niece," cries she, " you will have a very good protector in his lordship ; a protector, whom nothing but a hankering after that vile fellow Jones can make you decline." " Indeed, Madam," said Sophia, " you wrong me. How can you imagine, after what you have shewn me, if I had ever any such thoughts, that I should not banish them for ever. If it will satisfy you, I will receive the sacrament upon it, never to see his face again." — " But child, dear child," said the aunt, " be reasonable : can you invent a single objection ?" — " I have already, I think, told you a sufficient objection," answered Sophia — " What," cries the aunt ; " I remember none." " Sure, Madam," I told you he had used me in the rudest and vilest manner." " Indeed, child," answered she, " I never heard you, or did not understand you : — But what do you mean by this rude and vile manner ?" — " Indeed, Madam," said Sophia, " I am almost ashamed to tell you. He caught me in his arms, pulled me down upon the settee, and thrust his hand into my bosom and kissed it with such violence, that I

“ have the mark upon my left breast at this moment.”  
“ Indeed !” said Mrs Western. “ Yes, indeed, Ma-  
“ dam,” answered Sophia; “ my father luckily came in  
“ at that instant, or heaven knows what rudeness he in-  
“ tended to have proceeded to.” “ I am aftornished and  
“ confounded,” cries the aunt. “ No woman of the  
“ name of Western hath been treated so, since we were  
“ a family. I would have torn the eyes of a prince out,  
“ if he had attempted such freedoms with me. It is  
“ impossible : sure, Sophia, you must invent this to raise  
“ my indignation against him.” “ I hope, Madam,”  
said Sophia, “ you have too good opinion of me, to ima-  
“ gine me capable of telling an untruth. Upon my soul  
“ its true.” “ I should have stabbed him to the heart  
“ had I been present,” returned the aunt. “ Yet sure-  
“ ly he could have no dishonourable design: it is impos-  
“ sible; he durst not: besides, his proposals shew he had  
“ not; for they are not only honourable but generous.  
“ I don’t know; the age allows too great freedom. A  
“ distant salute is all I would have allowed before the ce-  
“ remony. I have had lovers formerly, not so long ago  
“ neither; several lovers, though I never would consent  
“ to marriage, and I never encouraged the least freedom.  
“ It is a foolish custom, and what I never would agree  
“ to.—“ No man kissed more of me than my cheek.  
“ It is as much as one can bring one’s self to give lips  
“ up to a husband: and, indeed, could I ever have been  
“ persuaded to marry, I believe I should not have soon  
“ been brought to endure so much.” “ You will par-  
“ don me, dear Madam,” said Sophia, “ if I make one  
“ observation: you own you have had many lovers, and  
“ the world knows it, even if you should deny it. You  
“ refused them all, and I am convinced one coronet at  
“ least among them.” “ You say true, dear Sophia,”  
answered she; I had once the offer of a title; but it  
“ was not so good an offer; that is, not so very, very  
“ good an offer.”—“ Yes, Madam,” said Sophia; “ but  
“ you have had very great proposals from men of vast  
“ fortunes. It was not the first, nor the second, nor the  
“ third advantageous match that offered itself.” “ I  
“ own it was not,” said she. “ Well, Madam,” continu-

ed

ed Sophia, “ and why may I not expect to have a second, perhaps better than this ? You are now but a young woman, and I am convinced would not promise to yield to the first lover of fortune, nay, or of title too. I am a very young woman, and sure I need not deserve pair.” “ Well, my dear, dear Sophy,” cries the aunt, “ what would you have me say ? ” “ Why, I only beg that I may not be left alone, at least this evening : grant me that, and I will submit, if you think, after what has past, I ought to see him in your company.” “ Well, I grant it,” cries the aunt. “ Sophy, you know I love you, and can deny you nothing. You know the easiness of my nature ; I have not always been so easy. I have been formerly thought cruel ; by the men I mean. I was called the cruel Parthenissa. I have broke many a window that has had verses to the cruel Parthenissa in it.—Sophy, I was never so handsome as you, and yet I had something of you formerly. I am a little altered. Kingdoms and states, as Tully Cicero says in his epistles, undergo alterations, and so must the human form.” Thus she ran on for near half an hour upon herself, and her conquests and her cruelty, till the arrival of my Lord, who, after a most tedious visit, during which Mrs Western never once offered to leave the room, retired, not much more satisfied with the aunt than with the niece. For Sophia had brought her aunt into so excellent a temper, that she consented to almost every thing her niece said ; and agreed, that a little distant behaviour might not be improper to so forward a lover.

Thus Sophia, by a little well-directed flattery, for which surely none will blame her, obtained a little ease for herself, and, at least, put off the evil day.—And now we have seen our heroine in a better situation than she hath been for a long time before, we will look a little after Mr Jones, whom we left in the most deplorable situation that can be well imagined.

to her woman's bosom where soft and yielding to a gentle pressure  
of such a kind as would not offend the mind and  
about two to yesterdays end and go back to nothing special  
**C H A P V.**

*Mrs Miller and Mr Nightingale visit Jones in the  
Prison.*

**W**HEN Mr Allworthy and his nephew went to meet Mr Western, Mrs Miller set forward to her son-in-law's lodgings, in order to acquaint him with the accident which had befallen his friend Jones, but he had known it long before from Partridge, (for Jones, when he left Mrs Miller, had been furnished with a room in the same house with Mr Nightingale.) The good woman found her daughter under great affliction on account of Jones, whom having comforted as well as she could, she set forwards to the Gate-house, where he was, and where Mr Nightingale was arrived before her.

The firmness and constancy of a true friend is a circumstance so extremely delightful to persons in any kind of distress, that the distress itself, if it be only temporary, and admits of relief, is more than compensated by bringing this comfort with it. Nor are instances of this kind so rare, as some superficial and inaccurate observers have reported. To say the truth, want of compassion is not to be numbered among our general faults. The black ingredient which fouls our dispositions is envy. Hence our eye is seldom, I am afraid, turned upwards to those who are manifestly greater, better, wiser, or happier than ourselves without some degree of malignity; while we commonly look downwards on the mean and miserable, with sufficient benevolence and pity. In fact, I have remarked, that most of the defects which have discovered themselves in the friendships within my observation, have arisen from envy only; a hellish vice; and yet one from which I have known very few absolutely exempt. But enough of a subject which, if pursued, would lead me too far.

Whether it was that fortune was apprehensive left Jones should sink under the weight of his adversity, and that she might thus lose any future opportunity of tormenting

menting him ; or whether she really abated somewhat of her severity towards him, she seemed a little to relax her persecution, by sending him the company of two such faithful friends, and what is perhaps more rare, a faithful servant. For Partridge, tho' he had many imperfections, wanted not fidelity ; and though fear would not suffer him to be hanged for his master, yet the world, I believe, could not have bribed him to desert his cause.

While Jones was expressing great satisfaction in the presence of his friends, Partridge brought an account that Mr Fitzpatrick was still alive, though the surgeon declared, that he had very little hopes. Upon which Jones fetching a deep sigh, Nightingale said to him, " My " dear Tom, why should you afflict yourself so upon an " accident, which, whatever be the consequence, can be " attended with no danger to you, and in which your " conscience cannot accuse you of having been in the " least to blame. If the fellow should die, what have " you done more than taken away the life of a ruffian " in your own defence ? So will the coroner's inquest " certainly find it ; and then you will be easily admitted " to bail : and though you must undergo a kind of a " trial, yet it is a trial which many men would stand for " you for a shilling." " Come, come, Mr Jones," said Mrs Miller, " cheer yourself up. I knew you would " not be the aggressor, and so I told Mr Allworthy, and " so he shall acknowledge too before I have done with " him."

Jones gravely answered, " That whatever might be " his fate, he should always lament the having shed the " blood of one of his fellow-creatures, as one of the high- " est misfortunes which could have befallen him. But " I have another misfortune of the tenderest kind—O ! " Mrs Miller, I have lost what I held most dear upon " earth." " That must be a mistress," said Mrs Miller, " but come, come ; I know more than you imagine ; " (for indeed Partridge had blabbed all) " and I have " heard more than you know. Matters go better, I " promise you, than you think ; and I would not give " Blifil six-pence for all the chance which he hath of the " lady."

" Indeed

“Indeed, my dear friend, indeed,” answered Jones,  
“you are an entire stranger to the cause of my grief.  
“If you was acquainted with the story, you would al-  
“low my case admitted of no comfort. I apprehend  
“no danger from Blifil. I have undone myself.”—

“Don’t despair,” replied Mrs Miller; “you know not  
“what a woman can do: and if any thing be in my  
“power, I promise you I will do it to serve you. It is  
“my duty. My son, my dear Mr Nightingale, who is so  
“kind to tell me he hath obligations to you on the same  
“account, knows it is my duty. Shall I go to the  
“lady myself? I will say any think to her you would  
“have me say.”

“Thou best of women,” cries Jones, taking her by  
the hand, “talk not of obligation to me:—but, as  
“you have been so kind to mention it, there is a favour  
“which, perhaps, may be in your power. I see you  
“are acquainted with the lady (how you came by your  
“information I know not) who fits indeed very near my  
“heart. If you could contrive to deliver this, (giving  
“her a paper from his pocket), I shall ever acknowledge  
“your goodness.”

“Give it me,” said Mrs Miller. “If I see it not in  
“her own possession before I sleep, may my next sleep  
“be my last. Comfort yourself, my good young man;  
“be wise enough to take warning from past follies, and  
“I warrant all shall be well, and I shall yet see you hap-  
“py with the most charming young lady in the world;  
“for so I hear from every one she is.”

“Believe me, Madam,” said he, “I do not speak the  
“common cant of one in my unhappy situation. Before  
“this dreadful accident happened, I had resolv'd to  
“quit a life of which I was become sensible of the wick-  
“edness as well as folly. I do assure you, notwithstanding  
“the disturbances I have unfortunately occasioned  
“in your house, for which I heartily ask your pardon,  
“I am not an abandoned profligate. Though I have  
“hurried into vices, I do not approve of a vicious cha-  
“racter; nor will I ever, from this moment, de-  
“serve it.”

Mrs

Mrs Miller expressed great satisfaction in these declarations, in the sincerity of which she averred she had an entire faith: and now the remainder of the conversation past in the joint attempts of that good woman and Mr Nightingale, to cheer the dejected spirits of Mr Jones, in which they so far succeeded, as to leave him much better comforted and satisfied than they found him; to which happy alteration nothing so much contributed as the kind undertaking of Mrs Miller, to deliver his letter to Sophia, which he despaired of finding any means to accomplish; for when Black George produced the last from Sophia, he informed Partridge, that she had strictly charged him, on pain of having it communicated to her father, not to bring her any answer. He was moreover not a little pleased, to find he had so warm an advocate to Mr Allworthy himself in this good woman, who was in reality, one of the worthiest creatures in the world.

After about an hour's visit from the lady, (for Nightingale had been with him much longer) they both took their leave, promising to inquire into the state of Mr Fitzpatrick's wound, and likewise to find out some of the persons who were present at the encounter.

The former of these went directly in quest of Sophia, whither we likewise shall now attend her.

## C H A P. VI.

*In which Mrs Miller pays a Visit to Sophia.*

**A**CCESS to the young lady was by no means difficult; for as she lived now on a perfect friendly footing with her aunt, she was at full liberty to receive what visitant, she pleased.

Sophia was dressing, when she was acquainted that there was a gentlewoman below to wait on her. As she was neither afraid nor ashamed, to see any one of her own sex, Mrs Miller was immediately admitted.

Curt'fies and the usual ceremonials between women who are strangers to each other being past, Sophia said, "I have not the pleasure to know you, Madam." "No, Madam," answered Mrs Miller, "and I must beg par-  
" don

“ don for intruding upon you. But when you know  
“ what has induced me to give you this trouble, I hope  
—“ Pray, what is your business, Madam ?” said So-  
phia, with a little emotion. “ Madam, we are not  
“ alone,” replied Mrs Miller, in a low voice. “ Go out  
“ Betty,” said Sophia.

When Betty was departed, Mrs Miller said, “ I was  
“ desired, Madam, by a very unhappy young gentleman,  
“ to deliver you this letter.” Sophia changed colour  
when she saw the direction, well knowing the hand, and  
after some hesitation, said,—“ I could not conceive,  
“ Madam, from your appearance, that your business had  
“ been of such a nature.—Whomever you brought this  
“ letter from, I shall not open it. I should be sorry to  
“ entertain an unjust suspicion of any one; but you are  
“ an utter stranger to me.”

“ If you will have patience, Madam,” answered Mrs  
Miller, “ I will acquaint you who I am, and how I came  
“ by that letter.” “ I have no curiosity, Madam to  
“ know any thing,” cries Sophia; “ but I must insist on  
“ your delivering that letter back to the person who  
“ gave it you.”

Mrs Miller then fell upon her knees, and in the most  
passionate terms, implored her compassion; to which So-  
phia answered: “ Sure, Madam, it is surprising you  
“ should be so very strongly interested in the behalf of  
“ this person. I would not think, Madam,”—“ No,  
“ Madam,” says Mrs Miller, “ you shall not think any  
“ thing but the truth. I will tell you all, and you will  
“ not wonder that I am interested. He is the best-natu-  
“ red creature that ever was born.”—She then began  
and related the story of Mr Anderson.—After this she  
cried, “ This, Madam, this is his goodness: but I have  
“ much more tender obligations to him. He hath pre-  
“ served my child.”—Here, after shedding some  
tears, she related every thing concerning that fact, sup-  
pressing only those circumstances which would have most  
reflected on her daughter, and concluded with saying,  
“ Now, Madam, you shall judge whether I can ever do  
“ enough for so kind, so good, so generous a young man:

“ and

" and sure he is the best and worthiest of all human beings."

The alterations in the countenance of Sophia had hitherto been chiefly to her disadvantage, and had inclined her complexion to too great paleness; but she now waxed redder, if possible, than vermillion, and cried, "I know not what to say; certainly what arises from gratitude cannot be blamed.—But what service can my reading this letter do your friend, since I am resolved never?"—Mrs Miller fell again to her intreaties, and begged to be forgiven, but she could not, she said, carry it back. "Well, Madam," says Sophia, "I cannot help it, if you will force it upon me.—Certainly you may leave it whether I will or no." What Sophia meant, or whether she meant any thing, I will not presume to determine: but Mrs Miller actually understood this as a hint, and, presently laying the letter down on the table, took her leave, having first begged permission to wait again on Sophia; which request had neither assent nor denial.

The letter lay upon the table no longer than till Mrs Miller was out of sight; for then Sophia opened and read it.

This letter did very little service to his cause; for it consisted of little more than confessions of his own unworthiness, and bitter lamentations of despair, together with the most solemn protestations of his unalterable fidelity to Sophia, of which, he said, he hoped to convince her, if he had ever more the honour of being admitted to her presence, and that he could account for the letter to Lady Bellaston in such a manner, that, though it would not intitle him to her forgiveness, he hoped at least to obtain it from her mercy; and concluded with moving, that nothing was ever less in his thoughts than to marry Lady Bellaston.

Though Sophia read the letter twice over with great attention, his meaning still remained a riddle to her; nor could her invention suggest to her any means to excuse Jones. She certainly remained very angry with him, though indeed Lady Bellaston took up so much of her re-

sentment, that her gentle mind had but little left to bestow on any other person.

That lady was most unluckily to dine this very day with her aunt Western, and, in the afternoon, they were all three by appointment to go together to the opera, and thence to Lady Thomas Hatchet's drum. Sophia would have gladly been excused from all, but she would not disoblige her aunt; and, as to the arts of counterfeiting illness, she was so entirely a stranger to them, that it never once entered into her head. When she was dress'd, therefore, down she went, resolved to encounter all the horrors of the day; and a most disagreeable one it proved, for Lady Bellaston took every opportunity very civilly and flily to insult her; to all which her dejection of spirits disabled her from making any return; and indeed, to confess the truth, she was at the very best but an indifferent mistress of repartee.

Another misfortune which befel poor Sophia was the company of Lord Fellamar, whom she met at the opera, and who attended her to the drum: and though both places were too public to admit of any particularities, and she was farther relieved by the music at the one place, and by the cards at the other, she could not however enjoy herself in his company; for there is something of delicacy in women, which will not suffer them to be even easy in the presence of a man whom they know to have pretensions to them, which they are disinclined to favour.

Having in this chapter twice mentioned a drum, a word which our posterity, it is hoped, will not understand in the sense it is here applied, we shall, notwithstanding our present haste, stop a moment to describe the entertainment here meant, and the rather as we can in a moment describe it.

A drum then is an assembly of well-dress'd persons of both sexes, most of whom play at cards, and the rest do nothing at all; while the mistress of the house performs the part of the landlady at an inn, and, like the landlady of an inn, prides herself in the number of her guests, though she doth not always, like her, get any thing by it.

No wonder then, as so much spirits must be required to support any vivacity in these scenes of dullness, that we hear persons of fashion eternally complaining of the want of them; a complaint confined entirely to upper life. How insupportable must we imagine this round of impertinence to have been to Sophia at this time; how difficult must she have found it to force the appearance of gaiety into her looks, when her mind dictated nothing but the tenderest sorrow, and when every thought was charged with tormenting ideas.

Night, however, at last restored her to her pillow, where we will leave her to sooth her melancholy at least, though incapable we fear of rest, and shall pursue our history, which, something whispers us, is now arrived at the eve of some great event.

### C H A P. VII.

*A pathetic scene between Mr Allworthy and Mrs Miller.*

MRS MILLER had a long discourse with Mr Allworthy, at his return from dinner, in which she acquainted him with Mr Jones's having unfortunately lost all which he was pleased to bestow on him at their separation, and with the distresses to which that loss had subjected him; of all which she had received a full account from the faithful retailer Partridge. She then explained the obligations she had to Jones; not that she was entirely explicit with regard to her daughter; for though she had the utmost confidence in Mr Allworthy, and though there could be no hopes of keeping an affair secret, which was unhappily known to more than half a dozen, yet she could not prevail with herself to mention those circumstances which reflected most on the chastity of poor Nancy, but smothered that part of her evidence as cautiously as if she had been before a judge, and the girl was now on her trial for the murder of a bastard.

Allworthy said, there were few characters so absolutely vicious as not to have the least mixture of good in them. "However," says he, "I cannot deny but that you had some obligations to the fellow, bad as he is, and I shall

“ therefore excuse what hath past already, but must in  
“ sit you never mention his name to me more; for I  
“ promise you, it was upon the fullest and plainest evi-  
“ dence, that I resolved to take the measures I have ta-  
“ ken.” “ Well, Sir,” says she, “ I make not the least  
“ doubt but time will shew all matters in their true and  
“ natural colours, and that you will be convinced this  
“ poor young man deserves better of you than some other  
“ folks that shall be nameless.”

“ Madam,” cries Allworthy, a little ruffled, “ I will  
“ not hear any reflections on my nephew; and, if you  
“ ever say a word more of that kind, I will depart from  
“ your house that instant. He is the worthiest and best  
“ of men; and I once more repeat it to you, he hath  
“ carried his friendship to this man to a blameable length,  
“ by too long concealing facts of the blackest die. The  
“ ingratitude of the wretch to this good young man is  
“ what I most resent; for, Madam, I have the greatest  
“ reason to imagine he had laid a plot to supplant my  
“ nephew in my favour, and to have disinherited him.”

“ I am sure, Sir,” answered Mrs Miller, a little  
frightened, (for, though Mr Allworthy had the utmost  
sweetness and benevolence in his smiles, he had great  
terror in his frowns,) “ I shall never speak against any  
gentleman you are pleased to think well of. I am  
sure, Sir, such behaviour would very little become me,  
especially when the gentleman is your nearest relation;  
but, Sir, you must not be angry with me, you must  
not indeed, for my good wishes to this poor wretch.  
Sure I may call him so now, though once you would  
have been angry with me if I had spoke of him with  
the least disrespect. How often have I heard you call  
him your son? how often have you prattled to me of  
him, with all the fondness of a parent? Nay, Sir, I  
cannot forget the many tender expressions, the many  
good things you have told me of his beauty, and his  
parts, and his virtues; of his good-nature and gene-  
rosity.—I am sure, Sir, I cannot forget them; for  
I find them all true. I have experienced them in my  
own cause. They have preserved my family. You must  
pardon my tears, Sir, indeed you must, when I consider

“ the

“the cruel reverse of fortune which this poor youth, to  
“whom I am so much obliged, hath suffered; when I  
“consider the loss of your favour, which I know he va-  
“lued more than his life, I must, I must lament him.  
“If you had a dagger in your hand, ready to plunge into  
“my heart, I must lament the misery of one whom you  
“have loved, and I shall ever love.”

Allworthy was pretty much moved with this speech, but it seemed not to be with anger; for, after a short silence, taking Mrs Miller by the hand, he said very affectionately to her, “Come, Madam, let us consider a little about your daughter. I cannot blame you for rejoicing in a match which promises to be advantageous to her; but you know this advantage, in a great measure, depends on the father’s reconciliation. I know Mr Nightingale very well, and have formerly had concerns with him; I will make him a visit, and endeavour to serve you in this matter. I believe he is a worldly man; but as this is an only son, and the thing is now irretrievable, perhaps he may in time be brought to reason. I promise you I will do all I can for you.”

Many were the acknowledgments which the poor woman made to Allworthy, for this kind and generous offer, nor could she refrain from taking this occasion again to express her gratitude towards Jones, “to whom,” said she, “I owe the opportunity of giving you, Sir, this present trouble.” Allworthy gently stopped her; but he was too good a man to be really offended with the effects of so noble a principle as now actuated Mrs Miller; and indeed had not this new affair inflamed his former anger against Jones, it is possible he might have been a little softened towards him, by the report of an action which malice itself could not have derived from an evil motive.

Mr Allworthy and Mrs Miller had been above an hour together, when their conversation was put an end to by the arrival of Blifil, and another person, which other person was no other than Mr Dowling, the attorney, who was now become a great favourite with Mr Blifil, and whom Mr Allworthy, at the desire of his nephew, had made

made his steward ; and had likewise recommended him to Mr Western, from whom the attorney received a promise of being promoted to the same office upon the first vacancy ; and, in the mean time, was employed in transacting some affairs which the 'squire then had in London, in relation to a mortgage.

This was the principal affair which then brought Mr Dowling to town ; therefore he took the same opportunity to charge himself with some money for Mr Allworthy, and to make a report to him of some other business ; in all which, as it was of much too dull a nature to find any place in this history, we will leave the uncle, nephew, and their lawyer concerned, and resort to other matters.

### CHAP. VIII.

*Containing various matters.*

BEFORE we return to Mr Jones, we will take one more view of Sophia.

Though that young lady had brought her aunt into great good humour by those soothing methods, which we have before related, she had not brought her in the least to abate of her zeal for the match with Lord Fellamar. This zeal was now inflamed by Lady Bellaston, who had told her the preceding evening, that she was well satisfied from the conduct of Sophia, and from her carriage to his lordship, that all delays would be dangerous, and that the only way to succeed was to press the match forward with such rapidity, that the young lady should have no time to reflect, and be obliged to consent, while she scarce knew what she did ; in which manner, she said, one half of the marriages among people of condition were brought about. A fact very probably true, and to which I suppose is owing the mutual tenderness which afterwards exists among so many happy couples.

A hint of the same kind was given by the said Lady to Lord Fellamar ; and both these so readily embraced the advice, that the very next day was, at his lordship's request, appointed by Mrs Western for a private interview between the young parties. This was communicated

ted to Scphia by her aunt, and insisted upon in such high terms, that, after having urged every thing she could possibly invent against it, without the least effect, she at last agreed to give the highest instance of complaisance which any young lady can give, and consented to see his lordship.

As conversations of this kind afford no great entertainment, we shall be excused from reciting the whole that past at this interview; in which, after his lordship had made many declarations of the most pure and ardent passion, to the silent blushing Sophia; she at last collected all the spirits she could raise, and with a trembling low voice said, " My lord, you must be yourself conscious whether your former behaviour to me hath been consistent with the professions you now make." " Is there," answered he, " no way by which I can atone for madness? what I did, I am afraid, must have too plainly convinced you, that the violence of love had deprived me of my senses." " Indeed, my lord," said she, " it is in your power to give me a proof of an affection, which I much rather wish to encourage, and to which I should think myself more beholding." — " Name it, Madam," said my Lord very warmly.— " My lord," says she, looking down upon her fan, " I know you must be sensible how uneasy this pretended passion of yours hath made me." — " Can you be so cruel to call it pretended?" says he, " Yes, my lord," answered Sophia, " all professions of love to those whom we persecute are most insulting pretences. This pursuit of yours is to me a most cruel persecution; nay, it is taking a most ungenerous advantage of my unhappy situation." " Most lovely, most adorable charmer, do not accuse me," cries he, " of taking an ungenerous advantage, while I have no thoughts but what are directed to your honour and interest; and while I have no view, no hope, no ambition, but to throw myself, honour, fortune, every thing, at your feet." " My Lord," says she, " it is that fortune, and those honours, which give you the advantage of which I complain. These are the charms which have seduced my relations, but to me they are things indifferent.

“ ferent. If your lordship will merit my gratitude, “ there is but one way.” —“ Pardon me, divine creature,” said he, “ there can be none. All I can do “ for you is so much your due, and will give me so much “ pleasure, that there is no room for your gratitude.” —“ Indeed, my lord, ” answered she, “ you may obtain “ my gratitude, my good opinion, every kind thought “ and wish which it is in my power to bestow; nay, you “ may obtain them with ease; for sure to a generous “ mind it must be easy to grant my request. Let me be- “ seech you then, to cease a pursuit in which you can “ never have any success. For your own sake as well “ as mine, I intreat this favour: for sure you are “ too noble to have any pleasure in tormenting an un- “ happy creature. What can your lordship propose but “ uneasiness to yourself, by a perseverance which, upon “ my honour, upon my soul, cannot, shall not prevail “ with me, whatever distresses you may drive me to.” —  
Here my lord fetched a deep sigh, and then said, —“ Is “ it then, Madam, that I am so unhappy to be the object “ of your dislike and scorn; or will you pardon me if I “ suspect there is some other?” —Here he hesitated, and Sophia answered with some spirit, “ My lord, I shall “ not be accountable to you for the reasons of my con- “ duct. I am obliged to your lordship for the generous “ offer you have made; I own it is beyond either my “ deserts or expectations; yet I hope, my lord, you will “ not insist on my reasons, when I declare I cannot ac- “ cept it.” Lord Fellamar returned much to this, which we do not perfectly understand, and perhaps it could not all be strictly reconciled either to sense or grammar; but he concluded his ranting speech with saying, “ that if “ she had pre-engaged herself to any gentleman, how- “ ever unhappy it would make him, he should think “ himself bound in honour to desist.” Perhaps my lord laid too much emphasis on the word gentleman; for we cannot else account for the indignation with which he inspired Sophia, who, in her answer, seemed greatly to resent some affront he had given her.

While she was speaking, with her voice more raised than usual, Mrs Western came into the room, the fire glaring

glaring in her cheeks, and the flames bursting from her eyes. "I am ashamed," says she, "my lord, of the reception which you have met with. I assure you: " lordship we are all sensible of the honour done us; " and I must tell you, Miss Western, the family expect a "different behaviour from you." Here my lord inter-fered on behalf of the young lady; but to no purpose; the aunt proceeded, till Sophia pulled out her handkerchief, threw herself into a chair, and burst into a violent fit of tears.

The remainder of the conversation between Mrs Western and his lordship, till the latter withdrew, consisted of bitter lamentations on his side, and on hers of the strongest assurances that her niece should and would consent to all he wished. "Indeed, my lord," says she, "the girl hath had a foolish education, neither adapted to her fortune nor her family. Her father, I am sorry to say it, is to blame for every thing. The girl hath silly country notions of bashfulness. Nothing else, my lord, upon my honour; I am convinced she hath a good understanding at the bottom, and will be brought to reason."

This last speech was made in the absence of Sophia; for she had some time before left the room with more appearance of passion than she had ever shewn on any occasion; and now his lordship, after many expressions of thanks to Mrs Western, many ardent professions of passion which nothing could conquer, and many assurances of perseverance, which Mrs Western highly encouraged, took his leave for this time.

Before we relate what now passed between Mrs Western and Sophia, it may be proper to mention an unfortunate accident which had happened, and which had occasioned the return of Mrs Western with so much fury, as we have seen.

The reader then must know, that the maid who at present attended on Sophia, was recommended by Lady Belaston, with whom she had lived for some time in the capacity of a comb-brush; she was a very sensible girl, and had received the strictest instructions to watch her young lady very carefully. These instructions, we are sorry to say,

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were communicated to her by Mrs Honour, into whose favour Lady Bellaston had now so ingratiated herself, that the violent affection which the good waiting-woman had formerly borne to Sophia, was entirely obliterated by that great attachment which she had to her new mistress.

Now when Mrs Miller was departed, Betty, (for that was the name of the girl) returning to her young lady, found her very attentively engaged in reading a long letter, and the visible emotions which she betrayed on that occasion might have well accounted for some suspicions which the girl entertained; but indeed they had yet a stronger foundation, for she had overheard the whole scene which passed between Sophia and Mrs Miller.

Mrs Western was acquainted with all this matter by Betty, who, after receiving many commendations, and some rewards for her fidelity, was ordered, that if the woman who brought the letter came again, she should introduce her to Mrs Western herself.

Unluckily Mrs Miller returned at the very time when Sophia was engaged with his lordship. Betty, according to order, sent her directly to the aunt; who being mistress of so many circumstances relating to what had passed the day before, easily imposed upon the poor woman to believe that Sophia had communicated the whole affair; and so pumped every thing out of her which she knew, relating to the letter, and relating to Jones.

This poor creature might indeed be called simplicity itself. She was one of that order of mortals who are apt to believe every thing which is said to them; to whom nature hath neither indulged the offensive nor defensive weapons of deceit, and who are consequently liable to be imposed upon by any one who will only be at the expence of a little falsehood for that purpose. Mrs Western having drained Mrs Miller of all she knew, which indeed was but little, but which was sufficient to make the aunt suspect a great deal, dismissed her with assurances that Sophia would not see her, that she would send no answer to the letter, nor ever receive another; nor did she suffer her to depart without a handsome lecture on the merits of an office, to which she could afford no better

name

name than that of procures. — This discovery had greatly discomposed her temper, when coming into the apartment next to that in which the lovers were, she overheard Sophia very warmly protesting against his lordship's addresses. At which the rage, already kindled, burst forth, and she rushed in upon her niece in a most furious manner, as we have already described, together with what past at that time till his lordship's departure.

No sooner was Lord Fellamar gone, than Mrs Western returned to Sophia, whom she upbraided in the most bitter terms, for the ill use she had made of the confidence reposed in her; and for her treachery in conversing with a man with whom she had offered but the day before to bind herself in the most solemn oath, never more to have any conversation. Sophia protested she had maintained no such conversation. "How, how! Miss Western," said the aunt, "will you deny your receiving a letter from him yesterday?" "A letter, Madam!" answered Sophia somewhat surprised. "It is not very well-bred, Miss," replies the aunt, "to repeat my words. I say a letter, and insist upon your shewing it me immediately." "I scorn a lie, Madam," said Sophia; "I did receive a letter, but it was without my desire, and indeed I may say against my consent." — "Indeed, indeed, Miss," cries the aunt, "you ought to be ashamed of owning you had received it at all; but where is the letter? for I will see it."

To this peremptory demand Sophia paused some time before she returned an answer; and at last only excused herself, by declaring she had not the letter in her pocket, which was indeed true: upon which her aunt, losing all manner of patience, asked her niece this short question, whether she would resolve to marry Lord Fellamar or no? to which she received the strongest negative. Mrs Western then replied with an oath, or something very like one, that she would early the next morning deliver her back into her father's hand.

Sophia then began to reason with her aunt in the following manner; "Why, Madam, must I of necessity be forced to marry at all? consider how cruel you would have thought it in your own case, and how much

“ kinder your parents were in leaving you to your liberty? What have I done to forfeit this liberty? I will never marry contrary to my father’s consent, nor without asking yours.—And when I ask the consent of either improperly, it will be then time enough to force some other marriage upon me.” “ Can I bear to hear this,” cries Mrs Western, “ from a girl who hath now a letter from a murderer in her pocket?” “ I have no such letter I promise you,” answered Sophia; “ and if he be a murderer, he will soon be in no condition to give you any further disturbance.” “ How, Miss Western,” said the aunt, “ have you the assurance to speak of him in this manner, to own your affection for such a villain to my face!” “ Sure, Madam,” said Sophia, “ you put a very strange construction on my words.” “ Indeed, Miss Western,” cries the lady, “ I shall not bear this usage; you have learnt of your father this manner of treating me; he hath taught you to give me the lie. He hath totally ruined you by his false system of education; and please Heaven he shall have the censures of its fruits: for once more I declare to you, that to-morrow morning I will carry you back. I will withdraw all my forces from the field, and remain henceforth, like the wise king of Prussia, in a state of perfect neutrality. You are both too wise to be regulated by my measures: so prepare yourself, for to-morrow morning you shall evacuate this house.”

Sophia remonstrated all she could; but her aunt was deaf to all she said. In this resolution, therefore, we must at present leave her, as there seems to be no hopes of bringing her to change it.

## C H A P. IX.

*What happened to Mr Jones in the Prison.*

**M**R JONES past about twenty-four melancholy hours by himself, unless when relieved by the company of Partridge, before Mr Nightingale returned; not that this worthy young man had deserted or forgot his friend, for

for indeed he had been much the greatest part of the time employed in his service.

He had heard, upon enquiry, that the only persons who had seen the beginning of the unfortunate rencontre were a crew belonging to a man of war which then lay at Deptford. To Deptford therefore he went in search of this crew, where he was informed, that the men he sought after were all gone ashore. He then traced them from place to place, till at last he found two of them drinking together, with a third person, at a hedge-tavern near Aldersgate.

Nightingale desired to speak to Jones by himself, (for Partridge was in the room when he came in). As soon as they were alone, Nightingale, taking Jones by the hand, cried, "Come, my brave friend, be not too much dejected at what I am going to tell you.—I am sorry I am the messenger of bad news; but I think it my duty to tell you." "I guess already what that bad news is," cries Jones. "The poor gentleman then is dead."—"I hope not," answered Nightingale.—"He was alive this morning; though I will not flatter you: I fear, from the accounts I could get, that his wound is mortal. But if the affair be exactly as you told it, your own remorse would be all you have reason to apprehend, let what would happen; but forgive me, my dear Tom, if I entreat you to make the worst of your story to your friends. If you disguise any thing to us, you will only be an enemy to yourself."

"What reason, my dear Jack, have I ever given you," said Jones, "to stab me with so cruel a suspicion?"—"Have patience," cries Nightingale, "and I will tell you all. After the most diligent enquiry I could make, I at last met with two of the fellows who were present at this unhappy accident, and I am sorry to say, they do not relate the story so much in your favour as you yourself have told it." "Why, what do they say?" cries Jones. "Indeed what I am sorry to repeat, as I am afraid of the consequence of it to you. They say that they were at too great a distance to overhear any words that passed between you; but they both

"agree,

“ agree, that the first blow was given by you.” “ Then, “ upon my soul,” answered Jones, “ they injure me, “ He not only struck me first, but struck me without “ the least provocation. What should induce those vil- “ lains to accuse me falsely?” “ Nay, that I cannot “ guess,” said Nightingale; “ and if you yourself, and “ I, who am so heartily your friend, cannot conceive a “ reason why they should belie you, what reason “ will an indifferent court of justice be able to assign “ why they should not believe them? I repeated the “ question to them several times, and so did another “ gentleman who was present, who, I believe, is a sea- “ faring man, and who really acted a very friendly part “ by you; for he begged them often to consider, that “ there was the life of a man in the case, and asked “ them over and over if they were certain; to which “ they both answered, that they were, and would abide “ by their evidence upon oath. For Heaven’s sake, my “ dear friend, recollect yourself; for if this should ap- “ pear to be the fact, it will be your business to think in “ time of your interest. I would not shock you; but “ you know, I believe, the severity of the law, whatever “ verbal provocations may have been given you”——  
“ Alas! my friend,” cries Jones, “ what interest hath “ such a wretch as I? Besides, do you think I would “ even wish to live with the reputation of a murderer? “ If I had any friends, (as, alas! I have none,) could I “ have the confidence to solicit them to speak in the be- “ half of a man condemned for the blackest crime in hu- “ man nature? Believe me I have no such hope; but I “ have some reliance on a throne still greatly superior, “ which will, I am certain, afford me all the protection “ I merit.”

He then concluded with many solemn and vehe-  
ment protestations of the truth of what he had at first  
asserted.

The faith of Nightingale was now again staggered, and began to incline to credit his friend, when Mrs Miller appeared, and made a sorrowful report of the success of her embassy; which, when Jones had heard, he cried out most heroically, “ Well, my friend, I am now in-  
different

"different as to what shall happen, at least with regard to my life; and if it be the will of Heaven that I shall make an atonement with that for the blood I have spilt, I hope the Divine Goodness will one day suffer my honour to be cleared, and that the words of a dying man at least will be believed, so far as to justify his character."

A very mournful scene now past between the prisoner and his friends, at which, as few readers would have been pleased to be present, so few, I believe, will desire to hear it particularly related. We will, therefore, pass on to the entrance of the turnkey, who acquainted Jones that there was a lady without who desired to speak with him when he was at leisure,

Jones declared his surprize at this message. He said, "he knew no lady in the world whom he could possibly expect to see there." However, as he saw no reason to decline seeing any person, Mrs Miller and Mr Nightingale presently took their leave, and he gave orders to have the lady admitted.

If Jones was surprised at the news of a visit from a lady, how greatly was he astonished when he discovered this lady to be no other than Mrs Waters! In this astonishment then we will leave him a while, in order to cure the surprize of the reader, who will likewise, probably, not a little wonder at the arrival of this lady.

Who this Mrs Waters was the reader pretty well knows; what she was, he must be perfectly satisfied. He will therefore be pleased to remember, that this lady departed from Upton in the same coach with Mr Fitzpatrick and the other Irish gentleman, and in their company travelled to Bath.

Now there was a certain office in the gift of Mr Fitzpatrick at that time vacant, namely, that of a wife; for the lady who had lately filled that office had resigned, or at least deserted her duty. Mr Fitzpatrick having therefore thoroughly examined Mrs Waters on the road, found her extremely fit for the place, which, on their arrival at Bath, he presently conferred upon her, and she, without any scruple accepted. As husband and wife this gentleman and lady continued together all the time they

stayed

stayed at Bath, and as husband and wife they arrived together in town.

Whether Mr Fitzpatrick was so wise a man as not to part with one good thing till he had secured another, which he had at present only a prospect of regaining; or whether Mrs Waters had so well discharged her office, that he intended still to retain her as principal, and to make his wife (as is often the case) only her deputy, I will not say; but certain it is, he never mentioned his wife to her, never communicated to her the letter given him by Mrs Western, nor ever once hinted his purpose of repossessing his wife; much less did he ever mention the name of Jones: for, though he intended to fight with him where-ever he met him, he did not imitate those prudent persons, who think a wife, a mother, a sister, or sometimes a whole family, the safest seconds on these occasions. The first account, therefore, which she had of all this, was delivered to her from his lips, after he was brought home from the tavern where his wound had been dress'd.

As Mr Fitzpatrick, however, had not the clearest way of telling a story at any time, and was now perhaps a little more confused than usual, it was some time before she discovered that the gentleman who had given him this wound was the very same person from whom her Heart had received a wound, which, though not of a mortal kind, was yet so deep that it had left a considerable scar behind it. But no sooner was she acquainted that Mr Jones himself was the man who had been committed to the Gate-house for this supposed murder, than she took the first opportunity of committing Mr Fitzpatrick to the care of his nurse, and hastened away to visit the conqueror.

She now entered the room with an air of gaiety, which received an immediate check from the melancholy aspect of poor Jones, who started and blessed himself when he saw her? Upon which she said, " Nay, I do not wonder at your surprize: I believe you did not expect to see me; for few gentlemen are troubled here with visits from any lady, unless a wife. You see the power you have over me, Mr Jones. Indeed I little thought,

" when

"when we parted at Upton, that our next meeting would have been in such a place." "Indeed, Madam," says Jones, "I must look upon this visit as kind; few will follow the miserable, especially to such dismal habitations." "I protest, Mr Jones," says she, "I can hardly persuade myself you are the same agreeable fellow I saw at Upton. Why, your face is more miserable than any dungeon in the universe. What can be the matter with you?" "I thought, Madam," said Jones, "as you knew of my being here, you knew the unhappy reason." "Pugh," says she, "you have pined a man in a duel; that's all." Jones express some indignation at this levity, and spoke with the utmost contrition for what had happened: to which she answered, "Well then, Sir, if you take it so much to heart, I will relieve you; the gentleman is not dead, and I am pretty confident is in no danger of dying. The surgeon indeed who dressed him was a young fellow, and seemed desirous of representing his case to be as bad as possible, that he might have the more honour from curing him; but the king's surgeon hath seen him since, and says, unless from a fever, of which there are at present no symptoms, he apprehends not the least danger of life." Jones shewed great satisfaction in his countenance at this report; upon which she affirmed the truth of it, adding, "By the most extraordinary accident in the world I lodge at the same house, and have seen the gentleman; and I promise you he doth you justice, and says, "Whatever be the consequence, that he was entirely the aggressor, and that you was not in the least to blame."

Jones expressed the utmost satisfaction at the account which Mrs Waters brought him. He then informed her of many things which she well knew before, as who Mr Fitzpatrick was, the occasion of his resentment, &c. He likewise told her several facts of which she was ignorant, as the adventure of the muff, and other particulars, concealing only the name of Sophia. He then lamented the follies and vices of which he had been guilty, every one of which, he said, had been attended with such ill consequences, that he should be unpardonable if he did

not take warning, and quit those vicious courses for the future. He lastly concluded with assuring her of his resolution to sin no more, lest a worse thing should happen to him.

Mrs Waters with great pleasantry, ridiculed all this, as the effects of low spirits and confinement. She repeated some witticisms about the devil when he was sick, and told him, "She doubted not but shortly to see him at " liberty, and as lively a fellow as ever : and then," says she, " I don't question but your conscience will be safely delivered of all these qualms that it is now so sick in " breeding."

Many more things of this kind she uttered, some of which it would do her no great honour, in the opinion of our readers, to remember ; nor are we quite certain but that the answers made by Jones would be treated with ridicule by others. We shall therefore suppress the rest of this conversation, and only observe, that it ended at last with perfect innocence, and much more to the satisfaction of Jones than of the lady : for the former was greatly transported with the news she had brought him ; but the latter was not altogether so pleased with the penitential behaviour of a man whom she had at her first interview conceived a very different opinion of from what she now entertained of him.

Thus the melancholy occasioned by the report of Mr Nightingale was pretty well effaced ; but the dejection into which Mrs Miller had thrown him still continued. The account she gave so well tallied with the words of Sophia herself in her letter, that he made not the least doubt but that she had disclosed his letter to her aunt, and had taken a fixed resolution to abandon him. The torments this thought gave him were to be equalled only by a piece of news which fortune yet had in store for him, and which we shall communicate in the second chapter of the ensuing book.

THE

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THE  
HISTORY  
OF A  
FOUNDLING.

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BOOK XVIII.

CONTAINING ABOUT SIX DAYS.

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CHAP. I.

*A farewell to the Reader.*

WE are now, reader, arrived at the last stage of our long journey. As we have therefore travelled together through so many pages, let us behave to one another like fellow-travellers in a stage-coach, who have passed several days in the company of each other ; and who, notwithstanding any bickerings or little animosities which may have occurred on the road, generally make all up at last, and mount, for the last time, into their vehicle with cheerfulness and good-humour ; since, after this one stage; it may possibly happen to us, as it commonly happens to them, never to meet more.

As I have here taken up this simile, give me leave to carry it a little farther: I intend then, in this last book, to imitate the good company I have mentioned in their last journey. Now, it is well known, that all jokes and raillery are at this time laid aside ; whatever characters any of the passengers have, for the jest-sake, personated on

the road, are now thrown off, and the conversation is usually plain and serious.

In the same manner, if I have now and then, in the course of this work, indulged any pleasantry for thy entertainment, I shall here lay it down. The variety of matter, indeed, which I shall be obliged to cram into this book, will afford no room for any of those ludicrous observations which I have elsewhere made, and which may sometimes, perhaps, have prevented thee from taking a nap when it was beginning to steal upon thee. In this last book thou wilt find nothing (or at most very little) of that nature. All will be plain narrative only; and, indeed, when thou hast perused the many great events which this book will produce, thou wilt think the number of pages contained in it scarce sufficient to tell the story.

And now, my friend, I take this opportunity (as I shall have no other) of heartily wishing thee well. If I have been an entertaining companion to thee, I promise thee it is what I desired. If in any thing I have offended, it was really without any intention. Some things perhaps here said may have hit thee or thy friends; but I do most solemnly declare they were not pointed at thee or them. I question not but thou hast been told, among other stories of me, that thou wast to travel with a very scurrilous fellow: but whoever told thee so, did me an injury. No man detests and despises scurrility more than myself; nor hath any man more reason, for none hath ever been treated with more: and what is a very severe fate, I have had some of the abusive writings of those very men fathered upon me, who in other of their works have abused me themselves with the utmost virulence.

All these works, however, I am well convinced, will be dead long before this page shall offer itself to thy perusal: for however short the period may be of my own performances, they will most probably outlive their own infirm Author, and the weakly productions of his abusive contemporaries.

## C H A P. II.

*Containing a very Tragical Incident.*

WHILE Jones was employed in those unpleasant meditations with which we left him tormenting himself, Partridge came stumbling into the room with his face paler than ashes, his eyes fixed in his head, his hair standing on end, and every limb trembling. In short, he looked as he would have done had he seen a spectre, or had he indeed been a spectre himself.

Jones, who was little subject to fear, could not avoid being somewhat shocked at his sudden appearance. He did indeed himself change colour, and his voice a little faltered, while he asked him what was the matter.

"I hope, Sir," said Partridge, "you will not be angry with me. Indeed I did not listen, but I was obliged to stay in the outward room. I am sure I wish I had been a hundred miles off, rather than have heard what I have heard." "Why, what is the matter?" said Jones. "The matter, Sir? O good heaven!" answered Partridge, "was that woman who is just gone out the woman who was with you at Upton?" "She was, Partridge," cries Jones. "And did you really, Sir, go to bed with that woman?" said he trembling—"I am afraid what past between us is no secret," said Jones.—"Nay, but pray, Sir, for heaven's sake, Sir, answer me," cries Partridge: "You know I did," cries Jones.—"Why then the Lord have mercy upon your soul, and forgive you," cries Partridge; "but as sure as I stand here alive you have been a-bed with your own mother."

Upon these words Jones became in a moment a greater picture of horror than Partridge himself. He was indeed, for some time struck dumb with amazement, and both stood staring wildly at each other. At last his words found way, and in an interrupted voice he said—"How! how! What's this you tell me?" "Nay, Sir," cries Partridge, "I have not breath enough left to tell you now—but what I have said is most certainly

"true

“ true——That woman who now went out is your own mother. How unlucky was it for you, Sir, that I did not happen to see her at that time, to have prevented it? Sure the devil himself must have contrived to bring about this wickedness.”

“ Sure,” cries Jones, “ fortune will never have done with me till she hath driven me to distraction. But why do I blame fortune? I am myself the cause of all my misery. All the dreadful mischiefs which have befallen me are the consequences only of my own folly and vice. What thou hast told me, Partridge, hath almost deprived me of my senses. And was Mrs Waters then——But why do I ask? For thou must certainly know her—If thou hast any affection for me; nay, if thou hast any pity, let me beseech thee to fetch this miserable woman back again to me. O good heavens! incest—with a mother! To what am I reserved?” He then fell into the most violent and frantic agonies of grief and despair, in which Partridge declared he would not leave him: but at last having vented the first torrent of passion, he came a little to himself; and then having acquainted Partridge that he would find this wretched woman in the same house where the wounded gentleman was lodged, he dispatched him in quest of her.

If the reader will please to refresh his memory, by turning to the scene at Upton in the ninth book, he will be apt to admire the many strange accidents which unfortunately prevented any interview between Partridge and Mrs Waters, when she spent a whole day there with Mr Jones. Instances of this kind we may frequently observe in life, where the greatest events are produced by a nice train of little circumstances; and more than one example may be discovered by the accurate eye, in this our history.

After a fruitless search of two or three hours, Partridge returned back to his master, without having seen Mrs Waters. Jones, who was in a state of desperation at this delay, was almost raving mad when he brought him this account. He was not long however in this condition, before he received the following letter.

“ SIR,

“ SIR,

“ SINCE I left you, I have seen a gentleman from  
“ whom I have learnt something concerning you,  
“ which greatly surprises and affects me ; but as I have  
“ not at present leisure to communicate a matter of such  
“ high importance, you must suspend your curiosity till  
“ our next meeting, which shall be the first moment I  
“ am able to see you. O Mr Jones ! little did I think,  
“ when I past that happy day at Upton, the reflection  
“ upon which is like to embitter all my future life, who  
“ it was to whom I owed such perfect happiness. Believe  
“ me to be ever sincerely your unfortunate

“ J. WATERS.

“ P. S. I would have you comfort yourself as much  
“ as possible ; for Mr Fitzpatrick is in no manner of  
“ danger ; so that whatever other grievous crimes you  
“ may have to repent of, the guilt of blood is not among  
“ the number.”

Jones having received the letter, let it drop (for he was unable to hold it, and indeed had scarce the use of any one of his faculties). Partridge took it up, and having received consent by silence, read it likewise ; nor had it upon him a less sensible effect. The pencil, and not the pen, should describe the horrors which appeared in both their countenances. While they both remained speechless, the turnkey entered the room, and without taking any notice of what sufficiently discovered itself in the faces of them both, acquainted Jones that a man without desired to speak with him. This person was presently introduced, and was no other than Black George.

As sights of horror were not so usual to George as they were to the turnkey, he instantly saw the great disorder which appeared in the face of Jones. This he imputed to the accident that had happened, which was reported in the very worst light in Mr Western's family : he concluded therefore that the gentleman was dead, and that Mr Jones was in a fair way of coming to a shameful end. A thought which gave him much uneasiness ; for George was

was of a compassionate disposition, and notwithstanding a small breach of friendship which he had been over-tempted to commit, was, in the main, not insensible of the obligations he had formerly received from Mr Jones.

The poor fellow therefore scarce restrained from a tear at the present sight. He told Jones he was heartily sorry for his misfortunes, and begged him to consider if he could be of any manner of service. "Perhaps, Sir," said he, "you want a little matter of money upon this occasion; if you do, Sir, what little I have is heartily at your service."

Jones shook him very heartily by the hand, and gave him many thanks for the kind offer he had made; but answered, "He had not the least want of that kind." Upon which George began to press his services more eagerly than before. Jones again thanked him, with assurances that he wanted nothing which was in the power of any man living to give. "Come, come, my good master," answered George, "do not take the matter so much to heart. "Things may end better than you imagine; to be sure "you are not the first gentleman who hath killed a man, "and yet come off." "You are void of the matter, "George," said Partridge, "the gentleman is not dead, "nor like to die. Don't disturb my master, at present, "for he is troubled about a matter in which it is not in "your power to do him any good." "You don't know "what I may be able to do, Mr Partridge," "answered George: "If his concern is about my young lady, I "have some news to tell my master."—"What do "you say, Mr George?" cries Jones: "Hath any thing "lately happened in which my Sophia is concerned? "My Sophia! how dares such a wretch as I mention "her so prophaneley!"—"I hope she will be yours, yet," answered George, "Why, yes, Sir, I have somethings "to tell you about her. Madam Western hath just "brought Madam Sophia home, and there hath been a "terrible to do. I could not posibly learn the very "right of it; but my master he hath been in a vast big "passion, and so was Madam Western; and I heard her "say, as she went out of doors into her chair, that "she

"she would never set her foot in master's house a-  
"gain. I don't know what's the matter, not I, but  
"every thing was very quiet when I came out; but Ro-  
"bin, who waited at supper, said he had never seen  
"the 'squire for a long while in such good humour with  
"young madam; that he kissed her several times, and  
"swore she should be her own mistress, and he never  
"would think of confining her any more. I thought  
"this news would please you, and so I slipped out, tho'  
"it was so late, to inform you of it." Mr Jones assured  
George that it did greatly please him; for though he  
should never more presume to lift his eyes towards that  
incomparable creature, nothing could so much relieve his  
misery as the satisfaction he should always have in hearing  
of her welfare.

The rest of the conversation which passed at the visit  
is not important enough to be here related. The reader  
will therefore forgive us this abrupt breaking off, and be  
pleased to hear how this great good-will of the 'squire to-  
wards his daughter was brought about.

Mrs Western, on her first arrival at her brother's  
lodging, began to set forth the great honours and advan-  
tages which would accrue to the family by the match  
with Lord Fellamar, which her niece had absolutely re-  
fused: in which refusal, when the 'squire took the part of  
his daughter, she fell immediately into the most violent  
passion, and so irritated and provoked the 'squire, that  
neither his patience nor his prudence could bear it any  
longer; upon which there ensued between them both so  
warm a bout at altercation, that perhaps the regions of  
Billingsgate never equalled it. In the heat of the scold-  
ing Mrs Western departed, and had consequently no lei-  
sure to acquaint her brother with the letter which Sophia  
received, which might have possibly produced ill effects;  
but, to say truth, I believe it never once occurred to her  
memory at this time.

When Mrs Western was gone, Sophia, who had been  
hitherto silent, as well indeed from necessity as inclination,  
began to return the compliment, which her father had  
made her, in taking her part against her aunt, by taking  
his likewise against the lady. This was the first time of

her so doing, and it was in the highest degree acceptable to the squire. Again he remembered, that Mr Allworthy had insisted on an entire relinquishment of all violent means; and indeed, as he made no doubt but that Jones would be hanged, he did not in the least question succeeding with his daughter by fair means: he now therefore once more gave a loose to his natural fondness for her, which had such an effect on the dutiful, grateful, tender, and affectionate heart of Sophia, that, had her honour given to Jones, and something else perhaps in which he was concerned, been removed, I much doubt whether she would not have sacrificed herself to a man she did not like, to have obliged her father. She promised him she would make it the whole business of her life to oblige him, and would never marry any man against his consent; which brought the old man so near to his highest happiness, that he was resolved to take the other sup, and went to bed completely drunk.

## C H A P. III.

Allworthy visits old Nightingale; with a strange Discovery that he made on that occasion.

THE morning after these things had happened, Mr Allworthy went, according to his promise, to visit old Nightingale, with whom his authority was so great, that, after having sat with him three hours, he at last prevailed with him to consent to see his son.

Here an accident happened of a very extraordinary kind; one indeed of those strange chances, whence very good and grave men have concluded, that Providence often interposes in the discovery of the most secret villainy, in order to caution men from quitting the paths of honesty, however warily they tread to those of vice.

Mr Allworthy, at his entrance into Mr Nightingale's, saw Black George: he took no notice of him, nor did Black George imagine he had perceived him.

However, when their conversation on the principal point was over, Allworthy asked Nightingale whether he knew one George Seagrim, and upon what business he

came.

came to his house? "Yes," answered Nightingale, I know him very well, and a most extraordinary fellow he is, who in these days hath been able to hoard up 500l. from renting a very small estate of 30l. a year." "And is this the story which he hath told you?" cries Allworthy. "Nay, it is true, I promise you," said Nightingale; "for I have the money now in my own hands, in five bank-bills, which I am to lay out either in a mortgage or in some purchase in the north of England." The bank-bills were no sooner produced at Allworthy's desire, than he blessed himself at the strangeness of the discovery. He presently told Nightingale, that these bank-bills were formerly his, and then acquainted him with the whole affair. As there are no men who complain more of the frauds of business than highwaymen, gamesters, and other thieves of that kind, so there are none who so bitterly exclaim against the frauds of gamesters, &c. as usurers, brokers, and other thieves of this kind; whether it be, that the one way of cheating is a discountenance or reflection upon the other, or that money, which is the common mistress of all cheats, makes them regard each other in the light of rivals; but Nightingale no sooner heard the story, than he exclaimed against the fellow in terms much severer than the justice and honesty of Allworthy had bestowed on him.

Allworthy desired Nightingale to retain both the money and the secret, till he should hear farther from him; and, if he should in the mean time see the fellow, that he would not take the least notice to him of the discovery which he had made. He then returned to his lodgings, where he found Mrs Miller in a very dejected condition, on account of the information she had received from her son-in-law. Mr Allworthy with great cheerfulness told her, that he had much good news to communicate, and with little further preface acquainted her, that he had brought Mr Nightingale to consent to see his son, and did not in the least doubt to effect a perfect reconciliation between them, though he found the father more soured by another accident of the same kind, which had happened in his family: He then mentioned the running away of

the uncle's daughter, which he had been told by the old gentleman, and which Mrs Miller and her son-in-law did not yet know.

The reader may suppose Mrs Miller received this account with great thankfulness, and no less pleasure; but so uncommon was her friendship to Jones, that I am not certain whether the uneasiness she suffered for his sake did not over-balance her satisfaction at hearing a piece of news tending so much to the happiness of her own family, nor whether even this very news, as it reminded her of the obligations she had to Jones, did not hurt as well as please her, when her grateful heart said to her, "While my own family is happy, how miserable is the poor creature, to whose generosity we owe the beginning of all this happiness!"

Allworthy, having left her a little while to chew the cud (if I may use that expression) on these first tidings, told her he had something more to impart, which he believed would give her pleasure: "I think," said he, "I have discovered a pretty considerable treasure belonging to the young gentleman, your friend; but perhaps, indeed, his present situation may be such that it will be of no service to him." The latter part of the speech gave Mrs Miller to understand who was meant; and she answered with a sigh, "I hope not, Sir." "I hope so too," cries Allworthy, "with all my heart; but my nephew told me this morning, he had heard a very bad account of the affair." "Good Heaven!" "Sir," said she, "Well, I must not speak, and yet it is certainly very hard to be obliged to hold one's tongue when one hears." "Madam," said Allworthy, "you may say whatever you please; you know me too well to think I have a prejudice against any one; and, as for that young man, I assure you I should be heartily pleased to find he could acquit himself of every thing, and particularly of this sad affair. You can testify the affection I have formerly borne him. The world, I know, censured me for loving him so much. I did not withdraw that affection from him, without thinking I had the justest cause. Believe me, Mrs Miller, I should be glad to find I have been mis-  
taken."

"taken." Mrs Miller was going eagerly to reply, when a servant acquainted her a gentleman without desired to speak with her immediately. Allworthy then enquired for his nephew, and was told, that he had been for some time in his room with the gentleman who had used to come to him, and whom Mr Allworthy guessing rightly to be Mr Dowling, he desired presently to speak with him.

When Dowling attended, Allworthy put the case of the bank-notes to him, without mentioning any name, and asked in what manner such a person might be punished? To which Dowling answered, he thought he might be indicted on the black act, but said, as it was matter of some nicety, it would be proper to go to a counsel. He said he was to attend counsel presently upon an affair of Mr Western's, and, if Mr Allworthy pleased, he would lay the case before them. This was agreed to; and then Mrs Miller, opening the door, cried, "I ask pardon; I did not know you had company;" but Allworthy desired her to come in, saying, "he had finished his business;" upon which Mr Dowling withdrew, and Mrs Miller introduced Mr Nightingale the younger, to return thanks for the great kindness done him by Allworthy; but she had scarce patience to let the young gentleman finish his speech before she interrupted him, saying, "O, Sir, Mr Nightingale brings great news about poor Mr Jones; he hath been to see the wounded gentleman, who is out of all danger of death, and, what is more, declares he himself fell upon Mr Jones and beat him. I am sure, Sir, you would not have Mr Jones be a coward. If I was a man myself, I am sure, if any man was to strike me, I should draw my sword. Do pray, my dear, tell Mr Allworthy, tell him all yourself." Nightingale then confirmed what Mrs Miller had said, and concluded with many handsome things of Jones, who was, he said, one of the best-natured fellows in the world, and not in the least inclined to be quarrelsome. Here Nightingale was going to cease, when Mrs Miller again begged of him to relate all the many dutiful expressions he had heard him make use of towards Mr Allworthy. "To say the utmost good of Mr Allworthy," cries Nightingale,

ingale, " is doing no more than strict justice, and can have no merit in it ; but indeed I must say, no man can be more sensible of the obligations he hath to so good a man than is poor Jones. Indeed, Sir, I am convinced the weight of your displeasure is the heaviest burden he lies under. He hath often lamented it to me, and hath as often protested in the most solemn manner, he hath never been intentionally guilty of any offence towards you ; nay, he hath sworn he would rather die a thousand deaths, than he would have his conscience upbraid him with one disrespectful, ungrateful, or undutiful thought towards you. But I ask pardon, Sir ; I am afraid I presume to intermeddle too far in so tender a point." " You have spoke no more than what a Christian ought," cries Mrs Miller. " Indeed, Mr Nightingale," answered Allworthy, " I applaud your generous friendship, and I wish he may merit it of you. I confess I am glad to hear the report you bring from this unfortunate gentleman ; and if that matter should turn out to be as you represent it, (and indeed I doubt nothing of what you say,) I may perhaps in time be brought to think better than lately I have of this young man : for this good gentlewoman here, nay all who know me, can witness that I loved him as dearly as if he had been my own son. Indeed I have considered him as a child sent by fortune to my care. I still remember the innocent, the helpless situation in which I found him. I feel the tender pressure of his little hands at this moment.— He was my darling ; indeed he was :"—At which words he ceased, and the tears stood in his eyes.

As the answer which Mrs Miller made may lead us into fresh matters, we will here stop to account for the visible alteration in Mr Allworthy's mind, and the abatement of his anger to Jones. Revolutions of this kind, it is true, do frequently occur in histories and dramatic writers for no other reason, than because the history or play draws to a conclusion, and are justified by authority of authors : yet though we insist upon as much authority as any author whatever, we shall use this power very sparingly, and never but when we are driven to it by necessity,

ty, which we do not at present foresee will happen in this work.

This alteration then in the mind of Mr Allworthy was occasioned by a letter he had just received from Mr Square, and which we shall give the reader in the beginning of the next chapter.

### C H A P. IV.

*Containing two Letters in very different Stiles.*

“ My worthy friend,

“ I informed you in my last, that I was forbidden the use of the waters, as they were found by experience rather to increase than lessen the symptoms of my distemper. I must now acquaint you with a piece of news, which, I believe, will afflict my friends more than it hath afflicted me. Dr Harrington and Dr Brewster, have informed me that there is no hope of my recovery.

“ I have somewhere read, that the great use of philosophy is to learn to die. I will not therefore so far disgrace mine, as to shew any surprize at receiving a lesson which I must be thought to have so long studied. Yet, to say the truth, one page of the gospel teaches this lesson better than all the volumes of ancient or modern philosophers. The assurance it gives us of another life is a much stronger support to a good mind, than all the consolations that are drawn from the necessity of nature, the emptiness or satiety of our enjoyments here, or any other topic of those declaimers, which are sometimes capable of arming our minds with a stubborn patience in bearing the thoughts of death, but never of raising them to a real contempt of it, and much less of making us think it is a real good. I would not here be understood to throw the horrid censure of atheism, or even the absolute denial of immortality, on all who are called philosophers. Many of that sect, as well ancient as modern, have from the light of reason discovered some hopes of a “ future

“ future state ; but in reality, that light was so faint and  
“ glimmering, and the hopes were so uncertain and pre-  
“ carious, that it may be justly doubted on which side  
“ their belief turned. Plato himself concludes his Phæ-  
“ don with declaring, that his best arguments amount  
“ only to raise a probability ; and Cicero himself seems  
“ rather to profess an inclination to believe, than any ac-  
“ tual belief in the doctrines of immortality. As to  
“ myself, to be very sincere with you, I never was  
“ much in earnest in this faith, till I was in earnest a  
“ Christian.

“ You will perhaps wonder at the latter expression ;  
“ but I assure you, it hath not been till very lately that  
“ I could with truth call myself so. The pride of phi-  
“ losophy had intoxicated my reason, and the sublimest  
“ of all wisdom appeared to me, as it did to the Greeks  
“ of old, to be foolishness. God hath however been so  
“ gracious to shew me my error in time, and to bring  
“ me into the way of truth, before I sunk into utter  
“ darkness for ever.

“ I find myself beginning to grow weak, I shall  
“ therefore hasten to the main purpose of this letter.  
“ When I reflect on the actions of my past life, I  
“ know of nothing which sits heavier upon my conscience,  
“ than the injustice I have been guilty of to that poor  
“ wretch your adopted son. I have indeed not only  
“ connived at the villany of others, but been myself ac-  
“ tive in injustice towards him. Believe me, my dear  
“ friend, when I tell you on the word of a dying man,  
“ he hath been basely injured. As to the principal fact,  
“ upon the misrepresentation of which you discarded  
“ him, I solemnly assure you he is innocent. When you  
“ lay upon your supposed death-bed, he was the only  
“ person in the house who testified any real concern ;  
“ and what happened afterwards arose from the wildnes  
“ of his joy on your recovery ; and, I am sorry to say  
“ it, from the baseness of another person (but it is my  
“ desire to justify the innocent, and to accuse none.) Be-  
“ lieve me, my friend, this young man hath the noblest  
“ generosity of heart, the most perfect capacity for friend-  
“ ship, the highest integrity, and indeed every virtue  
“ which

" which can ennoble a man. He hath some faults, but among them is not to be numbered the least want of duty or gratitude towards you. On the contrary, I am satisfied, when you dismissed him from your house, his heart bled for you more than for himself.

" Worldly motives were the wicked and base reasons of my concealing this from you so long ; to reveal it now, I can have no inducement but the desire of serving the cause of truth, of doing right to the innocent, and of making all the amends in my power for a past offence. I hope this declaration therefore will have the effect desired, and will restore this deserving young man to your favour ; the hearing of which, while I am yet alive, will afford the utmost consolation to,

" SIR,

" Your most obliged,

" Obedient humble servant,

" THOMAS SQUARE."

The reader will, after this, scarce wonder at the revolution so visibly appearing in Mr Allworthy, notwithstanding he received from Thwackum, by the same post, another letter of a very different kind, which we shall here add, as it may possibly be the last time we shall have occasion to mention the name of that gentleman.

" SIR,

" I am not at all surprised at hearing from your worthy nephew a fresh instance of the villainy of Mr Square the atheist's young pupil. I shall not wonder at any murders he may commit ; and I heartily pray that your own blood may not seal up his final commitment to the place of wailing and gnashing of teeth.

" Though you cannot want sufficient calls to repentance for the many unwarrantable weaknesses exem-

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" plified

“ plisid in your behaviour to this wretch, so much to the  
“ prejudice of your own lawful family, and of your cha-  
“ racter; I say, though these may sufficiently be supposed  
“ to prick and goad your conscience at this season, I  
“ should yet be wanting to my duty, if I spared to give  
“ you some admonition, in order to bring you to a due  
“ sense of your errors. I therefore pray you seriously  
“ to consider the judgment which is likely to overtake  
“ this wicked villain, and let it serve at least as a warn-  
“ ing to you, that you may not for the future despise the  
“ advice of one who is so indefatigable in his prayers for  
“ your welfare.”

“ Had not my hand been withheld from due correc-  
“ tion, I had scourged much of this diabolical spirit out of  
“ a boy, of whom, from his infancy, I discovered the  
“ Devil had taken such entire possession; but reflections  
“ of this kind now come too late.

“ I am sorry you have given away the living of Wes-  
“ tertton so hastily. I should have applied on that occa-  
“ sion earlier, had I thought you would not have ac-  
“ quainted me previous to the disposition. — Your ob-  
“ jection to pluralities is being righteous over-much. If  
“ there were any crime in the practice, so many godly  
“ men would not agree to it. If the vicar of Alder-  
“ grove should die (as we hear he is in a declining way)  
“ I hope you will think of me, since I am certain you  
“ must be convinced of my most sincere attachment to your  
“ highest welfare. A welfare to which all worldly con-  
“ siderations are as trifling as the small titlities mentioned  
“ in scripture are, when compared to the weighty mat-  
“ ters of the law.

“ I am, SIR,

“ Your faithful humble servant,

“ ROGER THWACKUM.

This was the first time Thwackum ever wrote in this authoritative style to Allworthy, and of this he had afterwards sufficient reason to repent, as in the case of those who mistake the highest degree of goodness for the low-

est degree of weakness. Allworthy had indeed never liked this man. He knew him to be proud and ill-natured ; he also knew that his divinity itself was tinctured with his temper, and such as in many respects he himself did by no means approve ; but he was at the same time an excellent scholar, and most indefatigable in teaching the two lads. Add to this the strict severity of his life and manners, an unimpeached honesty, and a most devout attachment to religion. So that, upon the whole, though Allworthy did not esteem nor love the man, yet he could never bring himself to part with a tutor to the boys, who was, both by learning and industry, extremely well qualified for his office : and he hoped, that as they were bred up in his own house, and under his own eye, he should be able to correct whatever was wrong in Thwackum's instructions.

## C H A P. V.

*In which the History is continued.*

MR ALLWORTHY in his last speech had recollect<sup>ed</sup> some tender ideas concerning Jones, which had brought tears into the good man's eyes. This Mrs Miller observing, said, " Yes, yes, Sir, your goodness to this poor young man is known, notwithstanding all your care to conceal it ; but there is not a single syllable of truth in what those villains said. Mr Nightingale hath now discovered the whole matter. It seems these fellows were employed by a lord, who is a rival of poor Mr Jones, to have pressed him on board a ship.— I assure them I don't know who they will pres<sup>es</sup> next. Mr Nightingale here hath seen the officer himself, who is a very pretty gentleman, and hath told him all, and is very sorry for what he undertook, which he would never have done had he known Mr Jones to have been a gentleman ; but he was told that he was a common strolling vagabond."

Allworthy stared at all this, and declared he was a stranger to every word she said. " Yes, Sir," answered she,

K k 2

" I believe

“ I believe you are.—It is a very different story, I believe, from what those fellows told the lawyer.”

“ What lawyer, Madam? what is it you mean?” said Allworthy. “ Nay, nay,” says she, “ this is so like you to deny your own goodness; but Mr Nightingale here saw him.” “ Saw whom, Madam?” answered he; “ Why, your lawyer, Sir,” said she, “ that you so kindly sent to inquire into the affair.” “ I am still in the dark, upon my honour,” said Allworthy. “ Why then, do you tell him, my dear Sir,” cried she. “ Indeed Sir,” said Nightingale, “ I did see that very lawyer, who went from you when I came into the room, at an alehouse in Aldersgate, in company with two of the fellows who were employed by Lord Fellamar to press Mr Jones, and who were by that means present at the unhappy encounter between him and Mr Fitzpatrick.” “ I own, Sir, said Mrs Miller, “ when I saw this gentleman come into the room to you, I told Mr Nightingale that I apprehended you had sent him thither to inquire into the affair.” Allworthy shewed marks of astonishment in his countenance at this news, and was indeed for two or three minutes struck dumb by it. At last, addressing himself to Mr Nightingale, he said, “ I must confess myself, Sir, more surprised at what you tell me, than I have ever been before at any thing in my whole life. Are you certain this was the gentleman?” “ I am most certain,” answered Nightingale. “ At Aldersgate?” cries Allworthy. “ And was you in company with this lawyer and the two fellows?” “ I was, Sir,” said the other, “ very near half an hour.” “ Well, Sir,” said Allworthy, “ and in what manner did he behave? did you hear all that past between him and the fellows?” “ No, Sir,” answered Nightingale, “ they had been together before I came.—In my presence the lawyer said little; but after I had several times examined the fellows, who persisted in a story directly contrary to what I had heard from Mr Jones; and which I find by Mr Fitzpatrick was a rank falsehood; the lawyer then desired the fellows to say nothing but what was the truth, and seemed to speak so much in favour of Mr Jones, that,

“ when

" when I saw the same person with you, I concluded  
" your goodness had prompted you to send him thither."—  
" And did you not send him thither ?" says Miller.—  
" Indeed I did not," answered Allworthy ; nor did I  
" know he had gone on such an errand till this mo-  
" ment."— " I see it all ! " said Mrs Miller : " upon  
" my soul, I see it all ! No wonder they have been closet-  
" ed so close lately. Son Nightingale, let me beg you  
" run for these fellows immediately—find them out  
" if they are above ground. I will go myself."— " Dear  
" Madam," said Allworthy, " be patient, and do me the  
" favour to send a servant up stairs to call Mr Dowling  
" hither, if he be in the house, or, if not, Mr Blifil."—  
Mrs Miller went out muttering something to herself, and  
presently returned with an answer, " That Mr Dowling  
" was gone, but that the t'other," as she called him,  
" was coming."

Allworthy was of a cooler disposition than the good woman, whose spirits were all up in arms in the cause of her friend. He was not however without some suspicions which were near akin to hers. When Blifil came into the room, he asked him with a very serious countenance, and with a less friendly look than he had ever before given him, " Whether he knew any thing of Mr Dow-  
" ling's having seen any of the persons who were pre-  
" sent at the duel between Jones and another gen-  
" tleman."

There is nothing so dangerous as a question which comes by surprize on a man whose busines it is to conceal truth or to defend falsehood : for which reason those worthy personages, whose noble office it is to save the lives of their fellow-creatures at the Old-Bailey, take the utmost care, by frequent previous examination, to divine every question which may be asked their clients on the day of trial, that they may be supplied with proper and ready answers, which the most fertile invention cannot supply in an instant. Besides, the sudden and violent impulse on the blood, occasioned by these surprises, causes frequently such an alteration in the countenance, that the man is obliged to give evidence against himself : and such indeed were the alterations which the countenance

of

of Blifil underwent from this sudden question, that we can scarce blame the eagerness of Mrs Miller, who immediately cried out, "Guilty, upon my honour! guilty; upon my soul!"

Mr Allworthy sharply rebuked her for this impetuosity; and then turning to Blifil, who seemed sinking into the earth, he said, "Why do you hesitate, Sir, at giving me an answer? You certainly must have employed him; for he would not of his own accord, I believe, have undertaken such an errand, and especially without acquainting me."

Blifil then answered, "I own, Sir, I have been guilty of an offence, yet may I hope your pardon?"— "My pardon," said Allworthy very angrily.— "Nay, Sir," answered Blifil, "I knew you would be offended; yet surely my dear uncle will forgive the effects of the most amiable of human weaknesses. Compassion for those who do not deserve it, I own is a crime; and yet it is a crime from which you yourself are not entirely free. I know I have been guilty of it in more than one instance to this very person; and I will own I did send Mr Dowling, not on a vain and fruitless inquiry, but to discover the witnesses, and to endeavour to soften their evidence. This, Sir, is the truth, which, though I intended to conceal from you, I will not deny."

"I confess," said Nightingale, "this is the light in which it appeared to me from the gentleman's behaviour."

"Now, Madam," said Allworthy, "I believe you will once in your life own you have entertained a wrong suspicion, and are not so angry with my nephew as you was."

Mrs Miller was silent; for though she could not so hastily be pleased with Blifil, whom she looked upon to have been the ruin of Jones, yet in this particular instance he had imposed upon her as well as upon the rest, so entirely had the Devil stood his friend: and indeed I look upon the vulgar observation, "That the Devil often deserts his friends, and leaves them in the lurch," to be a great abuse on that gentleman's character. Perhaps

he may sometimes desert those who are only his acquaintance, or who at most are but half his; but he generally stands by those who are thoroughly his servants, and helps them off in all extremities, till their bargain expires.

As a conquered rebellion strengthens a government, or as health is more perfectly established by recovery from some diseases; so anger, when removed, often gives life to affection. This was the case of Mr Allworthy; for Blifil having wiped off the greater suspicion, the lesser, which had been raised by Square's letter, sunk of course, and was forgotten, and Thwackum, with whom he was greatly offended, bore alone all the reflections which Square had cast on the enemies of Jones.

As for that young man, the resentment of Mr Allworthy began more and more to abate towards him. He told Blifil, "He did not only forgive the extraordinary efforts of his good-nature, but would give him the pleasure of following his example." Then turning to Mrs Miller, with a smile which would have become an angel, he cry'd, "What say you, Madam; shall we take a hackney-coach, and all of us together pay a visit to your friend? I promise you it is not the first visit I have made in a prison."

Every reader, I believe, will be able to answer for the worthy woman; but they must have a great deal of good-nature, and be well acquainted with friendship, who can feel what she felt on this occasion. Few, I hope, are capable of feeling what now past in the mind of Blifil; but those who are, will acknowledge, that it was impossible for him to raise any objection to this visit. Fortune, however, or the gentleman lately mentioned above, stood his friend, and prevented his undergoing so great a shock; for at the very instant when the coach was sent for, Partridge arrived, and having called Mrs Miller from the company, acquainted her with the dreadful accident lately come to light; and hearing Mr Allworthy's intention, begged her to find some means of stopping him; "For," says he, "the matter must at all hazards be kept a secret from him; and if he should now go, he will find Jones and his mother, who arrived just as I left him, lamenting

“ ing over one another the horrid crime they have ignorantly committed.”

The poor woman, who was almost deprived of her senses at this dreadful news, was never less capable of invention than at present. However, as women are much readier at this than men, she bethought herself of an excuse, and returning to Allworthy said, “ I am sure, Sir, “ you will be surprized at hearing any objection from me “ to the kind proposal you just now made ; and yet I am “ afraid of the consequence of it, if carried immediately “ into execution. You must imagine, Sir, that all the “ calamities which have lately befallen this poor young “ fellow, must have thrown him into the lowest dejection “ of spirits ; and now, Sir, should we all on a sudden fling him into such a violent fit of joy, as I “ know your presence will occasion, it may, I am afraid, “ produce some fatal mischief, especially as his servant, “ who is without, tells me he is very far from being “ well.”

“ Is his servant without ?” cries Allworthy ; “ pray “ call him hither. I will ask him some questions concerning his master.”

Partridge was at first afraid to appear before Mr Allworthy ; but was at length persuaded, after Mrs Miller, who had often heard his whole story from his own mouth, had promised to introduce him.

Allworthy recollects Partridge the moment he came into the room, though many years had passed since he had seen him. Mrs Miller therefore might have spared here a formal oration, in which indeed she was something prolix : for the reader, I believe, may have observed already, that the good woman, among other things, had a tongue always ready for the service of her friends.

“ And are you,” said Allworthy to Partridge, “ the servant of Mr Jones ?” “ I can’t say, Sir,” answered he, “ that I am regularly a servant, but I live with him, “ an’t please your honour, at present ; *non sum qualis eram*, as your honour very well knows.”

Mr Allworthy then asked him many questions concerning Jones, as to his health, and other matters : to all which

which Partridge answered, without having in the least any regard to what was, but considered only what he would have things appear; for a strict adherence to truth was not among the articles of this honest fellow's morality, or his religion.

During this dialogue Mr Nightingale took his leave, and presently after Mrs Miller left the room, when Allworthy likewise dispatched Blifil; for he imagined that Partridge, when alone with him, would be more explicit than before company. They were no sooner left in private together, than Allworthy began as in the following chapter.

## C H A P. VI.

*In which the History is farther continued.*

“**S**URE, friend,” said the good man, “you are the strangest of all human beings. Not only to have suffered as you have formerly, for obstinately persisting in a falsehood; but to persist in it thus to the last, and to pass thus upon the world for the servant of your own son? What interest can you have in all this? What can be your motive?”

“I see, Sir,” said Partridge, falling down upon his knees, “that your Honour is prepossessed against me, and resolved not to believe any thing I say, and therefore what signifies my protestations? but yet there is one above who knows that I am not the father of this young man.”

“How!” said Allworthy, “will you yet deny what you was formerly convicted of upon such unanswerable, such manifest evidence? Nay, what a confirmation is your being now found with this very man, of all which twenty years ago appeared against you. I thought you had left the country; nay, I thought you had long since been dead.—In what manner did you know any thing of this young man? Where did you meet with him, unless you had kept some correspondence together: Do not deny this; for I promise you it will greatly raise your son in my opinion, to find that

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“he

“ he hath such a sense of filial duty, as privately to support his father for so many years.”

“ If your honour will have patience to hear me,” said Partridge, I will tell you all.—Being bid go on, he proceeded thus: “ When your honour conceived that displeasure against me, it ended in my ruin soon after, for I lost my little school; and the minister, thinking, I suppose, it would be agreeable to your honour, turned me out from the office of clerk; so that I had nothing to trust to but the barber’s shop, which, in a country place like that, is a poor livelihood; and when my wife died (for till that time I received a pension of 12l. a-year from an unknown hand, which indeed I believe was your honour’s own, for no body that ever I heard of doth these things besides;) but as I was saying, when she died, this pension forsook me; so that now as I owed two or three small debts, which began to be troublesome to me, particularly one, which an attorney brought up by law-charges from 15s. to near 20l.\*; and as I found all my usual means of living had forsook me, I packed up my little all as well as I could, and went off.”

“ The first place I came to was Salisbury, where I got into the service of a gentleman belonging to the law, and one of the best gentlemen that ever I knew; for he was not only good to me, but I know a thousand good and charitable acts which he did, while I staid with him; and I have known him often refuse business, because it was poultry and oppressive.”—“ You need not be so particular,” said Allworthy; “ I know this gentleman, and a very worthy man he is, and an honour to his profession.”—“ Well, Sir,” continued Partridge, “ from hence I remoyed to Lymington, where I was above three years in the service of

“ another

\* This is a fact, which I knew happened to a poor clergyman in Dorsetshire by the villany of an attorney, who, not contented with the exorbitant costs to which the poor man was put by a single action, brought afterwards another action on the judgment, as it was called:—A method frequently used to oppress the poor, and bring money into the pockets of attorneys, to the great scandal of the law, of the nation of Christianity, and even of human nature itself.

“ another lawyer, who was likewise a very good sort  
“ a man, and to be sure one of the merriest gentlemen  
“ in England. Well, Sir, at the end of the three years I  
“ set up a little school, and was likely to do well again,  
“ had it not been for a most unlucky accident. Here I  
“ kept a pig ; and one day, as ill fortune would have it,  
“ this pig broke out, and did a trespass, I think they call  
“ it, in a garden belonging to one of my neighbours, who  
“ was a proud revengeful man, and employed a lawyer,  
“ one,—one—I can’t think of his name ; but he sent for  
“ a writ against me, and had me to ‘size. When I came  
“ there, Lord have mercy upon me——to hear what  
“ the counsellor said. There was one who told my lord  
“ a parcel of the confoundedest lies about me ; he said,  
“ that I used to drive my hogs into other folks gardens,  
“ and a great deal more : and at last said, He hoped  
“ I had at last brought my hogs to a fair market. To  
“ be sure one would have thought, that instead of being  
“ owner only of one poor little pig, I had been the great-  
“ est hog-merchant in England. Well,”—“ Pray,” says  
Allworthy, “ do not be so particular. I have heard no-  
“ thing of your son yet.” “ O it was a great many  
“ years,” answered Partridge, “ before I saw my son, as  
“ you are pleased to call him.—I went over to Ire-  
“ land after this, and taught school at Cork, (for that  
“ one suit ruined me again, and I lay seven years in  
“ Winchester goal.)”—“ Well,” said Allworthy, “ pass  
“ that over till you return to England.”—“ Then,  
“ Sir,” said he, “ it was about half a year ago that I  
“ landed at Bristol, where I staid some time, and not  
“ finding it do there, and hearing of a place between  
“ that and Gloucester, where the barber was just dead,  
“ I went thither, and there I had been about two  
“ months, when Mr Jones came thither.” He then  
gave Allworthy a very particular account of their first  
meeting, and of every thing, as well as he could remem-  
ber, which had happened from that day to this : frequent-  
ly interlarding his story with panegyrics on Jones, and  
not forgetting to insinuate the great love and respect which  
he had to Allworthy. He concluded with saying, “ Now,  
“ Sir, I have told your Honour the whole truth.” And  
then

then repeated a most solemn protestation, " That he " was no more the father of Jones than of the pope of " Rome ; " and imprecated the most bitter curses on his head, if he did not speak truth.

" What am I to think of this matter ? " cries Allworthy. " For what purpose should you so strongly deny a " fact, which I think it would be rather your interest to " own ? " — " Nay, Sir, " answered Partridge, (for he could hold no longer) " if your Honour will not believe me, " you are like soon to have satisfaction enough. I wish " you had mistaken the mother of this young man, as " well as you have his father." — And now being asked what he meant, with all the symptoms of horror, both in his voice and countenance, he told Allworthy the whole story, which he had a little before expressed such desire to Mrs Miller to conceal from him.

Allworthy was almost as much shocked at this discovery as Partridge himself had been while he related it.— " Good heavens ! " says he, " in what miserable distresses " do vice and imprudence involve men ! How much be- " yond our designs are the effects of wickedness some- " times carried ! " He had scarce uttered these words, when Mrs Waters came hastily and abruptly into the room. Partridge no sooner saw her, then he cried, " Here, Sir, is the very woman herself. This is the un- " fortunate mother of Mr Jones; I am sure she will acquit " me before your Honour.— Pray, Madam" —

Mrs Waters, without paying any regard to what Partridge said, and almost without taking any notice of him, advanced to Mr Allworthy : " I believe, Sir, it is so " long since I had the honour of seeing you, that you do " not recollect me." — " Indeed, answered Allworthy, " you are so very much altered on many accounts, that, " had not this man already acquainted me who you are, I " should not have immediately called you to my remem- " brance. Have you, Madam, any particular business " which brings you to me ? " — Allworthy spoke this with great reserve ; for the reader may easily believe he was not well pleased with the conduct of this lady ; neither with that he had formerly heard, nor with what Partridge now delivered.

Mrs

Mrs Waters answered,—“Indeed, Sir, I have very particular busineſs with you: and it is ſuch as I can impart only to yourſelf.—I muſt deſire therefore the favour of a word with you alone; for I affure you, what I have to tell you is of the utmoſt importance.”

Partridge was then ordered to withdraw, but before he went, he begged the lady to ſatisfy Mr Allworthy that he was perfectly innocent. To which she anſwered—“You need be under no apprehenſion, Sir, I ſhall ſatisfy Mr Allworthy very perfectly of that matter.”

Then Partridge withdrew, and that paſt between Mr Allworthy and Mrs Waters which is written in the next chapter.

## C H A P. VII.

### *Continuation of the History.*

MRS Waters remaining a few moments ſilent, Mr Allworthy could not refrain from ſaying, “I am ſorry, Madam, to perceive by what I have ſince heard, that you have made ſo very ill a uſe”—“Mr Allworthy,” ſays ſhe, interrupting him, “I know I have faults, but ingratitude to you is not one of them. I never can nor ſhall forget your goodneſs, which I own I have very little deserved; but be pleafed to wave all upbraiding me at preſent, as I have ſo important an affair to communicate to you concerning this young man, to whom you have given my maiden name of Jones.”

“Have I then,” ſaid Allworthy, “ignorantly punished an innocent man, in the perſon of him who hath juſt left us? Was he not the father of the child?”—“Indeed he was not,” ſays Mrs Waters. “You may be pleafed to remember, Sir, I formerly told you, you ſhould one day know; and I acknowledge myſelf to have been guilty of a cruel negle&t, in not having diſcovered it to you before. Indeed I little knew how neceſſary it was.” “Well, Madam,” ſaid Allworthy, “be pleafed to proceed.” “You muſt remember, Sir,” ſaid ſhe, “a young fellow, whose name was Sumner.” “Very well,”

“ well,” cries Allworthy, “ he was the son of a clergy-  
“ man of great learning and virtue, for whom I had the  
“ highest friendship.”—“ So it appeared, Sir,” answered she; “ for I believe you bred the young man up,  
“ and maintained him at the University; where, I think,  
“ he had finished his studies, when he came to reside at  
“ your house; a finer man, I must say, the sun never  
“ shone upon; for, besides the handsomest person I ever  
“ saw, he was so genteel, and had so much wit and good  
“ breeding.” “ Poor gentleman,” said Allworthy, “ he  
“ was indeed untimely snatched away; and little did I  
“ think he had any sins of this kind to answer for; for  
“ I plainly perceive you are going to tell me he was the  
“ father of your child.”

“ Indeed, Sir,” answered she, “ he was not.” “ How!” said Allworthy, “ to what then tends all this preface?” “ To a story, Sir,” said she, “ which I am concerned  
“ falls to my lot to unfold to you.—O, Sir, prepare to  
“ hear something which will surprise you, will grieve  
“ you.” “ Speak,” said Allworthy, “ I am conscious  
“ of no crime, and cannot be afraid to hear.”—“ Sir,” said she, “ that Mr Summer, the son of your friend, e-  
“ ducated at your expence, who, after living a year in  
“ the house as if he had been your own son, died there  
“ of the small-pox, was tenderly lamented by you, and  
“ buried as if he had been your own; that Summer, Sir,  
“ was the father of this child.”—“ How!” said All-  
“ worthy, “ you contradict yourself.”—“ That I do  
“ not,” answered she, “ he was indeed the father of this  
“ child, but not by me.” “ Take care, Madam,” said Allworthy, “ do not, to shun the imputation of any crime,  
“ be guilty of falsehood. Remember there is one from  
“ whom you can conceal nothing, and before whose tri-  
“ bunal falsehood will only aggravate your guilt.” “ In-  
“ deed, Sir,” said she, “ I am not his mother; nor would  
“ I now think myself so for the world.” “ I know  
“ your reason,” says Allworthy, “ and shall rejoice as  
“ much as you to find it otherwise; yet you must  
“ remember, you yourself confess it before me.”—  
“ So far what I confess,” said she, “ was true, that these  
“ hands conveyed the infant to your bed; conveyed  
“ it thither at the command of its mother; at her com-  
“ mand.

" mands I afterwards owned it, and thought myself, by " her generosity, nobly rewarded, both for my secrecy " and my shame." " Who could this woman be?" said Allworthy. " Indeed I tremble to name her," answered Mrs Waters. " By all this preparation I am to " guess that she was a relation of mine," cried he " In- " deed she was a near one." At which words Allwor- thy started, and she continued——" You had a sister, " Sir,"——" A sister!" repeated he, looking aghast.—— " As there is truth in heaven," cried she, " your sister " was the mother of that child you found between your " sheets." " Can it be possible?" cries he, " good " heavens!" " Have patience, Sir," said Mrs Wa- ters, " and I will unfold to you the whole story. Just " after your departure for London, Miss Bridget came " one day to the house of my mother. She was pleased " to say she had heard an extraordinary character of me, " for my learning and superior understanding to all the " young women there; so she was pleased to say. She then " bid me come to her to the great house, where, when I " attended, she employed me to read to her. She expres- " sed great satisfaction in my reading, shewed great kind- " ness to me, and made me many presents. At last she be- " gan to catechise me on the subject of secrecy, to which " I gave her such satisfactory answers, that at last, ha- " ving locked the door of her room, she took me into " her closet, and, then locking that door likewise, she " said, she should convince me of the vast reliance she " had on my integrity, by communicating a secret in " which her honour, and consequently her life, was " concerned. She then stopt, and, after a silence of a " few minutes, during which she often wiped her eyes, " she inquired of me, if I thought my mother might " safely be confided in. I answered, I would stake my " life on her fidelity. She then imparted to me the " great secret which laboured in her breast, and which, " I believe, was delivered with more pains than she after- " wards suffered in child-birth. It was then contrived, " that my mother and myself only should attend at the " time, and that Mrs Wilkins should be sent out of the

" way,

“ way, as she accordingly was, to the very furthest part  
“ of Dorsetshire, to inquire the character of a servant ;  
“ for the lady had turned away her own maid near three  
“ months before ; during all which time I officiated  
“ about her person upon trial, as she said, though, as she  
“ afterwards declared, I was not sufficiently handy for the  
“ place. This, and many other such things which she  
“ used to say of me, were all thrown out to prevent any  
“ suspicion which Wilkins might hereafter have, when  
“ I was to own the child ; for the thought it could ne-  
“ ver be believed she would venture to hurt a young  
“ woman with whom she had intrusted such a secret.  
“ You may be assured, Sir, I was well paid for all these  
“ affronts, which, together with being informed of the  
“ occasion of them, very well contented me. Indeed  
“ the lady had a greater suspicion of Mrs Wilkins than of  
“ any other person ; not that she had the least aversion  
“ to the gentlewoman, but the thought her incapable of  
“ keeping a secret, especially from you, Sir : for I have  
“ often heard Miss Bridget say, that, if Mrs Wilkins had  
“ committed a murder, she believed she would acquaint  
“ you with it. At last the expected day came, and Mrs  
“ Wilkins, who had been kept a week in readiness, and  
“ put off from time to time, upon some pretence or  
“ other, that she might not return too soon, was dis-  
“ patched. Then the child was born in the presence only  
“ of myself and my mother, and was by my mother con-  
“veyed to her own house, where it was privately kept  
“ by her till the evening of your return, when I, by the  
“ command of Miss Bridget, conveyed it into the bed  
“ where you found it : and all suspicions were after-  
“wards laid asleep by the artful conduct of your sister,  
“ in pretending ill-will to the boy, and that any re-  
“gard she shewed him was out of mere complaisance  
“ to you.”

Mrs Waters then made many protestations of the truth  
of this story, and concluded by saying, “ Thus, Sir, you  
“ have at last discovered your nephew ; for so I am sure  
“ you will hereafter think him, and I question not but  
“ he will be both an honour and a comfort to you under  
“ that appellation.”

“ I need

“ I need not, Madam,” said Allworthy, “ express my astonishment at what you have told me ; and yet surely you would not, and could not have put together so many circumstances to evidence an untruth. I confess I recollect some passages relating to that Summer, which formerly gave me a conceit, that my sister had some liking to him. I mentioned it to her ; for I had such a regard to the young man, as well on his own account as on his father’s, that I should willingly have consented to a match between them ; but she expressed the highest disdain of my unkind suspicion, as she called it ; so that I never spoke more on the subject. Good heavens ! Well, the Lord disposes all things.— Yet sure it was a most unjustifiable conduct in my sister to carry this secret with her out of the world.”— “ I promise you, Sir,” said Mrs Waters, “ she always profest a contrary intention, and frequently told me she intended one day to have communicated it to you. She said indeed, she was highly rejoiced that her plot had succeeded so well, and that you had of your own accord taken such a fancy to the child, and that it was yet unnecessary to make any express declaration. Oh ! Sir, had that lady lived to have seen this poor young man turned like a vagabond from your house ; nay, Sir, could she have lived to hear, that you had yourself employed a lawyer to prosecute him for a murder of which he was not guilty—Forgive me, Mr Allworthy, I must say it was unkind.—Indeed you have been abused ; he never deserved it of you.”— “ Indeed, Madam,” said Allworthy, “ I have been abused by the person, whoever he was, that told you so.” “ Nay, Sir,” said she, “ I would not be mis-taken ; I did not presume to say you were guilty of any wrong. The gentleman who came to me proposed no such matter ; he only said, taking me for Mr Fitzpatrick’s wife, that, if Mr Jones had murdered my husband, I should be assisted with any money I wanted, to carry on the prosecution, by a very worthy gentleman, who, he said, was well apprized what a villain I had to deal with. It was by this man I found out who Mr Jones was ; and this man, whose name is

“ Dowling, Mr Jones tells me is your steward. I dis-  
“ covered his name by a very odd accident, for he him-  
“ self refused to tell it me ; but Partridge, who met him  
“ at my lodgings the second time he came, knew him  
“ formerly at Salisbury.”

“ And did this Dowling,” says Allworthy, with  
great astonishment in his countenance, “ tell you that  
“ I would assist in the prosecution ?” — “ No, Sir,”  
answered she, “ I will not charge him wrongfully. He  
“ said I should be assisted, but he mentioned no name.  
“ — Yet you must pardon me, Sir, if from circumstan-  
“ ces I thought it could be no other.” — “ Indeed,  
“ Madam,” says Allworthy, “ from circumstances I am  
“ too well convinced it was another. — Good Heaven !  
“ by what wonderful means is the blackest and deepest  
“ villainy sometimes discovered ! — Shall I beg you,  
“ Madam, to stay till the person you have mentioned  
“ comes ; for I expect him every minute ; nay he may  
“ be perhaps already in the house.”

Allworthy then stept to the door, in order to call a  
servant, when in came, not Mr Dowling, but the gentle-  
man who will be seen in the next chapter.

### CHAP. VIII.

*Further continuation.*

THE gentleman who now arrived was no other than  
Mr Western. He no sooner saw Allworthy,  
than, without considering in the least the presence of Mrs  
Waters, he began to vociferate in the following manner:  
“ Fine doings at my house ! A rare kettle of fish I have  
“ discovered at last : Who the devil would be plagued  
“ with a daughter ?” “ What’s the matter, neighbour ?”  
said Allworthy. “ Matter enough,” answered Western,  
“ When I thought she was just a coming to ; nay, when  
“ she had in a manner promised me to do as I would ha-  
“ her, and when I was a hoped to have had nothing more  
“ to do than to have sent for the lawyer and finisht all  
“ — what do you think I have found out ? that the  
“ little b — hath been playing tricks with me all the  
“ while,

" while, and carrying on a correspondence with that  
" bastard of yours. Sister Western, whom I have quar-  
" relled with upon her account, sent me word o't, and  
" I ordered her pockets to be searched when she was  
" asleep, and here I have got un signed with the son of  
" a whore's own name. I have not had patience to read  
" half o't; for 'tis longer than one of parson Supple's  
" sermons; but I find plainly it is all about love; and  
" indeed what should it be else? I have packed her up  
" in chamber again, and to-morrow morning down she  
" goes into the country, unless she consents to be mar-  
" ried directly, and there she shall live in a garret upon  
" bread and water all her days; and the sooner such a  
" b—— breaks her heart the better, though d—n her  
" that I believe is too tough. She will live long enough  
" to plague me." " Mr Western," answered Allwor-  
" thy, " you know I have always protested against force,  
" and you yourself consented that none should be used."  
" Ay," cries he, " that was only upon condition that she  
" should consent without. What the devil and Doctor  
" Faustus! shan't I do what I will with my own daugh-  
" ter, especially when I desire nothing but her own  
" good?" " Well, neighbour," answered Allworthy,  
" if you will give me leave, I will undertake once to argue  
" with the young lady." " Will you?" said Western:  
" Why that is kind now and neighbourly, and mayhap  
" you will do more than I have been able to do with  
" her; for I promise you she hath a very good opinion  
" of you." " Well, Sir," said Allworthy, " if you  
" will go home, and release the young lady from her cap-  
" tivity, I will wait upon her within this half-hour."—  
" But suppose," said Western, " she should run away  
" with un in the mean time? For lawyer Dowling tells  
" me, there is no hopes of hanging the fellow at last;  
" for that the man is alive, and like to do well, and that  
" he thinks Jones will be out of prison again presently."—  
" How," said Allworthy, " what, did you employ  
" him then to inquire or to do any thing in that mat-  
" ter?" " Not I," answered Western; " he mention-  
" it to me just now of his own accord."— " Just now!"  
cries Allworthy; " why, where did you see him then? I

“ want much to see Mr Dowling.”—“ Why you may  
“ see un an you will presently at my lodgings ; for there  
“ is to be a meeting of lawyers there this morning about  
“ a mortgage,—Icod ! I shall lose two or three thou-  
“ sand pounds, I believe, by that honest gentleman,  
“ Mr Nightingale.”—“ Well, Sir,” said Allworthy,  
“ I will be with you within the half-hour.” “ And  
“ do for once,” cries the 'squire, “ take a fool's advice,  
“ and never think of dealing with her by gentle methods;  
“ take my word for it, those will never do. I have tried  
“ 'um long enough. She must be frightened into it;  
“ there is no other way. Tell her I'm her father, and  
“ of the horrid sin of disobedience, and of the dread-  
“ ful punishment of it in t'other world, and then tell  
“ her about being locked up all her life in a garret in  
“ this, and being kept only on bread and water.” “ I  
“ will do all I can,” said Allworthy ; “ for I promise  
“ you there is nothing I wish for more than an alliance  
“ with this aimable creature.” “ Nay, the girl is well  
“ enough for matter o' that,” cries the 'squire ; “ a man  
“ may go farther and meet with worse meat ; that I  
“ may declare o' her, thof she be my own daughter :  
“ and if she will be but obedient to me, there is narrow  
“ a father within a hundred miles o' the place, that  
“ loves a daughter better than I do : but I see you are  
“ busy with the lady here ; so I will go huome and ex-  
“ peet you, and so your humble servant.”

As soon as Mr Western was gone, Mrs Waters said,  
“ I see, Sir, the 'squire hath not the least remembrance  
“ of my face. I believe, Mr Allworthy, you would not  
“ have known me neither. I am very considerably al-  
“ tered since that day when you so kindly gave me that  
“ advice, which I had been happy had I followed.”—  
“ Indeed, Madam,” cries Allworthy, “ it gave me great  
“ concern when I first heard the contrary.” “ Indeed,  
“ Sir,” says she, “ I was ruined by a very deep scheme  
“ of villainy, which, if you knew, though I pretend not  
“ to think it would justify me in your opinion, it would  
“ at least mitigate my offence, and induce you to pity  
“ me ; you are not now at leisure to hear my whole  
“ story ; but this I assure you, I was betrayed by the most

“ solemn

" solemn promises of marriage ; nay, in the eye of Heaven I was married to him ; for, after much reading on the subject, I am convinced that particular ceremonies are only requisite to give a legal sanction to marriage, and have only a worldly use in giving a woman the privileges of a wife ; but that she who lives constant to one man, after a solemn private affiance, whatever the world may call her, hath little to charge on her own conscience." " I am sorry, Madam," said Allworthy, " you made so ill use of your learning. Indeed it would have been well that you had been possessed of much more, or had remained in a state of ignorance. And yet, Madam, I am afraid you have more than this sin to answer for." " During his life," answered she, " which was about a dozen years, I most solemnly assure you I had not. And consider, Sir, on my behalf, what is in the power of a woman stript of her reputation, and left destitute ; whether the good-natured world will suffer such a stray-sheep to return to the road of virtue, even if she was never so desirous. I protest then I would have chose it had it been in my power ; but necessity drove me into the arms of Captain Waters, with whom, though still unmarried, I lived as a wife for many years, and went by his name. I parted with this gentleman at Worcester, on his march against the rebels, and it was then I accidentally met with Mr Jones, who rescued me from the hands of a villain. Indeed he is the worst thief of men. No young gentleman of his age is, I believe, freer from vice, and few have the twentieth part of his virtues ; nay, whatever vices he hath had, I am firmly persuaded he hath now taken a resolution to abandon them." " I hope he hath," cries Allworthy, " and I hope he will preserve that resolution. I must say I have still the same hopes with regard to yourself. The world, I do agree, are apt to be too unmerciful on these occasions ; yet time and perseverance will get the better of this their disinclination, as I may call it, to pity ; for though they are not, like heaven, ready to receive a penitent sinner ; yet a continued repentance will at length obtain mercy

" even

“ even with the world. This you may be assured of; “ Mrs Waters, that whenever I find you are sincere in “ such good intentions, you shall want no assistance in “ my power to make them effectual.”

Mrs Waters fell now upon her knees before him; and in a flood of tears made him many most passionate acknowledgments of his goodness, which, as she truly said, favoured more of the divine than human nature.

Allworthy raised her up, and spoke in the most tender manner, making use of every expression which his invention could suggest to comfort her, when he was interrupted by the arrival of Mr Dowling, who, upon his first entrance, seeing Mrs Waters, started and appeared in some confusion; from which he soon recovered himself as well as he could, and then said, he was in the utmost haste to attend council at Mr Western's lodgings; but however, thought it his duty to call and acquaint him with the opinion of counsel, upon the case which he had before told him, which was, that the conversion of the monies in that case could not be questioned in a criminal cause, but that an action of trover might be brought, and if it appeared to the jury to be the monies of plaintiff, that plaintiff would recover a verdict for the value.

Allworthy, without making any answer to this, bolted the door, and then advancing with a stern look to Dowling he said, “ Whatever be your haste, Sir, I must first receive an answer to some questions.—Do you know this lady?” —“ That lady, Sir?” answered Dowling with great hesitation. Allworthy then, with the most solemn voice, said, “ Look you, Mr Dowling, as you value my favour, or your continuance a moment longer in my service, do not hesitate nor prevaricate; but answer faithfully and truly to every question I ask.—Do you know this lady?” —“ Yes, Sir,” said Dowling, “ I have seen the lady.” “ Where, Sir?” “ At her own lodgings.” —“ Upon what business did you go thither, Sir; and who sent you?” “ I went, Sir, to inquire, Sir, about Mr Jones.” “ And who sent you to inquire about him?” “ Who, Sir; why, Sir,

"Sir, Mr Blifil sent me." "And what did you say to  
"the lady concerning that matter?" "Nay, Sir, it is im-  
"possible to recollect every word." "Will you please,  
"Madam, to assist the gentleman's memory?" "He  
"told me, Sir," said Mrs Waters, "that if Mr Jones  
"had murdered my husband, I should be assisted by any  
"money I wanted to carry on the prosecution, by a very  
"worthy gentleman, who was well apprised what a vil-  
"lain I had to deal with." These I can safely swear  
"were the very words he spoke."—"Were these the  
"words, Sir?" said Allworthy, "I cannot charge my  
"memory exactly," cries Dowling, "but I believe I did  
"speak to that purpose."—"And did Mr Blifil or-  
"der you to say so?" "I am sure, Sir, I should not  
"have gone on my own accord, nor have willingly ex-  
"ceeded my authority in matters of this kind. If I said  
"so, I must have so understood Mr Blifil's instructions."  
"Look you, Mr Dowling," said Allworthy, "I pro-  
"mise you before this lady, that whatever you have done  
"in this affair by Mr Blifil's orders I will forgive, pro-  
"vided you tell me strictly the truth: for I believe what  
"you say, that you would not have acted of your own  
"accord, and without authority, in this matter.—Mr  
"Blifil then likewise sent you to examine the two fel-  
"lows at Aldersgate?"—"He did, Sir." "Well,  
"and what instructions did he then give you? Recol-  
"lect as well as you can, and tell me, as near as possible,  
"the very words he used."—"Why, Sir, Mr Blifil  
"sent me to find out the persons who were eye-witnes-  
"ses of this fight. He said, he feared they might be  
"tampered with by Mr Jones, or some of his friends.  
"He said, blood required blood; and that not only all  
"who concealed a murderer, but those who omitted any  
"thing in their power to bring him to justice, were  
"sharers in his guilt. He said, he found you was very  
"desirous of having the villain brought to justice, though  
"it was not proper you should appear in it."—"He  
"did so?" says Allworthy.—"Yes, Sir," cries Dow-  
"ling, "I should not, I am sure, have proceeded such  
"lengths for the sake of any other person living but  
"your worship."—"What lengths, Sir," said All-  
"worthy,

worthy.—“ Nay, Sir,” cries Dowling, “ I would not have your worship think I would, on any account, be guilty of subornation of perjury; but there are two ways of delivering evidence. I told them therefore, that if any offers should be made them on the other side, they should refuse them; and that they might be assured they should lose nothing by being honest men, and telling the truth. I said, we were told, that Mr Jones had assaulted the gentleman first, and that if that was the truth, they should declare it; and I did give them some hints that they should be no losers.”—

“ I think you went lengths indeed,” cries Allworthy. “ Nay, Sir,” answered Dowling, “ I am sure I did not desire them to tell an untruth;—nor should I have said what I did, unless it had been to oblige you.”—

“ You would not have thought, I believe,” says Allworthy, “ to have obliged me, had you known that this Mr Jones was my own nephew.”—“ I am sure, Sir,” answered he, “ it did not become me to take any notice of what I thought you desired to conceal.”—“ How!” cries Allworthy, “ and did you know it then?”—

“ Nay, Sir,” answered Dowling, “ if your worship bids me speak the truth, I am sure I shall do it.—Indeed, Sir, I did know it; for they were almost the last words which Madam Blifil ever spoke, which she mentioned to me as I stood alone by her bed-side, when she delivered me the letter I brought your worship from her.”—“ What letter?” cries Allworthy.—“ The letter, Sir,” answered Dowling, “ which I brought from Salisbury, and which I delivered into the hands of Mr Blifil.”—“ O heavens!” cries Allworthy.

“ Well, and what were the words? What did my sister say to you?” “ She took me by the hand,” answered he, “ and as she delivered me the letter, said, “ I scarce know what I have written. Tell my brother, Mr Jones is his nephew—He is my son. Blest him,” says she, and then fell backwards, as if dying away. I presently called in the people, and she never spoke more to me, and died within a few minutes afterwards.”—Allworthy stood a minute silent, lifting up his eyes, and then turning to Dow-

ling,

ing, said — “ How came you, Sir, not to deliver me this message ? ” “ Your worship,” answered he, must remember that you was at that time ill in bed ; and being in a most violent hurry, as indeed I always am, I delivered the message to Mr Blifil, who told me he would carry them both to you, which he hath since told me he did, and that your worship, partly out of friendship to Mr Jones, and partly out of regard to your sister, would never have it mentioned ; and did intend to conceal it from the world ; and therefore, Sir, if you had not mentioned it to me first, I am certain should never have thought it belonged to me to say any thing of the matter, either to your worship, or any other person.”

We have remarked somewhere already, that it is possible for a man to convey a lie in the words of truth ; this was the case at present ; for Blifil had, in fact, told Dowling what he now related ; but had not imposed upon him, nor indeed had imagined he was able so to do. In reality, the promises which Blifil had made to Dowling were the motives which had induced him to secrecy ; and as he now very plainly saw Blifil would not be able to keep them, he thought proper now to make this confession, which the promises of forgiveness, joined to the threats, the voice, the looks of Allworthy, and the discoveries he had made before, extorted from him, who was besides taken unawares, and had no time to consider of evasions.

Allworthy appeared well satisfied with this relation, and having enjoined on Dowling strict silence as to what had past, conducted that gentleman himself to the door, lest he should see Blifil, who was returned to his chamber, where he exulted, in the thoughts of his last deceit on his uncle, and little suspected what had since passed below stairs.

As Allworthy was returning to his room, he met Mr Miller in the entry, who with a face all pale and full of terror, said to him, “ O ! Sir, I find this wicked woman hath been with you, and you know all ; yet do not on this account abandon the poor young man. Consider, Sir, he was ignorant it was his own mother ;

“ and the discovery itself will most probably break his heart without your unkindness.”

“ Madam,” says Allworthy, “ I am under such an astonishment at what I have heard, that I am really unable to satisfy you; but come with me into my room. Indeed Mrs Miller, I have made surprizing discoveries, and you shall soon know them.”

The poor woman followed him trembling; and now Allworthy going up to Mrs Waters, took her by the hand, and then turning to Mrs Miller, said, “ What reward shall I bestow on this gentlewoman for the services she hath done me? — O! Mrs Miller, you have a thousand times heard me call the young man, to whom you are so faithful a friend, my son. Little did I then think he was indeed related to me at all. — Your friend, Madam, is my nephew; he is the brother of that wicked viper which I have so long nourished in my bosom. — She will herself tell you the whole story, and how the youth came to pass for her son. Indeed, Mrs Miller, I am convinced that he hath been wronged, and that I have been abused; abused by one whom you too justly suspected of being a villain. — He is, in truth, the worst of villains.”

The joy which Mrs Miller now felt bereft her of the power of speech, and might perhaps have deprived her of her senses, if not of life, had not a friendly shower of tears come seasonably to her relief. At length recovering so far from her transport as to be able to speak, she cried, “ And is my dear Mr Jones then your nephew Sir? and not the son of this lady? and are your eyes opened to see him at last? and shall I live to see him as happy as he deserves?” He certainly is my nephew,” says Allworthy, “ and I hope all the rest.” — “ And is this dear good woman the person,” cries she, “ to whom all this discovery is owing?” — “ She is indeed,” says Allworthy. — “ Why, then,” cried Mrs Miller upon her knees, “ May heaven shower down its choicest blessings upon her head, and for this one good action forgive her all her sins, be they ever so many.”

Mrs

Mrs. Waters then informed them, that she believed Jones would very shortly be released, for that the surgeon was gone in company with a nobleman, to the justice who committed him, in order to certify, that Mr. Fitzpatrick was out of all manner of danger, and to procure the prisoner his liberty.

Allworthy said, he should be glad to find his nephew there at his return home, but that he was then obliged to go on some business of consequence. He then called to a servant to fetch him a chair, and presently left the two ladies together.

Mr. Blifil, hearing the chair ordered, came down stairs to attend upon his uncle, for he never was deficient in such acts of duty. He asked his uncle if he was going out? which is a civil way of asking a man whither he is going: to which the other making no answer, he again desired to know, when he would be pleased to return? — Allworthy made no answer to this neither, till he was just getting into his chair, and, then turning about, he said, — “ Harkee, Sir, do you find out, before my return, the letter which your mother sent me on her death-bed.” Allworthy then departed, and left Blifil in a situation to be envied only by a man who is just going to be hanged.

## C H A P. IX.

*A further continuation:*

ALLWORTHY took an opportunity, whilst he was in the chair, of reading the letter from Jones to Sophia, which Western delivered him; and there were some expressions in it concerning himself, which drew tears from his eyes. At length he arrived at Mr. Western's, and was introduced to Sophia.

When the first ceremonies were past, and the gentleman and lady had taken their chairs, a silence of some minutes ensued; during which the latter, who had been prepared for the visit by her father, sat playing with her fan, and had every mark of confusion both in her countenance and behaviour. At length Allworthy, who was himself a little disconcerted, begun thus: “ I am afraid,

“ Miss Western, my family hath been the occasion of giving you some uneasiness, to which, I fear, I have innocently become more instrumental than I intended. Be assured, Madam, had I at first known how disagreeable the proposals had been, I should not have suffered you to have been so long persecuted. I hope therefore you will not think the design of this visit is to trouble you with any further solicitations of that kind, but entirely to relieve you from them.”

“ Sir,” said Sophia with a little modest hesitation, this behaviour is most kind and generous, and such as I could expect only from Mr Allworthy: but as you have been so kind to mention this matter, you will pardon me for saying, it hath indeed given me great uneasiness, and hath been the occasion of my suffering much cruel treatment from a father, who was, till that unhappy affair, the tenderest and fondest of all parents. I am convinced, Sir, you are too good and generous to resent my refusal of your nephew. Our inclinations are not in our own power; and whatever may be his merit, I cannot force them in his favour.” “ I assure you, most amiable young lady,” said Allworthy, “ I am capable of no such resentment, had the person been my own son, and had I entertained the highest esteem for him; for you say truly, Madam, we cannot force our inclinations, much less can they be directed by another.” “ Oh! Sir,” answered Sophia, “ every word you speak proves you to deserve that good, that great, that benevolent character, the whole world allows you. I assure you, Sir, nothing less than the certain prospect of future misery could have made me resist the commands of my father.” “ I sincerely believe you, Madam,” replied Allworthy, and I heartily congratulate you on your prudent foresight, since by so justifiable a resistance, you have avoided misery indeed.” “ You speak now, Mr Allworthy,” cries she, “ with a delicacy which few men are capable of feeling; but surely, in my opinion, to lead our lives with one, to whom we are indifferent, must be a state of wretchedness.—Perhaps that wretchedness would be even increased by a sense of the merits of the object to whom we

“ cannot

" cannot give our affection. If I had married Mr Blifil,"  
—“Pardon my interrupting you, Madam” answered All-  
worthy: “ but I cannot bear the supposition.—Believe me  
“ Miss Western, I rejoice from my heart, I rejoice in your  
“ escape.—I have discovered the wretch for whom you  
“ have suffered all this cruel violence from your father, to  
“ be a villain.” “ How, Sir?” cries Sophia: —“ You must  
“ believe this surprises me.” —“ It hath surprised me,  
“ Madam,” answered Allworthy; “ and so it will the  
“ world.—But I have acquainted you with the real truth.”  
“ Nothing but truth,” says Sophia, “ can, I am con-  
“ vinced, come from the lips of Mr Allworthy.—Yet  
“ Sir, such sudden, such unexpected news—Discovered  
“ you say—May villainy be ever so.” “ You will soon  
“ enough hear the story,” cries Allworthy; —“ at pre-  
“ sent, let us not mention so detested a name.—I have  
“ another matter to purpose—O! Miss Western, I  
“ know your vast worth, nor can I easily part with  
“ the ambition of being allied to it.—I have  
“ a near relation, Madam, a young man whose character  
“ is, I am convinced, the very opposite to that of this  
“ wretch, and whose fortune I will make equal to what  
“ his was to have been.—Could I, Madam, hope you  
“ would admit a visit from him?” Sophia, after a mi-  
“ nute’s silence, answered, “ I will deal with the utmost  
“ sincerity with Mr Allworthy. His character and the  
“ obligation I have just received from him, demand it.  
“ I have determined at present to listen to no such pro-  
“ posals from any person. My only desire is to be re-  
“ stored to the affection of my father, and to be again the  
“ mistress of his family. This, Sir, I hope to owe to  
“ your good offices. Let me beseech you, let me con-  
“ jure you, by all the goodness which I, and all who know  
“ you, have experienced, do not the very moment, when  
“ you have released me from one persecution, do not  
“ engage me in another, as miserable and as fruitless.”—  
“ Indeed, Miss Western,” replied Allworthy, “ I am  
“ capable of no such conduct; and, if this be your reso-  
“ lution, he must submit to the disappointment, whatever  
“ torments he may suffer under it.” “ I must smile  
“ now, Mr Allworthy,” answered Sophia, “ when you  
“ mention

“ mention the torments of a man whom I do not know,  
“ and who can consequently have so little acquaintance  
“ with me.” “ Pardon me, my dear young lady,” cries  
Allworthy ; “ I begin now to be afraid he hath had too  
“ much acquaintance for the repose of his future days, since  
“ if ever man was capable of a sincere, violent, and noble  
“ passion, such, I am convinced, is my unhappy nephew’s  
“ for Miss Western.” “ A nephew of yours ! Mr All-  
“ worthy,” answered Sophia. “ It is surely strange, I  
“ never heard of him before.” “ Indeed ! Madam,”  
cries Allworthy, “ it is only the circumstance of his being  
“ my nephew, to which you are a stranger, and which,  
“ till this day, was a secret to me.—Mr Jones, who  
“ has long loved you, he ! he is my nephew.” “ Mr  
“ Jones your nephew, Sir ?” cries Sophia : Can it be  
“ possible !”—“ He is indeed, Madam,” answered All-  
worthy ; “ he is my own sister’s son—As such I shall  
“ always own him ; nor am I ashamed of owning him.  
“ I am much more ashamed of my past behaviour to  
“ him ; but I was as ignorant of his merit as of his birth.  
“ Indeed, Miss Western, I have used him cruelly—  
“ indeed I have.”—Here the good man wiped his eyes,  
“ and after a short pause proceeded—“ I never shall  
“ be able to reward him without your assistance.—Be-  
“ lieve me, most amiable young lady, I must have a great  
“ esteem of that offering which I make to your worth.  
“ I know he hath been guilty of faults, but there is  
“ great goodness of heart at the bottom. Believe me,  
“ Madam, there is.”—Here he stopped, seeming to  
expect an answer, which he presently received from So-  
phia, after she had a little recovered herself from the  
hurry of spirits, into which so strange and sudden infor-  
mation had thrown her : “ I sincerely wish you joy, Sir,  
“ of a discovery in which you seem to have such satis-  
“ faction. I doubt not but you will have all the com-  
“ fort you can promise yourself from it.—The young  
“ gentleman hath certainly a thousand good qualities,  
“ which makes it impossible he should not behave well  
“ to such an uncle.”—“ I hope, Madam,” said All-  
“ worthy, “ he hath those good qualities which must  
“ make him a good husband.—He must, I am sure, be  
“ of

" of all men most abandoned, if a lady of your merit  
" should condescend.—“ You must pardon me, Mr  
" Allworthy,” answered Sophia, “ I cannot listen to a  
" proposal of this kind. Mr Jones, I am convinced,  
" hath much merit; but I shall never receive Mr Jones  
" as one who is to be my husband.—Upon my honour I  
" never will.”—“ Pardon me, Madam,” cries Allwor-  
thy, “ if I am a little surprised, after what I have heard  
" from Mr Western.—I hope the unhappy young  
" man hath done nothing to forfeit your good opinion,  
" if he had ever the honour to enjoy it—Perhaps he  
" may have been misrepresented to you, as he was to  
" me. The same villany may have injured him every  
" where.—He is no murderer, I assure you, as he hath  
" been called.”—“ Mr Allworthy,” answered Sophia,  
" I have told you my resolution. I wonder not at what  
" my father hath told; but whatever his apprehensions  
" or fears have been, if I know my heart, I have given  
" no occasion for them; since it hath always been a fix-  
" ed principle with me, never to have married without  
" his consent. This is, I think, the duty of a child to a  
" parent; and this, I hope, nothing could ever have pre-  
" vailed with me to swerve from. I do not indeed con-  
" ceive, that the authority of any parent can oblige us to  
" marry, in direct opposition to our inclinations. To  
" avoid a force of this kind, which I had reason to sus-  
" pect, I left my father's house, and sought protection  
" elsewhere. This is the truth of my story; and if the  
" world, or my father, carry my intentions any farther,  
" my own conscience will acquit me.” “ I hear you,  
" Miss Western,” cries Allworthy, “ with admiration.  
" I admire the justness of your sentiments; but surely  
" there is more in this. I am cautious of offending you,  
" young lady; but am I to look on all which I have  
" hitherto heard or seen as a dream only? And have  
" you suffered so much cruelty from your father on the  
" account of a man to whom you have been always ab-  
" solutely indifferent?” “ I beg, Mr Allworthy,” an-  
" swered Sophia, “ you will not insist on my reasons;—Yes,  
" I have suffered indeed: I will not, Mr Allworthy,  
" conceal—I will be very sincere with you—I own I had  
" a great

" a great opinion of Mr Jones—I believe—I know I  
 " have suffered for my opinion—I have been cruelly treat-  
 " ed by my aunt, as well as by my father; but that is now  
 " past—I beg I may not be farther pressed; for what-  
 " ever hath been, my resolution is now fixed. Your  
 " nephew, Sir, hath many virtues—he hath great virtues,  
 " Mr Allworthy. I question not but he will do you ho-  
 " nour in the world, and make you happy."—" I  
 " wish I could make him so, Madam," replied Allwor-  
 thy; " but that I am convinced is only in your power.  
 " It is that conviction which hath made me so earnest a  
 " solicitor in his favour." " You are deceived, indeed  
 " Sir, you are deceived," said Sophia.—" I hope not  
 " by him—It is sufficient to have deceived me. Mr All-  
 " worthy, I must insist on being prest no farther on this  
 " subject.—I should be sorry—Nay, I will not injure  
 " him in your favour. I wish Mr Jones very well; I  
 " sincerely wish him well; and I repeat it again to you,  
 " whatever demerit he may have to me, I am certain he  
 " hath many good qualities. I do not disown my former  
 " thoughts, but nothing can ever recal them. At present  
 " there is not a man upon earth whom I would more re-  
 " solutely reject than Mr Jones; nor would the adres-  
 " ses of Mr Blifil himself be less agreeable to me."

Western had been long impatient for the event of this conference, and was just now arrived at the door to listen; when having heard the last sentiments of his daughter's heart he lost all temper, and bursting the door open in a rage, cried out—" It is a lye. It is a d—n'd lie. It is all owing to that d—n'd rascal Jones; and if she could get at un, she'd ha un any hour of the day."—Here Allworthy interposed, and addressing himself to the inique with some anger in his look, he said, " Mr West-  
 " tern, you have not kept your word with me. You  
 " promised to abstain from all violence."—" Why so  
 " I did," cries Western, " as long as it was possible; but  
 " to hear a wench telling such confounded lies.—Zounds!  
 " doth she think if she can make vools of other volk,  
 " she can make one of me?—No, no, I know her bet-  
 " ter than thee dost." " I am sorry to tell you, Sir,"  
 answered Allworthy, " it doth not appear by your beha-  
 " viour

" viour to this young lady, that you know her at all. I  
" ask pardon for what I say ; but I think our intimacy,  
" your own desires, and the occasion justify me. She  
" is your daughter, Mr Western, and I think she doth  
" honour to your name. If I was capable of envy, I  
" should sooner envy you on this account than any  
" other man whatever."—" Od-rabbit it," cries the  
squire, " I wish she was thine with all my heart—  
" wouldst soon be glad to be rid of the trouble o'her."—" Indeed, my good friend," answered Allworthy, " you  
" yourself are the cause of all the trouble you complain  
" of. Place that confidence in the young lady which  
" she so well deserves, and I am certain you will be the  
" happiest father on earth."—" I confidence in  
" her!" cries the 'squire,—" 'Sblood ! what confi-  
" dence can I place in her, when she won't do as I wou'd  
" ha her ? Let her gi but her consent to marry as I  
" would ha her, and I'll place as much confidence in  
" her as wouldst ha me."—" You have no right, neigh-  
" bour," answered Allworthy, " to insist on any such  
" consent. A negative voice your daughter allows you,  
" and God and nature have thought proper to allow you  
" no more." " A negative voice !" cries the 'squire—  
" Ay ! ay ! I'll shew you what a negative voice I ha—  
" Go along, go into your chamber ; go, you stubborn"—  
" Indeed. Mr Western," said Allworthy,—" Indeed  
" you use her cruelly—I cannot bear to see this—You  
" shall, you must behave to her in a kinder manner.—  
" She deserves the best of treatment." " Yes, yes,"  
said the 'squire, " I know what she deserves, now she's  
" gone, I'll shew you what she deserves.—See here; see  
" here is a letter from my cousin, my Lady Bellaston, in  
" which she is so kind to gi me to understand, that the  
" fellow is got out of prison again ; and here she advises  
" me to take all the care I can o' the wench. Odzook-  
" ers ! neighbour Allworthy, you don't know what it is  
" to govern a daughter.'

The 'squire ended his speech with some compliments  
to his own sagacity ; and then Allworthy, after a formal  
preface, acquainted him with the whole discovery which  
he had made concerning Jones, with his anger to Blifil,

and with every particular which had been disclosed to the reader in the preceding chapters.

Men over violent in their dispositions, are, for the most part, as changeable in them. No sooner then was Western informed of Mr Allworthy's intention to make Jones his heir, than he joined heartily with the uncle in every commendation of the nephew, and became as eager for her marriage with Jones as he had before been to couple her to Blifil.

Here Mr Allworthy was again forced to interpose, and to relate what had passed between him and Sophia, at which he testified great surprize.

The 'squire was silent a moment, and looked wild with astonishment at this account—At last he cried out  
“ Why, what can be the meaning of this, neighbour All-  
“ worthy ! Vond o'un the was, that I'll be sworn to.—  
“ Odzookers ! I have hit o't. As sure as a gun I have  
“ hit o' the very right o't. It's all along o' zister. The  
“ girl hath got a hankering after the son of a whore of a  
“ Lord. I vound 'em together at my cousin, my Lady  
“ Bellaston's. He hath turned the head o' her, that's  
“ certain—but d—n me if he shall ha her—I'll ha  
“ no lords nor courtiers in my vamily.”

Allworthy now made a long speech, in which he repeated his resolutions to avoid all violent measures, and very earnestly recommended gentle methods to Mr Western, as those by which he might be assured of succeeding best with his daughter. He then took his leave, and returned back to Mrs Miller, but was forced to comply with the earnest entreaties of the 'squire, in promising to bring Mr Jones to visit him that afternoon, that he might, as he said, “ Make all matters up with the young gentleman.” At Mr Allworthy's departure, Western promised to follow his advice in his behaviour to Sophia, saying, “ I don't know how 'tis, but d—n me, Allworthy, if you don't make me always do just as you please ; and yet I have as good an estate as you, and am in the commission of the peace as well as yourself.

CHAP.

## C H A P. X.

*Wherein the History begins to draw towards a conclusion.*

WHEN Allworthy returned to his lodgings, he heard Mr Jones was just arrived before him. He hurried therefore instantly into an empty chamber, where he ordered Mr Jones to be brought to him alone.

It is impossible to conceive a more tender or moving scene, than the meeting between the uncle and nephew, (for Mrs Waters, as the reader may well suppose, had at her last visit discovered to him the secret of his birth.) The first agonies of joy which were felt on both sides are indeed beyond my power to describe : I shall not therefore attempt it. After Allworthy had raised Jones from his feet, where he had prostrated himself, and received him into his arms, "O my child," he cried, " how have I been to blame, ! how have I injured you ! " " What amends can I ever make you for those unkind, " those unjust suspicions which I have entertained, " and for all the sufferings they have occasioned to " you ? " " Am I not now made amends ? " cries Jones : " Would not my sufferings, if they had been " ten times greater, have been now richly repaid ? " O my dear, uncle ! this goodness, this tenderness over " powers, unmans, destroys me. I cannot bear the " transports which flow so fast upon me. To be again " restored to your presence, to your favour ; to be once " more thus kindly received by my great, my noble, my " generous benefactor." — " Indeed child," cries Allworthy, " I have used you cruelly." — He then explained to him all the treachery of Blifil, and again repeated expressions of the utmost concern, for having been induced by that treachery to use him so ill. " O talk " not so," answered Jones ; " indeed, Sir, you have " used me nobly. The wisest man might be deceived " as you were, and under such a deception, the best " must have acted just as you did. Your goodness dif-

“ played itself in the midst of your anger, just as it then  
“ seemed. I owe every thing to that goodness of which  
“ I have been most unworthy. Do not put me on self-  
“ accusation, by carrying your generous sentiments too  
“ far. Alas, Sir, I have not been punished more than  
“ I have deserved ; and it shall be the whole busines of  
“ my future life to deserve that happiness you now best-  
“ tow on me ; for, believe me, my dear uncle, my punish-  
“ ment hath not been thrown away upon me : though I  
“ have been a great, I am not a hardened sinner ; I thank  
“ heaven I have had time to reflect on my past life,  
“ where, though I cannot charge myself with any gross  
“ villany, yet I can discern follies and vices more than  
“ enough to repent and to be ashamed of ; follies which  
“ have been attended with dreadful consequences to my-  
“ self, and have brought me to the brink of destruction.”  
“ I am rejoiced, my dear child,” answered Allworthy,  
“ to hear you talk thus sensibly ; for as I am convinced  
“ hypocrit (good heaven, how have I been imposed on  
“ by it in others !) was never among your faults ; so I  
“ can readily believe all you say. You now see, Tom,  
“ to what dangers imprudence alone may subject virtue  
“ (for virtue, I am now convinced, you love in a great  
“ degree.) Prudence is indeed the duty which we owe  
“ to ourselves ; and if we will be so much our own ene-  
“ mies as to neglect it, we are not to wonder if the  
“ world is deficient in discharging their duty to us ; for  
“ when a man lays the foundation of his own ruin,  
“ others will, I am afraid, be too apt to build upon it.  
“ You say however you have seen your errors, and will  
“ reform them. I firmly believe you, my dear child ; and  
“ therefore, from this moment, you shall never more be  
“ reminded of them by me. Remember them only  
“ yourself so far as for the future to teach you the bet-  
“ ter to avoid them ; but still remember for your com-  
“ fort, that there is this great difference between those  
“ faults which candor may construe into imprudence,  
“ and those which can be deduced from villany only. The  
“ former, perhaps, are even more apt to subject a man  
“ to ruin ; but if he reform, his character will, at length  
“ be totally retrieved ; the world, though not immediate-

ly,

“ ly, will in time be reconciled to him, and he may reflect, not without some mixture of pleasure, on the dangers he hath escaped; but villany, my boy, when once discovered, is irretrievable; the stains which this leaves behind, no time will wash away. The censures of mankind will pursue the wretch, their scorn will abash him in public; and if shame drives him into retirement, he will go to it with all those terrors with which a weary child, who is afraid of hobgoblins, treats from company to go to bed alone. Here his murdered conscience will haunt him. Repose, like a false friend, will fly from him. Where-ever he turns his eyes, horror presents itself; if he looks backwards, unavailable repentance treads on his heels; if forward, incurable despair stares him in the face; till, like a condemned prisoner confined in a dungeon, he detests his present condition, and yet dreads the consequence of that hour which is to relieve him from it. Comfort yourself, I say, my child, that this is not your case; and rejoice, with thankfulness to him who hath suffered you to see your errors, before they have brought on you that destruction, to which a persistancy in even those errors must have led you. You have deserted them; and the prospect now before you is such, that happiness seems in your own power.”—At these words Jones fetched a deep sigh; upon which, when Allworthy remonstrated, he said, “Sir, I will conceal nothing from you; I fear there is one consequence of my vices I shall never be able to retrieve. O my dear uncle, I have lost a treasure.”—“ You need say no more,” answered Allworthy; “ I will be explicit with you; I know what you lament; I have seen the young lady, and have discoursed with her concerning you. This I must insist on, as an earnest of your sincerity in all you have said, and of the steadfastness of your resolution, that you obey me in one instance:—to abide entirely by the determination of the young lady, whether it shall be in your favour or no. She hath already suffered enough from solicitations which I hate to think of; she shall owe no further constraint to my family: I know her father will

“ be as ready to torment her now on your account, as  
“ he hath formerly been on another’s; but I am de-  
“ termined she shall suffer no more confinement, no  
“ more violence, no more uneasy hours.”—“ O  
“ my dear uncle,” answered Jones, “ lay, I beseech  
“ you, some command on me, in which I shall have  
“ some merit in obedience. Believe me, Sir, the  
“ only instance in which I could dis obey you, would be  
“ to give an uneasy moment to my Sophia. No, Sir, if  
“ I am so miserable to have incurred her displeasure be-  
“ yond all hope of forgiveness, that alone, with the  
“ dreadful reflection of causing her misery, will be suffi-  
“ cient to overpower me. To call Sophia mine is the  
“ greatest, and now the only additional blessing which  
“ heaven can bestow, but it is a blessing which I must  
“ owe to her alone.” “ I will not flatter you, child;”  
cries Allworthy; “ I fear your case is desperate: I never  
“ saw stronger marks of an unalterable resolution in any  
“ person, than appeared in her vehement declarations  
“ against receiving your addresses; for which, perhaps,  
“ you can account better than myself.”—“ Oh, Sir! I  
“ can account too well,” answered Jones; “ I have fin-  
“ ned against her beyond all hope of pardon; and guilty  
“ as I am, my guilt unfortunately appears to her in  
“ ten times blacker than the real colours. O, my dear  
“ uncle, I find my follies are irretrievable, and all your  
“ goodness cannot save me from perdition.”

A servant now acquainted them that Mr Western was below stairs, for his eagerness to see Jones could not wait till the afternoon; upon which Jones, whose eyes were full of tears, begged his uncle to entertain Western a few minutes, till he a little recovered himself: to which the good man consented, and having ordered Mr Western to be shewn into a parlour, went down to him.

Mrs Miller no sooner heard that Jones was alone, (for she had not yet seen him since his release from prison), than she came eagerly into the room; and, advancing towards Jones, wished him heartily joy of his new-found uncle, and his happy reconciliation, adding, “ I wish I could give you joy on another account, my dear child, but any thing so inexorable I never saw.” Jones

Jones, with some appearance of surprize, asked her what she meant. "Why then," says she, "I have been with your young lady, and have explained all matters to her as they were told me by my son Nightingale. She can have no longer any doubt about the letter; of that I am certain; for I told her my son Nightingale was ready to take his oath, if she pleased, that it was all his own invention, and the letter of his inditing. I told her the very reason of sending the letter ought to recommend you to her the more, as it was all upon her account, and a plain proof, that you was resolved to quit your profligacy for the future; that you had never been guilty of a single instance of infidelity to her since your seeing her in town: I am afraid I went too far there; but Heaven forgive me; I hope your future behaviour will be my justification. I am sure I have said all I can; but all to no purpose. She remains inflexible. She says, she had forgiven many faults on account of youth, but expressed such detestation of the character of a libertine, that she absolutely silenced me. I often attempted to excuse you, but the justness of her accusation flew in my face. Upon my honour, she is a lovely woman, and one of the sweetest and most sensible creatures I ever saw. I could have almost kissed her for one expression she made use of. It was a sentiment worthy of Seneca, or of a bishop; I once fancied, Madam," said she, "I had discovered great goodness of heart in Mr Jones; and for that I own I had a sincere esteem; but an entire profligacy of manners will corrupt the best heart in the world; and all which a good-natured libertine can expect is, that we should mix some grains of pity with our contempt and abhorrence." She is an angelic creature, that's the truth on't."—"O Mrs Miller," answered Jones, "can I bear to think I have lost such an angel!" "Lost! no," cries Mrs Miller; "I hope you have not lost her yet. Resolve to leave such vicious courses, and you may yet have hopes: nay, if she should remain inexorable, there is another young lady, a sweet pretty young lady, and a swinging fortune, who is absolutely dying for love of you. I heard of it

“ it this very morning, and I told it to Miss Western ;  
“ nay, I went a little beyond the truth again ; for I  
“ told her you had refused her ; but indeed I knew you  
“ would refuse her.—And here I must give you a lit-  
“ tle comfort : when I mentioned the young lady’s name,  
“ who is no other than the pretty widow Hunt, I  
“ thought she turned pale ; but when I said you had re-  
“ fused her, I will be sworn her face was all over scarlet  
“ in an instant ; and these were her very words “ I will  
“ not deny but that I believe he has some affection for  
“ me.”

Here the conversation was interrupted by the arrival of Western, who could no longer be kept out of the room even by the authority of Allworthy himself, tho’ this, as we have often seen, had a wonderful power over him.

Western immediately went up to Jones, crying out, “ My old friend, Tom, I am glad to see thee with all my heart. All past must be forgotten, I could not intend any affront to thee, because, as Allworthy here knows, nay dost know it thyself, I took thee for another person ; and where a body means no harm, what signifies a hasty word or two ? One Christian must forget and forgive another.” “ I hope Sir,” said Jones, “ I shall never forget the many obligations I have had to you ; but as for any offence towards me, I declare I am an utter stranger.”—“ A’t,” says Western ; “ then give me thy fist ; a’t as hearty an honest cock as any in the kingdom. Come along with me ; I’ll carry thee to thy mistress this moment.” Here Allworthy interposed ; and the ’squire, being unable to prevail either with the uncle or nephew, was, after some litigation, obliged to consent to delay introducing Jones to Sophia till the afternoon ; at which time Allworthy, as well in compassion to Jones, as in compliance with the eager desires of Western, was prevailed upon to promise to attend at the tea-table.

The conversation which now ensued was pleasant enough, and with which, had it happened earlier in our history, we would have entertained our reader ; but as we have now leisure only to attend to what is very material,

rial, it shall suffice to say, that matters being entirely adjusted as to the afternoon visit, Mr Western again returned home.

## C H A P. XI.

*The History draws nearer to a conclusion.*

WHEN Mr Western was departed, Jones began to inform Mr Allworthy and Mrs Miller that his liberty had been procured by two noble lords, who, together with two surgeons and a friend of Mr Nightingale's, had attended the magistrate by whom he had been committed, and by whom, on the surgeon's oath, that the wounded person was out of all manner of danger from his wound, he was discharged.

One only of these lords, he said, he had ever seen before, and that no more than once; but the other had greatly surprised him, by asking his pardon for an offence he had been guilty of towards him, occasioned, he said, entirely by his ignorance of who he was.

Now the reality of the case, with which Jones was not acquainted till afterwards, was this. The lieutenant whom Lord Fellamar had employed, according to the advice of Lady Bellaston, to press Jones, as a vagabond, into the sea-service, when he came to report to his lordship the event which we have before seen, spoke very favourably of the behaviour of Mr Jones on all accounts, and strongly assured that lord, that he must have mistaken the person, for that Jones was certainly a gentleman; insomuch that his lordship, who was strictly a man of honour, and would by no means have been guilty of an action which the world in general would have condemned, began to be much concerned for the advice which he had taken.

Within a day or two after this, Lord Fellamar happened to dine with the Irish peer, who in a conversation upon the duel, acquainted his company with the character of Fitzpatrick, to which indeed he did not do strict justice, especially in what related to his lady. He said, she was the most innocent, and most injured woman

alive, and that from compassion alone he had undertaken her cause. He then declared an intention of going the next morning to Fitzpatrick's lodgings, in order to prevail with him, if possible, to consent to a separation from his wife, who, the peer said, was in apprehensions for her life, if she should ever return to be under the power of her husband. Lord Fellamar agreed to go with him, that he might satisfy himself more concerning Jones, and the circumstances of the duel; for he was by no means easy concerning the part he had acted. The moment his lordship gave a hint of his readiness to assist in the delivery of the lady, it was eagerly embraced by the other nobleman, who depended much on the authority of Lord Fellamar, as he thought it would greatly contribute to awe Fitzpatrick into a compliance; and perhaps he was in the right: for the poor Irishman no sooner saw these noble peers had undertaken the cause of his wife, than he submitted, and articles of separation were soon drawn up, and signed between the parties.

Fitzpatrick who had been so well satisfied by Mrs Waters concerning the innocence of his wife with Jones at Upton, or perhaps from some other reasons, was now become so indifferent to that matter, that he spoke highly in favour of Jones to Lord Fellamar, took all the blame upon himself, and said the other had behaved very much like a gentleman, and a man of honour; and upon that lord's further inquiry concerning Mr Jones, Fitzpatrick told him he was nephew to a gentleman of very great fashion and fortune, which was the account he had just received from Mrs Waters, after her interview with Dowling.

Lord Fellamar now thought it behoved him to do every thing in his power to make satisfaction to a gentleman whom he had so grossly injured, and without any consideration of rivalship (for he had now given over all thoughts of Sophia), determined to procure Mr Jones's liberty, being satisfied as well from Fitzpatrick as his surgeon, that the wound was not mortal. He therefore prevailed with the Irish peer to accompany him to the place where Jones was confined, to whom he behaved as we have already related.

When

When Allworthy returned to his lodgings, he immediately carried Jones into his room, and then acquainted him with the whole matter, as well what he had heard from Mrs Waters, as what he had discovered from Mr Dowling.

Jones expressed great astonishment, and no less concern at this account ; but without making any comment or observation upon it. And now a message was brought from Mr Blifil, desiring to know if his uncle was at leisure, that he might wait upon him. Allworthy started and turned pale, and then in a more passionate tone than I believe he had ever used before, bid the servant tell Blifil he knew him not. " Consider, dear Sir," —cries Jones, in a trembling voice.—" I have considered," answered Allworthy, and you yourself shall carry my " message to the villain.—No one can carry him " the sentence of his own ruin so properly as the man " whose ruin he hath so villainously contrived." —" Par- " don me, dear Sir," said Jones ; " a moment's reflection " will, I am sure, convince you of the contrary. What " might perhaps be but justice from another tongue, " would from mine be insult : and to whom ?—My own " brother, and your nephew.—Nor did he use me so bar- " barously.—Indeed that would have been more inex- " cusable than any thing he hath done. Fortune may " tempt men of no very bad dispositions to injustice ; but " insults proceed only from black and rancorous minds, " and have no temptations to excuse them.—Let me be- " feech you, Sir, to do nothing by him in the present " height of your anger. Consider, my dear uncle, I was " not myself condemned unheard." Allworthy stood silent a moment, and then embracing Jones, he said, with tears gushing from his eyes, " O my child ! to what " goodness have I been so long blind !"

Mrs Miller entering the room at that moment, after a gentle rap, which was not perceived, and seeing Jones in the arms of his uncle, the poor woman, in an agony of joy, fell upon her knees, and burst forth into the most ecstatic thanksgivings to heaven for what had happened. Then running to Jones, she embraced him eagerly, crying " My dearest friend, I wish you joy a thousand and a thou-

" sand times of this blest day ;" and next, Mr Allworthy himself received the same congratulations. To which he answered, " Indeed, indeed, Mrs Miller, I am beyond expression happy." Some few more raptures having passed on all sides, Mrs Miller desired them both to walk down to dinner in the parlour, where she said there were a very happy set of people assembled ; being indeed no other than Mr Nightingale and his bride, and his cousin Harris with her bridegroom.

Allworthy excused himself from dining with the company, saying he had ordered some little thing for him and his nephew in his own apartment ; for that they had much private business to discourse of, but would not resist promising the good woman, that both he and Jones would make part of her society at supper.

Mrs Miller then asked what was to be done with Blifil ; " for indeed," says she, " I cannot be easy while such a villain is in my house." — Allworthy answered, " He was as uneasy as herself on the same account." — " O !" cries she, " if that be the case, leave the matter to me ; I'll soon shew him the outside of the doors I warrant you. Here are two or three lusty fellows below stairs." — " There will be no need of any violence," cries Allworthy ; " if you carry him a message from me, he will, I am convinced, depart of his own accord." — " Will I ?" said Mrs Miller, " I never did any thing in my life with a better will." Here Jones interfered, and said, " He had considered the matter better, and would, if Mr Allworthy pleased, be himself the messenger." — " I know," says he, " already enough of your pleasure, Sir, and I beg leave to acquaint him with it by my own words. Let me beseech you, Sir," added he, " to reflect on the dreadful consequences of driving him to violent and sudden despair. How unfit, alas ! is this poor man to die in his present situation." This suggestion had not the least effect on Mrs Miller. She left the room, crying, " You are too good, Mr Jones, infinitely too good to live in this world." But it made a deeper impression on Allworthy. " My good child," said he, " I am equally astonished at the goodness of your heart, and the quickness of your understanding. Hear

" vcn

"ven indeed forbid that this wretch should be deprived of any means or time for repentance." That would be a shocking consideration indeed. Go to him, therefore, and use your own discretion; yet do not flatter him with any hopes of my forgiveness; for I shall never forgive villainy farther than my religion obliges me, and that extends not either to our bounty or our conversation."

Jones went up to Blifil's room, whom he found in a situation which moved his pity, though it would have raised a less amiable passion in many beholders.—He cast himself on his bed, where he lay abandoning himself to despair, and drowned in tears; not in such tears as flow from contrition, and wash away guilt from minds which have been seduced or surprized into it unawares, against the bent of their natural dispositions, as will sometimes happen from human frailty, even to the good; no, these tears were such as the frightened thief sheds in his cart, and are indeed the effects of that concern which the most savage natures are seldom deficient in feeling for themselves.

It would be unpleasant and tedious to paint this scene in full length. Let it suffice to say, that the behaviour of Jones was kind to excess. He omitted nothing which his invention could supply, to raise and comfort the drooping spirits of Blifil, before he communicated to him the resolution of his uncle, that he must quit the house that evening. He offered to furnish him with any money he wanted, assured him of his hearty forgiveness of all he had done against him, that he would endeavour to live with him hereafter as a brother, and would leave nothing unattempted to effectuate a reconciliation with his uncle.

Blifil was at first sullen and silent, balancing in his mind whether he should yet deny all: but finding at last the evidence too strong against him, he betook himself at last to confession. He then asked pardon of his brother in the most vehement manner, prostrated himself on the ground, and kissed his feet: in short, he was now as remarkably mean, as he had been before remarkably wicked.

Jones

Jones could not so far check his disdain, but that it a little discovered itself in his countenance at this extreme servility. He raised his brother the moment he could from the ground, and advised him to bear his afflictions more like a man ; repeating at the same time his promises, that he would do all in his power to lessen them : for which Blifil making many professions of his unworthiness, poured forth a profusion of thanks : and then having declared he would immediately depart to another lodging, Jones returned to his uncle.

Among other matters, Allworthy now acquainted Jones with the discovery which he made concerning the 500l. Bank-notes, " I have," said he, " already consulted a lawyer, who tells me, to my great astonishment, that there is no punishment for a fraud of this kind. Indeed, when I consider the black ingratitude of this fellow towards you, I think a highwayman, compared to him, is an innocent person."

" Good heaven !" says Jones, " is it possible ? — " I am shocked beyond measure at this news. I thought there was not an honest fellow in the world. — " The temptation of such a sum was too great for him to withstand ; for smaller matters have come safe to me through his hand. Indeed, my dear uncle, you must suffer me to call it weakness rather than ingratitude ; for I am convinced the poor fellow loves me, and hath done me some kindnesses, which I can never forget ; nay, I believe he hath repented of this very act : for it is not above a day or two ago, when my affairs seemed in the most desperate situation, that he visited me in my confinement, and offered me any money I wanted. Consider, Sir, what a temptation to a man who hath tasted such bitter distress, it must be to have a sum in his possession, which must put him and his family beyond any future possibility of suffering the like."

" Child," cries Allworthy, " you carry this forgiving temper too far. Such mistaken mercy is not only weakness, but borders on injustice, and is very pernicious to society, as it encourages vice. The dishonesty of this fellow I might perhaps have pardoned, but never

" never his ingratitude. And give me leave to say, " when we suffer any temptation to atone for dishonesty itself, we are as candid and merciful as we ought to be ; and so far I confess I have gone ; for I have often pitied the fate of a highwayman, when I have been on the grand jury ; and have more than once applied to the judge on the behalf of such as have had any mitigating circumstances in their case ; but when dishonesty is attended with any blacker crime, such as cruelty, murder, ingratitude, or the like, compassion and forgiveness then become faults. I am convinced the fellow is a villain, and he shall be punished ; at least as far as I can punish him."

This was spoke with so stern a voice, that Jones did not think proper to make any reply : besides, the hour appointed by Mr Western now drew so near, that he had barely left time to dress himself. Here therefore ended the present dialogue, and Jones retired to another room, where Partridge attended, according to order, with his clothes.

Partridge had scarce seen his master since the happy discovery. The poor fellow was unable either to contain or express his transports. He behaved like one frantic, and made almost as many mistakes while he was dressing Jones, as I have seen made by Harlequin in dressing himself on the stage.

His memory, however, was not in the least deficient. He recollects now many omens and presages of this happy event, some of which he had remarked at the time, but many more he now remembered ; nor did he omit the dreams he had dreamt the evening before his meeting with Jones ; and concluded with saying, " I always told your honour something boded in my mind, " that you would one time or other have it in your power to make my fortune." Jones assured him, that this boding should as certainly be verified with regard to him, as all the other omens had been to himself ; which did not a little add to all the raptures which the poor fellow had already conceived on account of his master.

## C H A P. XII.

*Approaching still nearer to the end.*

JONES being now completely dressed, attended his uncle to Mr Western's. He was indeed one of the finest figures ever beheld, and his person alone would have charmed the greater part of womankind ; but we hope it hath already appeared in this history, that nature, when she formed him, did not totally rely, as the sometimes doth, on this merit only, to recommend her work.

Sophia, who, angry as she was, was likewise set forth to the best advantage, for which I leave my female readers to account, appeared so extremely beautiful that even Allworthy, when he saw her, could not forbear whispering Western, that he believed she was the finest creature in the world. To which Western answered, in a whisper overheard by all present, “ So much the better for “ Tom ;—for d—n me if he shan’t ha the tousling “ her.” Sophia was all over scarlet at these words, while Tom’s countenance was altogether as pale, and he was almost ready to sink from his chair.

The tea-table was scarce removed, before Western lugged Allworthy out of the room, telling him, he had busines of consequence to impart, and must speak to him that instant in private before he forgot it.

The lovers were now alone, and it will, I question not, appear strange to many readers, that those who had so much to say to one another when danger and difficulty attended their conversation : and who seemed so eager to rush into each others arms, when so many bars lay in their way, now that with safety they were at liberty to say or do whatever they pleased, should both remain for some time silent and motionless ; insomuch that a stranger of moderate sagacity might have well concluded they were mutually indifferent ; but so it was, however strange it may seem ; both sat with their eyes cast downwards on the ground, and for some minutes continued in perfect silence.

Mr

Mr Jones, during this interval, attempted once or twice to speak, but was absolutely incapable, muttering only, or rather sighing out, some broken words; when Sophia at length, partly out of pity to him, and partly to turn the discourse from the subject which she knew well enough he was endeavouring to open, said;—

“ Sure, Sir, you are the most fortunate man in the world in this discovery.” “ And can you really, Madam, think me so fortunate,” said Jones, sighing, “ while I have incurred your displeasure?” — “ Nay, Sir,” says she, “ as to that, you best know whether you have deserved it.” “ Indeed, Madam,” answered he, “ you yourself are as well apprised of all my demerits. Mrs Miller hath acquainted you with the whole truth. O! my Sophia, am I never to hope for forgiveness?” “ I think, Mr Jones,” said she, “ I may almost depend on your own justice, and leave it to yourself to pass sentence on your own conduct.” — “ Alas! Madam,” answered he, “ it is mercy, and not justice, which I implore at your hands. Justice I know must condemn me. — Yet not for the letter I sent to Lady Bellaston. Of that I most solemnly declare you have had a true account.” He then insisted much on the security given him by Nightingale, of a fair pretence for breaking off, if, contrary to their expectations, her ladyship should have accepted his offer; but confess that he had been guilty of a great indiscretion to put such a letter as that into her power, “ which,” said he, “ I have dearly paid for in the effect it has upon you.” “ I do not, I cannot,” says she, “ believe otherwife of that letter than you would have me. My conduct, I think, shews you clearly I do not believe there is much in that; and yet, Mr Jones, have I not enough to resent? After what past at Upton, so soon to engage in a new amour with another woman, while I fancied, and you pretended, your heart was bleeding for me! — Indeed you have acted strangely. Can I believe the passion you have profest to me to be sincere? or, if I can, what happiness can I assure myself of with a man capable of so much inconstancy?” “ O! my Sophia,” cried he, “ do not doubt the sincerity of the purest

“ purest passion that ever inflamed a human breast.  
“ Think, most adorable creature, of my unhappy situation, of my despair.—Could I, my Sophia, have flattered myself with the most distant hopes of being ever permitted to throw myself at your feet, in the manner “ I do now, it would not have been in the power of any other woman to have inspired a thought which the severest chastity could have condemned. Inconstancy to you!—O Sophia! if you can have goodness enough to pardon what is past, do not let any cruel future apprehensions shut your mercy against me.—  
“ No repentance was ever more sincere. O let it reconcile me to my heaven in this dear bosom.” “ Sincere repentance, Mr Jones,” answered she, “ will obtain the pardon of a sinner, but it is from one who is a perfect judge of that sincerity. A human mind may be imposed on; nor is there any infallible method to prevent it. You must expect, however, that if I can be prevailed on by your repentance to pardon you, I will at least insist on the strongest proof of its sincerity.” “ Name any proof in my power,” answered Jones eagerly. “ Time,” replied she; “ time alone, Mr Jones, can convince me that you are a true penitent, and have resolved to abandon those vicious courses, which I should detest you for, if I imagined you capable of persevering in them.” “ Do not imagine it,” cries Jones. “ On my knees I entreat, I implore your confidence, a confidence which it shall be the business of my life to deserve.” “ Let it then,” said she, “ be the business of some part of your life to shew me you deserve it. I think I have been explicit enough in assuring you, that when I see you merit my confidence, you will obtain it. After what is past, Sir, can you expect I should take you upon your word?”

He replied, “ Don’t believe me upon my word; I have a better security, a pledge for my constancy, which it is impossible to see and to doubt.” “ What is that?” said Sophia, a little surprised. “ I will shew you my charming angel,” cried Jones, seizing her hand, and carrying her to the glass. “ There, behold it there in that lovely figure, in that face, that shape, those eyes, that

“ that mind which shines through these eyes : can the man who shall be in possession of these be inconstant ? impossible ! my Sophia : they would fix a Dorimant, a Lord Rochester. You could not doubt it, if you could see yourself with any eyes but your own.” Sophia blushed, and half smiled ; but forcing again her brow into a frown, “ If I am to judge,” said she, “ of the future by the past, my image will no more remain in your heart when I am out of your sight, than it will in this glass when I am out of the room.” “ By heaven, by all that is sacred,” said Jones, “ it never was out of my heart. The delicacy of your sex cannot conceive the grossness of ours, nor how little one sort of amour has to do with the heart.” “ I will never marry a man,” replied Sophia, very gravely, “ who shall not learn refinement enough to be as incapable as I am myself of making such a distinction.” “ I will learn it,” said Jones. “ I have learnt it already. The first moment of hope that my Sophia might be my wife, taught it me at once, and all the rest of her sex from that moment became as little the objects of desire to my sense as of passion to my heart.” “ Well,” said Sophia, “ the proof of this must be from time. Your situation, Mr Jones, is now altered, and I assure you I have great satisfaction in the alteration. You will now want no opportunity of being near me, and convincing me that your mind is altered too.” “ O ! my angel,” cries Jones, “ how shall I thank thy goodness ? And are you so good to own that you have a satisfaction in my prosperity ? — Believe me, believe me, Madam, it is you alone have given a relish to that prosperity, since I owe to it the dear hope — O ! my Sophia, let it not be a distant one. — I will be all obedience to your commands. I will not dare to press any thing further than you permit me. Yet let me intreat you to appoint a short trial. O ! tell me, when I may expect you will be convinced of what is most solemnly true.” “ When I have gone voluntarily thus far, Mr Jones,” said she, “ I expect not to be pressed ; nay, I will not.” — “ O don’t look unkindly thus, my Sophia,” cries he. “ I do not, I dare not press you. — Yet permit me at least once more to beg you would

“ fix the period. O! consider the impatience of love.”  
“ A twelvemonth, perhaps, said she.” “ O my Sophia,”  
cries he, “ you have named an eternity.”—“ Perhaps it  
“ may be something sooner,” says she ; I will not be teaz-  
“ ed. If your passion for me be what I would have it,  
“ I think you may now be easy.”—“ Easy, Sophia ! call  
“ not such exulting happiness as mine by so cold a name.  
“ —O ! transporting thought ! am I not assured that  
“ the blessed day will come, when I shall call you mine ;  
“ when fears shall be no more ; when I shall have that  
“ dear, that vast, that exquisite, ecstatic delight of making  
“ my Sophia happy !”—“ Indeed, Sir,” said she,  
“ that day is in your own power.”—“ O ! my dear,  
“ my divine angel,” cried he, “ these words have made  
“ me mad with joy.—But I must, I will thank those  
“ dear lips which have so sweetly pronounced my bliss.”  
He then caught her in his arms, and kissed her with an  
ardour he had never ventured before.

At this instant, Wēstern, who had stood some time  
listening, burst into the room, and with his hunting voice  
and phrase, cried out, “ To her boy, to her, go to her.—  
“ That’s it, little honeys, O that’s it. Well, what, is all  
“ over ? hāth she appointed the day, boy ? What, shall  
“ it be to-morrow or next day ? it shan’t be put off a  
“ minute longer than next day, I am resolvēd.”—  
“ Let me beseech you, Sir,” says Jones, “ don’t let me  
“ be the occasion”—“ Beseech mine a—,” cries Wē-  
stern, “ I thought thou hadst been a lad of higher mettle  
“ than to give way to a parcel of maidenish tricks.—I  
“ tell thee ’tis all flim-flam. Zoodikers ! she’d have the  
“ wedding to-night with all her heart. Would’st not,  
“ Sophy ? Come, confess, and be an honest girl for  
“ once. What, art dumb ? Why dost not speak ?”—  
“ Why should I confess, Sir,” says Sophia, “ since it  
“ seems you are so well acquainted with my thoughts !”  
—“ That’s a good girl,” cries he ; “ and dost consent  
“ then ?—“ No indeed, Sir,” says Sophia, “ I have  
“ given no such consent.”—“ And wunt nut ha un then  
“ to-morrow, nor next day ?” says Western.—“ Indeed,  
“ Sir, says she, I have no such intention.”—“ But I can  
“ tell thee,” replied he, “ why hast nut ; only because  
“ thou

" thou dost love to be disobedient, and to plague and vex thy father,"—“ Pray, Sir,” said Jones interfering,—“ I tell thee thou art a puppy,” cried he. “ When I forbid her, then it was all nothing but fighting, and whining, and languishing, and writhing; now I am vor thee, she is against thee. All the spirit of contrary, that’s all. She is above being guided and governed by her father, that is the whole truth on’t. It is only to disoblige and contradict me.”—“ What would my papa have me do?” cries Sophia.—“ What would I ha thee do?” says he, “ why gi un thy hand this moment.”—“ Well, Sir,” said Sophia, “ I will obey you. There is my hand, Mr Jones.” “ Well, and will you consent to ha un to-morrow morning?” says Western.—“ I will be obedient to you, Sir,” cries she.—“ Why then to-morrow morning be the day.”—“ Why then to-morrow morning shall be the day, papa, since you will have it so,” says Sophia.—Jones then fell upon his knees, and kissed her hand in an agony of joy, while Western began to caper and dance about the room, presently crying out,—“ Where the devil is Allworthy? He is without now, a talking with that d—d lawyer Dowling, when he should be minding other matters.”—He then fallied out in quest of him, and very opportunely left the lovers to enjoy a few tender minutes alone.

But he soon returned with Allworthy, saying, “ If you won’t believe me, you may ask her yourself. Hast nut gi’n thy consent, Sophy, to be married to-morrow?” “ Such are your commands, Sir,” cries Sophia, “ and I dare not be guilty of disobedience.”—“ I hope, Madam,” cries Allworthy, “ my nephew will merit so much goodness, and will be always as sensible as myself of the great honour you have done my family. An alliance with so charming and so excellent a young lady would indeed be an honour to the greatest in England.”—“ Yes,” cries Western, “ but if I had suffered her to stand, shill I, shall I, dilly dally, you might not have had that honour yet a while; I was forced to use a little fatherly authority to bring her to.”—“ I hope not, Sir,” cries Allworthy, “ I hope

" hope there is not the least constraint." " Why,  
" there," cries Western, " you may bid her unsay all  
" again, if you will. Do'st repent heartily of thy pro-  
" mise, do'st not Sophy?" " Indeed, papa," cries she,  
" I do not repent, nor do I believe I ever shall, of any  
" promise in favour of Mr Jones." — " Then, nephew,"  
cries Allworthy, " I felicitate you most heartily; for I  
" think you are the happiest of men. And, Madam,  
" you will give me leave to congratulate you on this joy-  
ful occasion: indeed, I am convinced you have bestow-  
" ed yourself on one who will be sensible of your great  
" merit, and who will at least use his best endeavours to  
" deserve it." " His best endeavours!" cries Western,  
" that he will, I warrant you. — Harkee, Allworthy, I'll  
" bet thee five pound to a crown we have a boy to-  
" morrow nine months: but prithee tell me what wut  
" ha! Wut ha Burgundy, Champaigne, or what? for  
" please Jupiter, we'll make a night on't." " Indeed,  
" Sir," said Allworthy, " you must excuse me: both  
" my nephew and I were engaged before I suspected this  
" near approach of his happiness." — " Engaged!"  
quoth the 'squire, " never tell me. — I won't part with  
" thee to-night upon any occasion. Shalt sup here,  
" please the Lord Harry." " You must pardon me,  
" my dear neighbour," answered Allworthy; " I have  
" given a solemn promise, and that you know I  
" never break." " Why, prithee, who art engaged to?"  
cries the 'squire. — Allworthy then informed him, as  
likewise of the company. — " Odzookers!" answered  
the 'squire, " I will go with thee, and so shall Sophy;  
" for I won't part with thee to-night; and it would be  
" barbarous to part Tom and the girl." This offer was  
presently embraced by Allworthy; and Sophia consented,  
having first obtained a private promise from her father,  
that he would not mention a syllable concerning her  
marriage.

C H A P. *The last.**In which the History is concluded.*

YOUNG Nightingale had been that afternoon, by appointment, to wait on his father, who received him much more kindly than he expected. There likewise he met his uncle, who was returned to town in quest of his new-married daughter.

This marriage was the luckiest incident which could have happened to the young gentleman; for these brothers lived in a constant state of contention about the government of their children, both heartily despising the method which each other took. Each of them therefore now endeavoured as much as he could to palliate the offence which his own child had committed, and to aggravate the match of the other. This desire of triumphing over his brother, added to the many arguments which Allworthy had used, so strongly operated on the old gentleman, that he met his son with a smiling countenance, and actually agreed to sup with him that evening at Mrs Miller's.

As for the other, who really loved his daughter with the most immoderate affection, there was little difficulty in inclining him to a reconciliation. He was no sooner informed by his nephew, where his daughter and her husband were, than he declared he would instantly go to her. And when he arrived there, he scarce suffered her to fall upon her knees, before he took her up, and embraced her with a tenderness which affected all who saw him; and in less than a quarter of an hour was as well reconciled to both her and her husband as if he had himself joined their hands.

In this situation were affairs, when Mr Allworthy and his company arrived to complete the happiness of Mrs Miller, who no sooner saw Sophia, than she guessed every thing that had happened; and so great was her friendship to Jones, that it added not a few transports to those she felt on the happiness of her own daughter.

There

There have not, I believe, been many instances of a number of people met together, where every one was so perfectly happy as in this company, amongst whom the father of young Nightingale enjoyed the least perfect content; for notwithstanding his affection for his son; notwithstanding the authority and arguments of All-worthy, together with the other motive mentioned before, he could not so entirely be satisfied with his son's choice; and perhaps the presence of Sophia herself tended a little to aggravate and heighten his concern, as a thought now and then suggested itself, that his son might have had that lady, or some such other. Not that any of the charms which adorned either the person or mind of Sophia created the uneasiness; it was the contents of her father's coffers which set his heart a-longing. These were the charms which he could not bear to think his son had sacrificed to the daughter of Mrs Miller.

The brides were both very pretty women; but so totally were they eclipsed by the beauty of Sophia, that had they not been two of the best tempered girls in the world, it would have raised some envy in their breasts; for neither of their husbands could long keep his eyes from Sophia, who sat at the table like a queen receiving homage, or rather like a superior being receiving adoration from all around her. But it was an adoration which they gave, not which she exacted; for she was as much distinguished by her modesty and affability as by all her perfections.

The evening was spent in much true mirth. All were happy, but those the most who had been most unhappy before. Their former sufferings and fears gave such a relish to their felicity, as even love and fortune in their fairest flow could not have given without the advantage of such a comparison. Yet as great joy, especially after a sudden change and revolution of circumstances, is apt to be silent, and dwell rather in the heart than on the tongue, Jones and Sophia appeared the least merry of the whole company; which Western observed with great impatience, often crying out to them, "Why do'st not talk, boy? Why do'st look so grave? Haft lost thy tongue, girl? Drink another glafs of wine, sha't drink another glafs." And the more to enliven her, he

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would sometimes sing a merry song, which bore some relation to matrimony, and the loss of a maidenhead. Nay, he would have proceeded so far on that topic, as to have driven her out of the room if Mr Allworthy had not checked him sometimes by looks, and once or twice by a "Fie! Mr Western." He began indeed once to debate the matter, and assert his right to talk to his own daughter as he thought fit; but as nobody seconded him, he was soon reduced to order.

Notwithstanding this little restraint, he was so pleased with the cheerfulness and good humour of the company, that he insisted on their meeting the next day at his lodgings. They all did so; and the lovely Sophia, who was now in private become a bride too, officiated as the mistress of the ceremonies, or in polite phrase, did the honours of the table. She had that morning given her hand to Jones, in the Chapel at Doctors-Commons, where Mr Allworthy, Mr Western, and Mrs Miller, were the only persons present.

Sophia had earnestly desired her father, that no others of the company, who were that day to dine with him, should be acquainted with her marriage. The same secrecy was enjoined to Mrs Miller, and Jones undertook for Allworthy. This somewhat reconciled the delicacy of Sophia to the public entertainment, which, in compliance with her father's will, she was obliged to go to, greatly against her own inclinations. In confidence of this secrecy, she went through the day pretty well, 'till the 'squire, who was now advanced into the second bottle, could contain his joy no longer, but filling out a bumper, drank a health to the bride. The health was immediately pledged by all present, to the great confusion of our poor blushing Sophia, and the great concern of Jones upon her account. To say truth, there was not a person present made wiser by this discovery; for Mrs Miller had whispered it to her daughter, her daughter to her husband, her husband to his sister, and she to all the rest.

Sophia now took the first opportunity of withdrawing with the ladies, and the 'squire sat in to his cups, in which, he was, by degrees, deserted by all the company,

except the uncle of young Nightingale, who loved his bottle as well as Western himself. These two, therefore, sat stoutly to it, during the whole evening, and long after that happy hour which had surrendered the charming Sophia to the eager arms of her enraptured Jones.

Thus, reader, we have at length brought our history to a conclusion, in which, to our great pleasure, though contrary perhaps to thy expectation, Mr Jones appears to be the happiest of all human kind : for what happiness this world affords equal to the possession of such a woman as Sophia, I sincerely own I have never yet discovered.

As to the other persons who have made any considerable figure in this history, as some may desire to know a little more concerning them, we will proceed, in as few words as possible, to satisfy their curiosity.

Allworthy hath never yet been prevailed upon to see Blifil, but he hath yielded to the importunity of Jones, backed by Sophia, to settle 200*l.* a year upon him ; to which Jones hath privately added a third. Upon this income he lives in one of the northern counties, about 200 miles distant from London, and lays up 200*l.* a year out of it, in order to purchase a seat in the next parliament from a neighbouring borough, which he has bargained for with an attorney. He hath also lately turned methodist, in hopes of marrying a very rich widow of that sect, whose estate lies in that part of the kingdom.

Square died soon after he writ the before-mentioned letter ; and as to Thwackum, he continues at his vicarage. He hath made many fruitless attempts to regain the confidence of Allworthy, or to ingratiate himself with Jones, both of whom he flatters to their faces, and abuses behind their backs. But in his stead, Mr Allworthy hath lately taken Mr Abraham Adams into his house, of whom Sophia is grown immoderately fond, and declares he shall have the tuition of her children.

Mrs Fitzpatrick is separated from her husband, and retains the little remains of her fortune. She lives in reputation at the polite end of the town, and is so good an economist, that she spends three times the income of her fortune,

fortune, without running indebt. She maintains a perfect intimacy with the lady of the Irish peer; and in acts of friendship to her repays all the obligations she owes to her husband.

Mrs Western was soon reconciled to her niece Sophia, and hath spent two months together with her in the country. Lady Bellafton made the latter a formal visit at her return to town, where she behaved to Jones as to a perfect stranger, and with great civility wished him joy on his marriage.

Mr Nightingale hath purchased an estate for his son in the neighbourhood of Jones, where the young gentleman, his lady, Mrs Miller, and her little daughter reside, and the most agreeable intercourse subsists between the two families.

As to those of lower account, Mrs Waters returned into the country, had a pension of 60l. a-year settled upon her by Mr Allworthy, and is married to parson Supple, on whom, at the instance of Sophia, Western hath bestowed a considerable living.

Black George hearing the discovery that had been made, run away, and was never since heard of; and Jones bestowed the money on his family, but not in equal proportions, for Molly had much the greatest share.

As for Partridge, Jones hath settled 50l. a-year on him; and he hath again set up a school, in which he meets with much better encouragement than formerly; and there is now a treaty of marriage on foot between him and Miss Molly Seagrim, which through the mediation of Sophia is likely to take effect.

We now return to take leave of Mr Jones and Sophia, who, within two days after their marriage, attended Mr Western and Mr Allworthy into the country. Western hath resigned his family-seat, and the greater part of his estate, to his son-in-law, and hath retired to a lesser house of his in another part of the country, which is better for hunting. Indeed he is often as a visitant with Mr Jones, who, as well as his daughter, hath an infinite delight in doing every thing in their power to please him. And this desire of theirs is attended with such success, that the old gentleman declares he was never

happy in his life till now. He hath here a parlour and anti-chamber to himself, where he gets drunk with whom he pleases ; and his daughter is still as ready as formerly to play to him whenever he desires it ; Jones hath assured her, that as next to pleasing her, one of his highest satisfactions is to contribute to the happiness of the old man ; so the great duty which she expresses and performs to her father renders her almost equally dear to him, with the love which she bestows on himself.

Sophia hath already produced him two fine children, a boy, and a girl, of whom the old gentleman is so fond, that he spends much of his time in the nursery, where he declares the tattling of his little grand-daughter, who is above a year and a half old, is sweeter music than the finest cry of dogs in England.

Allworthy was likewise greatly liberal to Jones on the marriage, and hath omitted no instance of shewing his affection to him and his lady, who love him as a father. Whatever in the nature of Jones had a tendency to vice, has been corrected by a continual conversation with this good man, and by his union with the lovely and virtuous Sophia. He hath also, by reflection on his past follies, acquired a discretion and prudence very uncommon in one of his lively parts.

To conclude ; as there are not to be found a worthier man and woman than this fond couple, so neither can any be imagined more happy. They preserve the purest and tenderest affection for each other, an affection daily encreased and confirmed by mutual endearments and mutual esteem ; nor is their conduct towards their relations and friends less amiable than towards one another : and such is their condescension, their indulgence, and their beneficence to those below them, that there is not a neighbour, a tenant, or a servant, who doth not most gratefully bleſs the day when Mr Jones was married to his Sophia.

F I N I S.

